#### SIXTY FIFTH LEGISLATURE - REGULAR SESSION

#### FIFTY SEVENTH DAY

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, March 5, 2018

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

March 3, 2018

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flags were escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Aspen Cates-Doglio and Zoha Ahmad. The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) led the Chamber in the Pledge of Allegiance. The prayer was offered by Pastor Ralf Kalms, Christ Lutheran Church, Lakewood, Washington.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) called upon Representative Lovick to preside.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the third order of business.

#### MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 3, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The President has signed:

SENATE BILL NO. 6207,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6214,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6221,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6222,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6229,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6230,
SENATE BILL NO. 6309,
SENATE BILL NO. 6319,
SENATE BILL NO. 6319,
SENATE BILL NO. 6369,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

March 3, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate concurred in the House amendment(s) to the following bills and passed the bills as amended by the House:

SENATE BILL NO. 5722, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6219, SENATE BILL NO. 6582,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6317,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

## INTRODUCTION & FIRST READING

SSB 6317 by Senate Committee on Agriculture, Water, Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Van De Wege, King, Rivers, Takko, Hasegawa and Saldaña)

AN ACT Relating to increasing commercial fishing license fees for nonresidents; amending RCW 77.65.150, 77.65.160, 77.65.170, 77.65.190, 77.65.200, 77.65.210, 77.65.220, 77.65.280, 77.65.340, 77.65.390, 77.65.440, 77.65.480, 77.65.510, and 77.12.453; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business was referred to the committee so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

## THIRD READING

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 1, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1896, with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that effective civics education teaches students how to be active, informed, and engaged citizens. The legislature recognizes that RCW 28A.150.210 identifies civics as one component of a basic education and that one-half credit in civics is required for high school graduation. The required civics content, however, may be embedded in another social studies course.

Civics requirements are meant to ensure that every student receives a high-quality civics education from kindergarten through twelfth grade. The legislature also recognizes, however, that two factors limit the effectiveness of civics education.

First, when the one-half civics credit is embedded in other courses rather than taught in a stand-alone civics course, the required content is easily diluted or ignored altogether. Pressure to emphasize other areas of the curriculum can relegate civics education to a lesser role

Second, professional development opportunities for teachers in civics education are rare. In many districts, due to limited budgets and competing demands for funding, opportunities for teachers to deepen instructional and curricular practices in civics do not exist.

The legislature, therefore, intends to: Require school districts to provide a mandatory stand-alone civics course for all high school students; and support the development of an in-depth and interactive teacher professional development program to improve the ability of teachers throughout the state to provide students with an effective civics education from kindergarten through twelfth grade. This expanded civics education program seeks to ensure that students have basic knowledge about national, state, tribal, and local governments, and that they develop the skills and dispositions needed to become informed and engaged citizens.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.230 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) Beginning with or before the 2020-21 school year, each school district that operates a high school must provide a mandatory one-half credit stand-alone

- course in civics for each high school student. Except as provided by (c) of this subsection, civics content and instruction embedded in other social studies courses do not satisfy the requirements of this subsection.
- (b) Credit awarded to students who complete the civics course must be applied to course credit requirements in social studies that are required for high school graduation.
- (c) Civics content and instruction required by this section may be embedded in social studies courses that offer students the opportunity to earn both high school and postsecondary credit.
- (2) The content of the civics course must include, but is not limited to:
- (a) Federal, state, tribal, and local government organization and procedures;
- (b) Rights and responsibilities of citizens addressed in the Washington state and United States Constitutions;
- (c) Current issues addressed at each level of government;
- (d) Electoral issues, including elections, ballot measures, initiatives, and referenda;
- (e) The study and completion of the civics component of the federally administered naturalization test required of persons seeking to become naturalized United States citizens; and
- (f) The importance in a free society of living the basic values and character traits specified in RCW 28A.150.211.
- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28A.415 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, an expanded civics education teacher training program is established within the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
- (2) The program must provide for the selection of a team of qualified social studies teachers, and when appropriate, civics education specialists, from across the state who will:
- (a) Develop teacher training materials using existing open educational resources (OERs) that include civics information on national, state, tribal,

and local government, and the civics component of the federally administered naturalization test required of persons seeking to become naturalized United States citizens;

- (b) Provide teacher training across the state, consistent with provisions in this chapter, and using the tools established by the office of the superintendent of public instruction including the college, career, and civic life (C3) framework and the six proven instructional practices for enhancing civic education; and
- (c) Provide professional learning opportunities as described in section 2(3), chapter 77, Laws of 2016, which states that professional learning shall incorporate differentiated, coherent, sustained, and evidence-based strategies that improve educator effectiveness and student achievement, including jobembedded coaching or other forms of assistance to support educators' transfer of new knowledge and skills into their practice.
- (3) The program shall assure an increase in the number of:
- (a) Teachers with the knowledge and skills to effectively engage students in civics education;
- (b) Students who have a basic understanding of how governments work; and
- (c) Students from every demographic and socioeconomic group who know their rights and responsibilities within society and are prepared to exercise them.
- (4) The office of the superintendent of public instruction may accept gifts and grants to assist with the establishment and implementation of the program established in this section.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall select two school districts that are diverse in size and in geographic and demographic makeup to serve as demonstration sites for enhanced civics education. These demonstration sites will:

- (1) Implement and assess an in-depth civics education program that includes the six proven instructional practices for enhancing civic education in kindergarten through twelfth grade classrooms;
- (2) Collaborate with programs and agencies in the local community in order to expand after-school and summer civics education opportunities;
- (3) Monitor and report the level of penetration of civics education in school and out-of-school programs;
- (4) Ensure that underserved students including rural, low-income, immigrant, and refugee students are prioritized in the implementation of programs;
- (5) Develop evaluation standards and a procedure for endorsing civics education curriculum that can be recommended for use in other school districts and out-of-school programs; and
- (6) Provide an annual report on the demonstration sites by December 1st each year to the governor and the committees of the legislature with oversight over K-12 education.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. RCW 28A.230.093 (Social studies course credits—Civics coursework) and 2009 c 223 s 3 are each repealed."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "schools;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 28A.230 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.415 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 28A.230.093."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House refused to concur in the Senate amendment to SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1896 and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 1, 2018

#### MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2610, with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 28A.235 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) (a) Except as provided otherwise in subsection (2) of this section, each school that participates in the national school lunch program, the school breakfast program, or both, shall annually distribute and collect an application for all households of children in kindergarten through grade twelve to determine student eligibility for free or reduced-price meals. If a parent or guardian of a student needs assistance with application materials in a language other than English, the school shall offer appropriate assistance to the parent or guardian.
- (b) If a student who, based on information available to the school, is likely eligible for free or reduced-price meals but has not submitted an application to determine eligibility, the school shall, in accordance with the authority granted under 7 C.F.R. Sec. 245.6(d), complete and submit the application for the student.
- (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to a school that provides free meals to all students in a year in which the school does not collect applications to determine student eligibility for free or reduced-price meals.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section
is added to chapter 28A.235 RCW to read
as follows:

(1) Local liaisons for homeless children and youths designated by districts in accordance with the federal McKinney-Vento homeless assistance act 42 U.S.C. Sec. 11431 et seq. must improve systems to identify homeless students and coordinate with the applicable school nutrition program to ensure that each homeless student has proper access to free school meals and that applicable accountability and reporting requirements are satisfied.

- (2) Schools and school districts shall improve systems to identify students in foster care, runaway students, and migrant students to ensure that each student has proper access to free school meals and that applicable accountability and reporting requirements are satisfied.
- (3) At least monthly, schools and school districts shall directly certify students for free school meals if the students qualify because of enrollment in assistance programs, including but not limited to the supplemental nutrition assistance program, the temporary assistance for needy families, and medicaid.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 28A.235 RCW to read as follows:

If a student has not paid for five or more previous meals, the school shall:

- (1) Determine whether the student is categorically eligible for free meals;
- submitted for the student to determine his or her eligibility for free or reduced-price meals, make no fewer than two attempts to contact the student's parent or guardian to have him or her submit an application; and
- (3) Have a principal, assistant principal, or school counselor contact the parent or guardian for the purpose of: (a) Offering assistance with completing an application to determine the student's eligibility for free or reduced-price meals; (b) determining whether there are any household issues that may prevent the student from having sufficient funds for school meals; and (c) offering any appropriate assistance.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall collect, analyze, and promote to school districts and applicable community-based organizations best practices in local meal charge policies that are required by the United States department of agriculture in memorandum SP 46-2016.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 28A.235 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop and implement a plan to increase the number of schools participating in the United department of agriculture States community eligibility provision for the 2018-19 school year and subsequent years. The office shall work jointly with community-based organizations national experts focused on hunger and nutrition and familiar with the community eligibility provision, at least two school representatives who have successfully implemented community eligibility, and the state agency responsible for medicaid certification. The plan must describe how the office of the superintendent of public instruction will:
- (a) Identify and recruit eligible schools to implement the community eligibility provision, with the goal of increasing the participation rate of eligible schools to at least the national average;
- (b) Provide comprehensive outreach and technical assistance to school districts and schools to implement the community eligibility provision;
- (c) Support breakfast after the bell programs authorized by the legislature to adopt the community eligibility provision;
- (d) Work with school districts to group schools in order to maximize the number of schools implementing the community eligibility provision; and
- (e) Determine the maximum percentage of students eligible for free meals where participation in the community eligibility provision provides the most support for a school, school district, or group of schools.
- (2) Until June 30, 2019, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall convene the organizations working jointly on the plan monthly to report on the status of the plan and coordinate outreach and technical assistance efforts to schools and school districts.
- (3) Beginning in 2018, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall report annually the number of schools that have implemented the community eligibility provision to the

legislature by September 1st of each
year. The report shall identify:

- (a) Any barriers to implementation;
- (b) Recommendations on policy and legislative solutions to overcome barriers to implementation;
- (c) Reasons potentially eligible schools and school districts decide not to adopt the community eligibility provision; and
- (d) Approaches in other states to adopting the community eligibility provision.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 11. This act may be known and cited as the hunger-free students' bill of rights act."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "rights;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding new sections to chapter 28A.235 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; and creating a new section."

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and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

## SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House refused to concur in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2610, and asked the Senate to recede therefrom

### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 27, 2018

#### MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2664, with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 12. RCW 53.08.005 and 2000 c 81 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Commission" means the Washington utilities and transportation commission.
- (2) (("Rural port district" means a port district formed under chapter 53.04 RCW and located in a county with an average population density of fewer than one hundred persons per square mile.
- (3))) "Telecommunications" has the same meaning as contained in RCW 80.04.010.
- (((4+))) (3) "Telecommunications facilities" means lines, conduits, ducts, poles, wires, cables, crossarms, receivers, transmitters, instruments, machines, appliances, instrumentalities and all devices, real estate, easements, apparatus, property, and routes used, operated, owned, or controlled by any entity to facilitate the provision of telecommunications services.
- ((<del>(5)</del>)) <u>(4)</u> "Wholesale telecommunications services" means the provision of telecommunications services or facilities for resale by an entity authorized to provide telecommunications services to the general public and internet service providers. Wholesale telecommunications services includes the provision of unlit or dark optical fiber for resale, but not the provision of lit optical fiber.
- Sec. 13. RCW 53.08.370 and 2000 c 81 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A ((rural)) port district in existence on June 8, 2000, may construct, purchase, acquire, develop, finance, lease, license, handle, provide, add to, contract for, interconnect, alter, improve, repair, operate, and maintain any telecommunications facilities within or without the district's limits for the following purposes:
  - (a) For the district's own use; and
- (b) For the provision of wholesale telecommunications services within or without the district's limits. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize (( $\frac{rural}{r}$ )) port districts to provide telecommunications services to end users.
- (2) ((A rural)) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, port district providing wholesale telecommunications services under this section shall ensure that rates, terms, and conditions for such services are not

- unduly or unreasonably discriminatory or preferential. Rates, terms, and conditions are discriminatory or preferential when a ((rural)) port district offering such rates, terms, and conditions to an entity for wholesale telecommunications services does not offer substantially similar rates, terms, and conditions to all other entities seeking substantially similar services.
- (3) When a ((rural)) port district establishes a separate utility function for the provision of wholesale telecommunications services, it shall account for any and all revenues and expenditures related to its wholesale telecommunications facilities and services separately from revenues and expenditures related to its internal telecommunications operations. Any revenues received from the provision of wholesale telecommunications services must be dedicated to the utility function that includes the provision of wholesale telecommunications services for costs incurred to build and maintain the telecommunications facilities until such time as any bonds or other financing instruments executed after June 8, 2000, and used to finance the telecommunications facilities are discharged or retired.
- (4) When a ((rural)) port district establishes a separate utility function for the provision of wholesale telecommunications services, all telecommunications services rendered by the separate function to the district for the district's internal telecommunications needs shall be charged at its true and full value. A ((rural)) port district may not charge its nontelecommunications operations rates that are preferential or discriminatory compared to those it charges entities purchasing wholesale telecommunications services.
- (5) A ((<del>rural</del>)) port district shall not exercise powers of eminent domain to acquire telecommunications facilities or contractual rights held by any other person or entity to telecommunications facilities.
- (6) Except as otherwise specifically provided, a ((rural)) port district may exercise any of the powers granted to it under this title and other applicable laws in carrying out the powers authorized under this section. Nothing in chapter 81, Laws of 2000 limits any

existing authority of a  $((\frac{rural}{}))$  port district under this title.

- (7) A port district under this section may select a telecommunications company to operate all or a portion of the port district's telecommunications facilities. For the purposes of this section, "telecommunications company" means any for-profit entity owned by investors that sells telecommunications services to end users. Nothing in this subsection (7) is intended to limit or otherwise restrict any other authority provided by law.
- (8) A port district that has not exercised the authorities provided in this section prior to the effective date of this act must develop a business case plan before exercising the authorities provided in this section. The port district must procure an independent qualified consultant to review the business case plan, including the use of public funds in the provision of wholesale telecommunications services. Any recommendations or adjustments to the business case plan made during third-party review must be received and either rejected or accepted by the port commission in an open meeting.
- (9) A port district exercising authority under this section must prioritize telecommunications services that promote the development of broadband internet access for unserved or underserved areas located within the port district's limits.
- (10) A port district with telecommunications facilities for use in the provision of wholesale telecommunications in accordance with subsection (1)(b) of this section may be subject to local leasehold excise taxes under RCW 82.29A.040.
- Sec. 14. RCW 53.08.380 and 2000 c 81 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A person or entity that has requested wholesale telecommunications services from a ((rural)) port district may petition the commission under the procedures set forth in RCW 80.04.110 (1) through (3) if it believes the district's rates, terms, and conditions are unduly or unreasonably discriminatory or preferential. The person or entity shall provide the district notice of its intent to petition the commission and an opportunity to review within thirty days

the rates, terms, and conditions as applied to it prior to submitting its petition. In determining whether a district is providing discriminatory or preferential rates, terms, conditions, the commission may consider such matters as service quality, technical feasibility of connection on the district's points telecommunications facilities, time of response to service requests, system capacity, and other matters reasonably related to the provision of wholesale telecommunications services. If the commission, after notice and hearing, determines that a ((rangle ural)) port district's rates, terms, and conditions unduly or unreasonably discriminatory or preferential, it shall issue a final order finding noncompliance with this section and setting forth the specific areas of noncompliance. An order imposed under this section shall be enforceable in any court of competent jurisdiction.

- (2) The commission may order a ((rural)) port district to pay a share of the costs incurred by the commission in adjudicating or enforcing this section.
- (3) Without limiting other remedies at law or equity, the commission and prevailing party may also seek injunctive relief to compel compliance with an order.
- (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the commission's authority and jurisdiction with respect to actions, proceedings, or orders permitted or contemplated for a state commission under the federal telecommunications act of 1996, P.L. 104-104 (110 Stat. 56)."

On page 1, line 4 of the title, after "infrastructure;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 53.08.005, 53.08.370, and 53.08.380."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House refused to concur in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2664 and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 28, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1377 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds that students' unmet mental health needs pose barriers to learning and development, and ultimately student success in school. The legislature further finds that the need to identify and assist students struggling with emotional and mental health needs has reached a serious level statewide. In order to prioritize students' needs first, the legislature finds that the persons most qualified in the school setting to lead the effort in addressing this epidemic are the school counselor, school social worker, and school psychologist. The legislature further finds that the knowledge-levels and skill-levels of these nonacademic professionals must be increased in order to enhance mental health-related student support services.

(2) The legislature further finds that in chapter 175, Laws of 2007, appropriate acknowledgment was given to the fact that a professional school counselor is not just a course and career guidance professional, but a certificated educator with unique qualifications and skills to address all students' academic, personal, social, and career development needs, and that school counselors serve a vital role in maximizing student achievement by supporting a safe learning environment and addressing the needs of all students through prevention and intervention programs that are part of a comprehensive school counseling program. The legislature finds, however, that despite the language in RCW 28A.410.043 that appropriately recognizes that the role of the school counselor multifaceted, with a focus upon students' mental health needs as well as career guidance needs, the reality in the schools is that counselor staffing levels are well below the national recommendations of one counselor to every two hundred fifty students. As a result, there are not enough counselors in the schools and many school counselors have been tasked primarily with course and

career guidance responsibilities at the expense of the mental health side of school counseling. Similarly, school psychologist staffing levels are below the national recommendations of one psychologist to every five hundred to seven hundred students when providing comprehensive school psychological services, and school social worker staffing levels are below the national recommendations of one school social worker to every two hundred fifty students, or one to every fifty students with intensive needs.

(3) The legislature further finds that school counselors, social workers, and psychologists interact with students on a daily basis, thus putting them in a good position to recognize the signs of emotional or behavioral distress and make appropriate referrals. The legislature finds that individuals entering these professions need proper preparation to respond to the mental health and safety needs of students. The legislature further finds that they need ongoing professional development to address students' mental health needs and get students the help they need. The legislature further finds that Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1336, which became chapter 197, Laws of 2013, increased the capacity of school districts and their personnel to recognize and respond to youth in need through comprehensive planning and additional training, but that additional opportunities for collaboration on a regular and ongoing basis are in order. By providing professional collaboration opportunities with local mental health service providers at the school district level to school counselors, social workers, and psychologists, legislature intends to take the next step toward enabling these professionals to recognize and respond with skill and confidence to the signs of emotional or behavioral distress that they observe in students and make the appropriate referrals to evidence-based behavioral health services.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 RCW to read as follows:

The school counselor works with developing and leading a comprehensive guidance and counseling program to focus on the academic, career, personal, and social needs of all students. School

psychologists carry out special education evaluation duties, among other things. School social workers promote and support students' health, academic, and social success with counseling and support, and by providing and coordinating specialized services and resources. All of these professionals are also involved in multitiered systems of support for academic and behavioral skills. These professionals focus on student mental health, work with at-risk and marginalized students, perform risk assessments, and collaborate with mental health professionals to promote student achievement and create a safe learning environment. In order that school counselors, social workers, and psychologists have the time available to prioritize these functions, in addition to other activities requiring direct student contact, responsibilities such as data input and data tracking should be handled by nonlicensed, noncertified staff, where possible.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28A.410 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A school psychologist is professional educator who holds a valid school psychologist certification as defined by the professional educator standards board. Pursuant to the national association of school psychologists' model for comprehensive and integrated school psychological services, school psychologists deliver services across psychologists deliver services ten domains of practice. Two domains permeate all areas of service delivery: Data-based decision making; consultation and collaboration. Five domains encompass direct and indirect services to children and their families: Student-level services, interventions, and instructional supports to develop academic skills; student-level interventions and mental health services to develop social and life skills; systems-level school-wide practices to learning; systems-level preventive and responsive services; and family school systems-level services. The three collaboration foundational domains include: Knowledge and skills related to diversity in development and learning; research and program evaluation; and legal and ethical practice.
- (2) A school social worker is a professional in the fields of social work

and education who holds a valid school social worker certification as defined by the professional educator standards board. The purpose and role of the school social worker is to provide an integral link between school, home, and community in helping students achieve academic and social success. This is accomplished by removing barriers and providing services that include: Mental health and academic counseling, support for students and parents, crisis prevention intervention, professional management, collaboration with other professionals, organizations, community agencies, and advocacy for students and parents. School social workers work directly with school administrators as well as students and families, at various levels and as part of an interdisciplinary team in the educational system, including at the building, district, and state level. School social workers provide leadership and professional expertise regarding the formation of school discipline policies and procedures, and through school-based health services, crisis implementation of mental management, the social-emotional learning, and other support services that impact student academic and social-emotional success. School social workers also facilitate community involvement in the schools while advocating for student success.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Within existing resources, beginning in the 2019-20 school year, first-class school districts provide a minimum of six hours of professional collaboration per year, preferably in person, for school counselors, social workers, psychologists that focuses on following: Recognizing signs emotional or behavioral distress in students, including but not limited to indicators of possible substance abuse, violence, and youth suicide, screening, accessing current resources, and making appropriate referrals. Teachers may also participate in this professional collaboration, as deemed appropriate and allowed by their building administrators. School districts that have mental health centers in their area shall collaborate with local licensed mental health service providers under chapter 71.24 RCW. Those districts

without a mental health center in their area shall collaborate via telephone or other remote means that allow for dialogue and discussion. collaborating with local providers in this manner, educational staff associates get to collaborate in short but regular segments, in their own schools or near school district facilities, and school districts are not put in a position that they must obtain otherwise expend substitutes or additional funds. This local connection will also help foster a connection between school personnel and the mental health professionals in the community to whom school personnel may make referrals, in line with the legislative intent expressed throughout Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1336, chapter 197, Laws of 2013, to form partnerships with qualified health, mental health, and social services agencies in the community to coordinate and improve support for youth in need and the directive to the department of social and health services with respect to the provision of funds for mental health first-aid training targeted at teachers and educational staff.

(2) Second-class districts are encouraged, but not required, to collaborate and provide the professional collaboration as provided in subsection (1) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the professional collaboration lighthouse grant program is established to assist school districts with early adoption and implementation of mental health professional collaboration time specified under section 4 of this act.

The superintendent of public instruction shall designate at least two school districts as lighthouse school districts to serve as resources and examples of best practices in designing and operating a professional collaboration program for school counselors, school social workers, school psychologists, and local licensed mental health service providers. The program must focus on recognizing signs of emotional or behavioral distress in students, for example indicators of possible substance abuse, violence, and youth suicide, screening, accessing

current resources, and making appropriate referrals.

- (3) The superintendent shall award grants to:
- (a) Each school district designated asa lighthouse district under subsection(2) of this section; and
- (b) At least four school districts wishing to implement mental health professional collaboration time, as specified under section 4 of this act, in the 2018-19 school year. In awarding the grants, the superintendent must prioritize an even mix of rural school districts and urban or suburban school districts.
- (4) Grant funds may be used for: Providing technical assistance to school districts implementing a professional collaboration program; designing and implementing professional a collaboration program; developing approaches for accessing resources external to a school collaborating with local licensed mental health service providers; identifying successful methods of communicating with students and parents; conducting site visits; and providing supplemental materials.
- (5) This section expires August 1, 2020.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act does not create any civil liability on the part of the state or any state agency, officer, employee, agent, political subdivision, or school district."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "services;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding new sections to chapter 28A.320 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1377 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Ortiz-Self and Harris spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1377, as amended by the Senate.

## **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1377, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 64; Nays, 34; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Caldier, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Doglio, Dolan, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Harris, Hudgins, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Kloba, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, McBride, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Wylie and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Chandler, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Dye, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Hayes, Holy, Irwin, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Manweller, Maycumber, McCaslin, Nealey, Orcutt, Pike, Rodne, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Taylor, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox and Young.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1377, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

# MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 27, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1452 with the following amendment:

On page 5, line 28, after "The" strike
""pathways scholarship" and insert
""student support pathways"

On page 6, at the beginning of line 30, strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

On page 6, beginning on line 32, after "the" strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

On page 6, at the beginning of line 36, strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

On page 7, line 6, after "account\_" strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

On page 7, line 9, after "account," strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

On page 7, line 15, after "the" strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

On page 9, beginning on line 15, after "the" strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

On page 9, line 29, after "scholarship," strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

On page 10, line 4, after "the" strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

On page 10, line 10, after "the" strike "pathways scholarship" and insert "student support pathways"

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to HOUSE BILL NO. 1452 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Holy and Hansen spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 1452, as amended by the Senate.

#### **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1452, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0: Excused. 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris,

McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1452, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 1, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1539 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature recognizes that every child should experience emotional and physical development that is free from abuse and neglect. In 2015, Washington child protective services received reports screened in for investigation that alleged the sexual abuse or sexual exploitation, or both, of two thousand six hundred three children. Further, the legislature finds that most sexual assaults are unreported. The legislature also finds that a clear relationship exists between youth victimization and mental health problems and delinquent behavior.
- (2) The legislature finds that thirtyone states have enacted Erin's laws.
  Erin's laws, named in honor of a
  childhood sexual assault survivor, are
  intended to help children, teachers, and
  parents identify sexual abuse, and to
  provide assistance, referral, or
  resource information for children and
  families who are victims of child sexual
  abuse. The legislation adopted in these
  states requires the study or development
  of age-appropriate child sexual abuse
  identification and prevention.
- (3) The legislature finds that the federal every student succeeds act, P.L. 114-95, as signed into law by President Barack Obama on December 10, 2015, provides federal funding that can be used for the implementation of programs established in accordance with Erin's laws.

- (4) The legislature, therefore, intends to incorporate curriculum for the prevention of sexual abuse of students in kindergarten through twelfth grade, such as Erin's law, into an existing statewide coordinated program for the prevention of child abuse and neglect.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.300.150 and 2006 c 263 s 705 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The superintendent of public shall collect instruction and disseminate to school districts information on and curricula for the coordinated program for the prevention of sexual abuse of students in kindergarten through twelfth grade, child abuse, and neglect ((prevention curriculum and)) established in RCW 28A.300.160. The superintendent shall also adopt rules ((<del>dealing with</del>)) <u>addressi</u>ng prevention of <u>sexual abuse of students in</u> kindergarten through twelfth grade and child abuse for purposes of ((curriculum use)) curricula used in ((the common)) public schools.
- (2) Effective July 1, 2018, the superintendent of public instruction and the ((departments of social and health services and community, trade, and economic development)) department of children, youth, and families shall share relevant information in furtherance of this section.
- (3) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, on or before June 30, 2019, the superintendent of public instruction must review any existing curricula related to the prevention of sexual abuse of students in kindergarten through twelfth grade. The review required by this subsection must evaluate the curricula for alignment with the provisions of RCW 28A.300.160(2).
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.300.160 and 1995 c 399 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) (a) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall be the lead agency and shall assist the department of ((social and health services, the department of community, trade, and economic development,)) children, youth, and families and school districts in

- establishing a coordinated ((primary prevention)) program for the prevention of sexual abuse of students in kindergarten through twelfth grade, child abuse, and neglect.
- (b) The office of the superintendent of public instruction must, for any curriculum included within a program for the prevention of sexual abuse of students in kindergarten through twelfth grade, seek advice and comments regarding the curriculum from:
- (i) The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs;
- (ii) The Washington association of prosecuting attorneys;
- (iii) The Washington state school directors' association;
- (iv) The association of Washington
  school principals;
- \_(v) The center for children and youth
  justice;
  - (vi) Youthcare;
  - (vii) The committee for children;
- (viii) The office of crime victim advocacy in the department of commerce; and
  - (ix) Other relevant organizations.
- (2) In developing the program, consideration shall be given to the following:
- (a) Parent, teacher, and children's workshops whose information and training is:
- (i) Provided in a clear, ageappropriate, nonthreatening manner, delineating the problem and the range of possible solutions;
- (ii) Culturally and linguistically appropriate to the population served;
- (iii) Appropriate to the geographic
  area served; and
- (iv) Designed to help counteract common stereotypes about the sexual abuse of students in kindergarten through twelfth grade, child abuse victims, and offenders;
- (b) Training for school-age children's
  parents and school staff, which includes:
- (i) Physical and behavioral indicators of abuse;
  - (ii) Crisis counseling techniques;

- (iii) Community resources;
- (iv) Rights and responsibilities
  regarding reporting;
- (v) School district procedures to facilitate reporting and apprise supervisors and administrators of reports; and
- (vi) Caring for a child's needs after a report is made;
- (c) Training for licensed day care providers and parents that includes:
- (i) Positive child guidance techniques;
- (ii) Physical and behavioral
  indicators of abuse;
- (iii) Recognizing and providing safe,
  quality day care;
  - (iv) Community resources;
- (v) Rights and responsibilities regarding reporting; and
- (vi) Caring for the abused or neglected child;
- (d) Training for children that includes:
- (i) The right of every child to live free of abuse;
- (ii) How to disclose incidents of abuse and neglect;
- (iii) The availability of support
  resources and how to obtain help;
- (iv) Child safety training and ageappropriate self-defense techniques; and
- (v) A period for crisis counseling and reporting immediately following the completion of each children's workshop in a school setting which maximizes the child's privacy and sense of safety.
- (3) The ((primary)) coordinated prevention program established under this section ((shall be)) is a voluntary program and ((shall not be)) is not part of the state's program of basic ((program of)) education.
- (4) Parents shall be given notice of the ((primary)) coordinated prevention program and may refuse to have their children participate in the program.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.230 RCW to read as follows:

Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall make the curriculum included under section 3(1)(b), chapter . . ., Laws of 2018 (section 3(1)(b) of this act) available on its web site.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2018, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "students;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28A.300.150 and 28A.300.160; adding a new section to chapter 28A.230 RCW; and creating new sections."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1539 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

### FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives McCabe and Santos spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1539, as amended by the Senate.

#### ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1539, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves,

Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1539, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 28, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1889 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature intends to create an independent and impartial office of the corrections to assist in strengthening ombuds procedures and practices that lessen the possibility of actions occurring within the department of corrections that may adversely impact the health, safety, welfare, and rehabilitation offenders, and that will effectively reduce the exposure of the department to litigation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, there is hereby created an office of corrections ombuds within the office of the governor for the purpose of providing information inmates and their families; promoting public awareness and understanding of the rights and responsibilities of inmates; identifying system issues and responses for the governor and the legislature to act upon; and ensuring compliance with relevant statutes, rules, and policies pertaining to corrections facilities, services, and treatment of inmates under the jurisdiction of the department.

The ombuds reports directly to the governor and exercises his or her powers and duties independently of the secretary.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 3. The definitions in this section apply throughout this

chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Abuse" means any act or failure to act by a department employee, subcontractor, or volunteer which was performed, or which was failed to be performed, knowingly, recklessly, or intentionally, and which caused, or may have caused, injury or death to an inmate.
- (2) "Corrections ombuds" or "ombuds" means the corrections ombuds, staff of the corrections ombuds, and volunteers with the office of the corrections ombuds.
- (3) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- (4) "Inmate" means a person committed to the physical custody of the department, including persons residing in a correctional institution or facility and persons received from another state, another state agency, a county, or the federal government.
- (5) "Neglect" means a negligent act or omission by any department employee, subcontractor, or volunteer which caused, or may have caused, injury or death to an inmate.
- (6) "Office" means the office of the corrections ombuds.
- (7) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of corrections.
- (8) "Statewide family council" means the family council maintained by the department that is comprised of representatives from local family councils.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the governor shall appoint an ombuds who must be a person of recognized judgment, objectivity, independence, integrity, and be qualified by training or experience in corrections law and policy. Prior to the appointment, the governor shall consult with, and may receive recommendations from, the appropriate committees of legislature, delegates of the statewide family council as selected by the members of the council, and other relevant stakeholders, regarding the selection of the ombuds.

- (2) The person appointed ombuds holds office for a term of three years and continues to hold office until reappointed or until his or her successor is appointed. The governor may remove the ombuds only for neglect of duty, misconduct, or the inability to perform duties. Any vacancy must be filled by similar appointment for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- (3) The ombuds may employ technical experts and other employees to complete the purposes of this chapter.

# <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** (1) The ombuds shall:

- (a) Establish priorities for use of the limited resources available to the ombuds;
- (b) Maintain a statewide toll-free telephone number, a collect telephone number, a web site, and a mailing address for the receipt of complaints and inquiries;
- (c) Provide information, as appropriate, to inmates, family members, representatives of inmates, department employees, and others regarding the rights of inmates;
- (d) Provide technical assistance to support inmate participation in selfadvocacy;
- (e) Monitor department compliance with applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, regulations, and policies as related to the health, safety, welfare, and rehabilitation of inmates;
- (f) Monitor and participate in legislative and policy developments affecting correctional facilities;
- (g) Establish a statewide uniform reporting system to collect and analyze data related to complaints received by the ombuds regarding the department;
- (h) Establish procedures to receive, investigate, and resolve complaints;
- (i) Establish procedures to gather stakeholder input into the ombuds' activities and priorities, which must include at a minimum quarterly public meetings;
- (j) Submit annually to the governor's office, the legislature, and the statewide family council, by November 1st of each year, a report that includes, at a minimum, the following information:

- (i) The budget and expenditures of the ombuds;
- (ii) The number of complaints received and resolved by the ombuds;
- (iii) A description of significant systemic or individual investigations or outcomes achieved by the ombuds during the prior year;
- (iv) Any outstanding or unresolved concerns or recommendations of the ombuds; and
- (v) Input and comments from stakeholders, including the statewide family council, regarding the ombuds' activities during the prior year; and
- (k) Adopt and comply with rules, policies, and procedures necessary to implement this chapter.
- (2)(a) The ombuds may initiate and attempt to resolve an investigation upon his or her own initiative, or upon receipt of a complaint from an inmate, a family member, a representative of an inmate, a department employee, or others, regarding any of the following that may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, and rights of inmates:
  - (i) Abuse or neglect;
- (ii) Department decisions or administrative actions;
  - (iii) Inactions or omissions;
- (iv) Policies, rules, or procedures;
  or
- (v) Alleged violations of law by the department that may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, and rights of inmates.
- (b) Prior to filing a complaint with the ombuds, a person shall have reasonably pursued resolution of the complaint through the internal grievance, administrative, or appellate procedures with the department. However, in no event may an inmate be prevented from filing a complaint more than ninety business days after filing an internal grievance, regardless of whether the department has completed the grievance process. This subsection (2)(b) does not apply to complaints related to threats of bodily harm including, but not limited to, sexual or physical assaults or the denial of necessary medical treatment.

- (c) The ombuds may decline to investigate any complaint as provided by the rules adopted under this chapter.
- (d) If the ombuds does not investigate a complaint, the ombuds shall notify the complainant of the decision not to investigate and the reasons for the decision.
- (e) The ombuds may not investigate any complaints relating to an inmate's underlying criminal conviction.
- (f) The ombuds may not investigate a complaint from a department employee that relates to the employee's employment relationship with the department or the administration of the department, unless the complaint is related to the health, safety, welfare, and rehabilitation of inmates.
- (g) The ombuds must attempt to resolve any complaint at the lowest possible level.
- (h) The ombuds may refer complainants and others to appropriate resources, agencies, or departments.
- (i) The ombuds may not levy any fees for the submission or investigation of complaints.
- (j) The ombuds must remain neutral and impartial and may not act as an advocate for the complainant or for the department.
- (k) At the conclusion of an investigation of a complaint, the ombuds must render a public decision on the merits of each complaint, except that the documents supporting the decision are subject to the confidentiality provisions of section 7 of this act. The ombuds must communicate the decision to the inmate, if any, and to the department. The ombuds must state its recommendations and reasoning if, in the ombuds' opinion, the department or any employee thereof should:
  - (i) Consider the matter further;
  - (ii) Modify or cancel any action;
- (iii) Alter a rule, practice, or ruling;
- (iv) Explain in detail the administrative action in question; or
  - (v) Rectify an omission.
- (1) If the ombuds so requests, the department must, within the time specified, inform the ombuds about any

action taken on the recommendations or the reasons for not complying with the recommendations.

- (m) If the ombuds believes, based on the investigation, that there has been or continues to be a significant inmate health, safety, welfare, or rehabilitation issue, the ombuds must report the finding to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature.
- (n) Before announcing a conclusion or recommendation that expressly, or by implication, criticizes a person or the department, the ombuds shall consult with that person or the department. The ombuds may request to be notified by the department, within a specified time, of any action taken on any recommendation presented. The ombuds must notify the inmate, if any, of the actions taken by the department in response to the ombuds' recommendations.
- (3) This chapter does not require inmates to file a complaint with the ombuds in order to exhaust available administrative remedies for purposes of the prison litigation reform act of 1995, P.L. 104-134.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) The ombuds must have reasonable access to correctional facilities at all times necessary to conduct a full investigation of an incident of abuse or neglect. This authority includes the opportunity to interview any inmate, department employee, or other person, including the person thought to be the victim of such abuse, who might be reasonably believed by the facility to have knowledge of the incident under investigation. Such access must be afforded, upon request by the ombuds, when:
- (a) An incident is reported or a complaint is made to the office;
- (b) The ombuds determines there is probable cause to believe that an incident has or may have occurred; or
- (c) The ombuds determines that there is or may be imminent danger of serious abuse or neglect of an inmate.
- (2) The ombuds must have reasonable access to department facilities, including all areas which are used by inmates, all areas which are accessible to inmates, and to programs for inmates at reasonable times, which at a minimum

must include normal working hours and visiting hours. This access is for the purpose of:

- (a) Providing information about individual rights and the services available from the office, including the name, address, and telephone number of the office;
- (b) Monitoring compliance with respect to the rights and safety of inmates; and
- (c) Inspecting, viewing, photographing, and video recording all areas of the facility which are used by inmates or are accessible to inmates.
- (3) Access to inmates includes the opportunity to meet and communicate privately and confidentially with individuals regularly, both formally and informally, by telephone, mail, and in person.
- (4) The ombuds has the right to access, inspect, and copy all relevant information, records, or documents in the possession or control of the department that the ombuds considers necessary in an investigation of a complaint filed under this chapter, and the department must assist the ombuds in obtaining the necessary releases for those documents which are specifically restricted or privileged for use by the ombuds.
- (5) Following notification from the ombuds with a written demand for access to agency records, the delegated department staff must provide the ombuds with access to the requested documentation not later than twenty business days after the ombuds' written request for the records. Where the records requested by the ombuds pertain to an inmate death, threats of bodily harm including, but not limited to, sexual or physical assaults, or the denial of necessary medical treatment, the records shall be provided within five days unless the ombuds consents to an extension of that time frame.
- (6) Upon notice and a request by the ombuds, a state or local government agency or entity that has records that are relevant to a complaint or an investigation conducted by the ombuds must provide the ombuds with access to such records.
- (7) The ombuds must work with the department to minimize disruption to the operations of the department due to ombuds activities and must comply with

the department's security clearance processes, provided those processes do not impede the activities outlined in this section.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) Correspondence and communication with the office is confidential and must be protected as privileged correspondence in the same manner as legal correspondence or communication.
- (2) The office shall establish confidentiality rules and procedures for all information maintained by the office.
- (3) The ombuds shall treat all matters under investigation, including the identities of recipients of ombuds services, complainants, and individuals from whom information is acquired, as confidential, except as far as disclosures may be necessary to enable the ombuds to perform the duties of the office and to support any recommendations resulting from an investigation. Upon receipt of information that by law is confidential or privileged, the ombuds shall maintain the confidentiality of such information and shall not further disclose or disseminate the information except as provided by applicable state or federal law or as authorized by subsection (4) of this section. All records exchanged and communications between the office of the corrections ombuds and the department to include the investigative record are confidential and are exempt from public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.
- (4) To the extent the ombuds
  reasonably believes necessary, the
  ombuds:
- (a) Must reveal information obtained in the course of providing ombuds services to prevent reasonably certain death or substantial bodily harm; and
- (b) May reveal information obtained in the course of providing ombuds services to prevent the commission of a crime.
- (5) If the ombuds believes it is necessary to reveal investigative records for any of the reasons outlined in section 4 of this act, the ombuds shall provide a copy of what they intend to disclose to the department for review and application of legal exemptions prior to releasing to any other persons. If the ombuds receives personally identifying information about individual corrections staff during the course of an

investigation that the ombuds determines is unrelated or unnecessary to the subject of the investigation or recommendation for action, the ombuds will not further disclose such information. If the ombuds determines that such disclosure is necessary to an investigation or recommendation, the ombuds will contact the staff member as well as the bargaining unit representative before any disclosure.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) A civil action may not be brought against any employee of the office for good faith performance of responsibilities under this chapter.
- (2) No discriminatory, disciplinary, or retaliatory action may be taken against a department employee, subcontractor, or volunteer, an inmate, or a family member or representative of an inmate for any communication made, or information given or disclosed, to aid the office in carrying out its responsibilities, unless the communication or information is made, given, or disclosed maliciously or without good faith.
- (3) This section is not intended to infringe on the rights of an employer to supervise, discipline, or terminate an employee for other reasons.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 9. Sections 1 through 8 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 43.131 RCW to read as follows:

The office of the corrections ombuds is terminated July 1, 2028, as provided in section 11 of this act.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 43.131 RCW to read as follows:

The following acts or parts of acts, as now existing or hereafter amended, are each repealed, effective July 1, 2029:

- (1) Section 1 of this act;
- (2) Section 2 of this act;
- (3) Section 3 of this act;
- (4) Section 4 of this act;

- (5) Section 5 of this act;
- (6) Section 6 of this act;
- (7) Section 7 of this act; and
- (8) Section 8 of this act."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "ombuds;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding new sections to chapter 43.131 RCW; and adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1889 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Pettigrew and Klippert spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1889, as amended by the Senate.

## **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1889, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 79; Nays, 19; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Caldier, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Doglio, Dolan, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Kloba, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Chandler, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Dye, Jenkin, Klippert, Kraft, McCaslin, Nealey, Orcutt, Pike, Schmick, Shea, Taylor, Van Werven, Vick and Young.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1889, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2015 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that it is in the public interest that taxation of lodging not distort the market for different types of lodging and that all types of lodging participate in the funding of the public benefits supported with lodging tax revenue.
- (2) The legislature further finds that, with respect to the lodging taxes levied under RCW 36.100.040 (4) and (5), the current significant disparity in the taxation of sales of lodging on premises having fewer than sixty lodging units compared to premises having sixty or more units is contrary to the public interest in both equitable taxation and adequately supporting the public benefits funded by lodging tax revenue.
- (3) It is the intent of this act to equalize the taxation levied under RCW 36.100.040 (4) and (5) by applying it to all lodging, regardless of the number of lodging units in premises subject to such taxation.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.100.040 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 24 s 702 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A public facilities district may impose an excise tax on the sale of or charge made for the furnishing of lodging that is subject to tax under chapter 82.08 RCW, except that no such tax may be levied on any premises having fewer than forty lodging units. Except for any tax imposed under subsection (4) or (5) of this section, if a public facilities district has not imposed such an excise tax prior to December 31, 1995, the public facilities district may only impose the excise tax if a ballot proposition authorizing the imposition of the tax has been approved by a simple majority vote of voters of the public facilities district voting proposition.

- (2) The rate of the tax may not exceed two percent and the proceeds of the tax may only be used for the acquisition, design, construction, remodeling, maintenance, equipping, reequipping, repairing, and operation of its public facilities. This excise tax may not be imposed until the district has approved the proposal to acquire, design, and construct the public facilities.
- (3) Except for a public facilities district created within a county with a population of one million five hundred thousand or more for the purpose of acquiring, owning, and operating a convention and trade center, a public facilities district may not impose the tax authorized in this section if, after the tax authorized in this section was imposed, the effective combined rate of state and local excise taxes, including sales and use taxes and excise taxes on lodging, imposed on the sale of or charge made for furnishing of lodging in any jurisdiction in the public facilities district exceeds eleven and one-half percent.
- (4) (a) To replace the tax authorized by RCW 67.40.090, a public facilities district created within a county with a population of one million five hundred thousand or more for the purpose of acquiring, owning, ((and)) operating, renovating, and expanding a convention and trade center may impose an excise tax on the sale of or charge made for the furnishing of lodging (including but not limited to any short-term rental) that is subject to tax under chapter 82.08 RCW, except that no such tax may be levied on:
  - (i) Any premises: ((<del>(a)</del>))
- - (B) Classified as a hostel;
- (ii) Any lodging that is concurrently subject to a tax on engaging in the business of being a short-term rental operator imposed by a city in which a convention and trade center is located; or
- (iii) Any lodging that is operated by a university health care system exclusively for family members of patients.
- (b) The rate of the tax may not exceed seven percent within the portion of the

- district that corresponds to the boundaries of the largest city within the public facilities district and may not exceed 2.8 percent in the remainder of the district. The tax imposed under this subsection (4) may not be collected prior to the transfer date defined in RCW 36.100.230.
- (5) To replace the tax authorized by RCW 67.40.130, a public facilities district created within a county with a population of one million five hundred thousand or more for the purpose of acquiring, owning, ((and)) operating, renovating, and expanding a convention and trade center may impose an additional excise tax on the sale of or charge made for the furnishing of lodging (including but not limited to any short-term rental) that is subject to tax under chapter 82.08 RCW, except that no such tax may be levied on any premises: (a) Having fewer than sixty lodging units if the premises is located in a town with a population less than three hundred; or (b) classified as a hostel. The rate of the additional excise tax may not exceed two percent and may be imposed only within the portion of the district that corresponds to the boundaries of the largest city within the public facilities district and may not be imposed in the remainder of the district. The tax imposed under this subsection (5) may not be collected prior to the transfer date specified in RCW 36.100.230. The tax imposed under this subsection (5) must be credited against the amount of the tax otherwise due to the state from those same taxpayers under chapter 82.08 RCW. The tax under this subsection (5) may be imposed only for the purpose of paying or securing the payment of the principal of and interest on obligations issued or incurred by the public facilities district and paying annual payment amounts to the state under subsection (6) (a) of this section. The authority to impose the additional excise tax under this subsection (5) expires on the date that is the earlier of (( $\frac{(a)}{H:\Delta TA}$ ) JOURNAL\Journal2018\LegDay057\(ii).docH :\DATA\2018
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JOURNAL\Journal2018\LegDay057\(ii).doc was not foundH:\DATA\2018 JOURNAL\Journal2018\LegDay057\(ii).doc was not found)) (ii) the date on which all obligations issued or incurred by the public facilities district to implement any redemption, prepayment, or legal defeasance of outstanding obligations under RCW 36.100.230(3)(a) are no longer outstanding.

- (6) (a) Commencing with the first full fiscal year of the state after the transfer date defined in RCW 36.100.230 and for so long as a public facilities district imposes a tax under subsection (5) of this section, the public facilities district must transfer to the state of Washington on June 30th of each state fiscal year an annual payment amount.
- (b) For the purposes of this subsection (6), "annual payment amount" means an amount equal to revenues received by the public facilities district in the fiscal year from the additional excise tax imposed under subsection (5) of this section plus an interest charge calculated on one-half the annual payment amount times an interest rate equal to the average annual rate of return for the prior calendar year in the Washington state local government investment pool created in chapter 43.250 RCW.
- (c)(i) If the public facilities district in any fiscal year is required to apply additional lodging excise tax revenues to the payment of principal and interest on obligations it issues or incurs, and the public facilities district is unable to pay all or any portion of the annual payment amount to the state, the deficiency is deemed to be a loan from the state to the public facilities district for the purpose of assisting the district in paying such principal and interest and must be repaid by the public facilities district to the state after providing for the payment of the principal of and interest on obligations issued or incurred by the public facilities district, all on terms established by an agreement between the state treasurer and the public facilities district executed prior to the transfer date. Any agreement between the state treasurer and the public facilities district must specify the term for the repayment of the deficiency in the annual payment amount with an interest rate equal to the twenty bond general

obligation bond buyer index plus one percentage point.

- (ii) Outstanding obligations to repay any loans deemed to have been made to the public facilities district as provided in any such agreements between the state treasurer and the public facilities district survive the expiration of the additional excise tax under subsection (5) of this section.
- (iii) For the purposes of this subsection (6)(c), "additional lodging excise tax revenues" mean the tax revenues received by the public facilities district under subsection (5) of this section.
- (7) A public facilities district is authorized to pledge any of its revenues, including without limitation revenues from the taxes authorized in this section, to pay or secure the payment of obligations issued or incurred by the public facilities district, subject to the terms established by the board of directors of the public facilities district. So long as a pledge of the taxes authorized under this section is in effect, the legislature may not withdraw or modify the authority to levy and collect the taxes at the rates permitted under this section and may not increase annual payment amount to be transferred to the state under subsection (6) of this section.
- (8) The department of revenue must perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the public facilities district at no cost to the district, and the state treasurer must distribute those taxes as available on a monthly basis to the district or, upon the direction of the district, to a fiscal agent, paying agent, or trustee for obligations issued or incurred by the district.
- (9) Except as expressly provided in this chapter, all of the provisions contained in RCW 82.08.050 and 82.08.060 and chapter 82.32 RCW have full force and application with respect to taxes imposed under the provisions of this section.
- (10) In determining the effective combined rate of tax for purposes of the limit in subsection (3) of this section, the tax rate under RCW 82.14.530 is not included.
- (11) The taxes imposed in this section do not apply to sales of temporary medical housing exempt under RCW 82.08.997.

- (12) (((a) For the purposes of this section,)) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- $((\frac{(b)}{(b)}))$   $\underline{(ii)}$  For the purpose of this subsection  $\underline{(12)(a)}$ , "hostel dormitory" means a single room, containing four or more standard beds designed for single-person occupancy, used exclusively as nonprivate communal sleeping quarters, generally for unrelated persons, where such persons independently acquire the right to occupy individual beds, with the operator supervising and determining which bed each person will occupy.
- (b) "Short-term rental" means a lodging use, that is not a hotel or motel, in which a dwelling unit, or portion thereof, that is offered or provided to a guest or guests by a short-term rental operator for a fee for fewer than thirty consecutive nights. The term "short-term rental" does not include:
- (i) A dwelling unit, or portion thereof, that is used by the same person for thirty or more consecutive nights; and
- (ii) A dwelling unit, or portion thereof, that is operated by an organization or government entity that is registered as a charitable organization with the secretary of state, state of Washington, and/or is classified by the federal internal revenue service as a public charity or a private foundation, and provides temporary housing to individuals who are being treated for trauma, injury, or disease and/or their family members.
- (13) Taxes authorized under subsections (4) and (5) of this section are deemed to have been imposed on December 1, 2000, for the purposes of RCW 82.14.410.
- (14) (a) Beginning on the date that the condition in (b) of this subsection is satisfied, a public facilities district created within a county with a population of one million five hundred thousand or

- more for the purpose of acquiring, owning, operating, renovating, and expanding a convention and trade center must make quarterly payments from tax revenue collected by a public facilities district as a result of the tax imposed in chapter . . ., Laws of 2018 (this act) to a city in which the convention and trade center is located that has authorized on or before December 31, 2017, a tax on engaging in the business of being a short-term rental operator. Such payments must be made no more than thirty days after the last day of each fiscal quarter and must equal the portion of the revenues received by the public facilities district during such fiscal quarter from the lodging taxes authorized under subsection (4) of this section that are determined by the department of revenue to be derived from the short-term rental activity within such city.
- (b) The public facilities district is not required to make any payments under this subsection (14) unless the city has repealed any ordinance authorizing a tax on engaging in the business of being a short-term rental operator.
- (c) The public facilities district is not required to make any payments to a city under this subsection (14), if the city, after satisfying the condition in (b) of this subsection imposes any tax specifically on the act of engaging in the business of being a short-term rental operator.
- (d) The proceeds of any payments made by a public facilities district to a city under this subsection (14) must be used by the city to support community-initiated equitable development and affordable housing programs, as determined by the city in its sole discretion.
- (15) Fifty percent of any tax revenue collected by a public facilities district as a result of the tax imposed in chapter . . ., Laws of 2018 (this act) must be distributed by the public facilities district to the county in which the convention and trade center is located. However, if a city has satisfied the condition in subsection (14)(b) of this section, payments made under this subsection to the county in which the convention and trade center is located must be calculated after deducting any payments made to a city under subsection (14) of this section from the total tax revenue received by the public facilities district as a result of the enactment of

chapter . . ., Laws of 2018 (this act). The proceeds of such payments to a county under this subsection (15) must be used by the county to support affordable housing programs, as determined by the county, in its sole discretion.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act takes effect October 1, 2018."

On page 1, line 4 of the title, after "dwellings;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 36.100.040; creating a new section; and providing an effective date."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2015 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

#### FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representative Frame spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Orcutt spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2015, as amended by the Senate.

# ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2015, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 53; Nays, 45; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Doglio, Dolan, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Hansen, Hudgins, Jinkins, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Kloba, Lovick, Lytton, Macri, McBride, Morris, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Wylie and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Dye, Eslick, Graves, Griffey, Haler, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Irwin, Jenkin, Johnson, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, MacEwen, Manweller, Maycumber, McCaslin, McDonald, McCabe,

Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Pike, Rodne, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Taylor, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox and Young.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2015, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 27, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2097 with the following amendment:

On page 2, line 26, after "part of a" strike "targeted" and insert "criminal"

On page 2, at the beginning of line 29, strike "clear"

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2097 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Stanford, Rodne and Manweller spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2097, as amended by the Senate.

#### **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2097, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick,

Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2097, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2276 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 77.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The department must provide notice and hold a public hearing prior to department personnel relocating or introducing any wolves, coyotes, lynx, bobcats, and animals defined as big game in RCW 77.08.030, where the action is intended for population enhancement.
- (2) (a) The notice of the public hearing must be made at least thirty days prior to the date of the hearing. The notice must state the public hearing date, time, and location, and provide a brief explanation of the department's proposed action. The brief explanation must include the species of wildlife, the estimated number of animals, the general location where the wildlife will be released, and the potential range the wildlife is likely to roam.
- (b) A press release of the notice of the public hearing must be sent to media outlets providing news services to the communities that are likely to be impacted by the wildlife's presence. The notice of the public hearing must be posted on the department's web site, and if possible, posted on a local government or community web site near where the wildlife will be relocated or introduced; and be provided in writing to the town, city, or county legislative members and the mayor or county executive of any location that is likely to be impacted by the presence of the wildlife.

(3) The public hearing must be open to the public and held within the community most likely to be impacted by the presence of the relocated or introduced wildlife. The presiding official department personnel must present information explaining the department's proposed actions and related management of the wildlife in sufficient detail to provide an understanding of the reasons for the proposed movement and potential impacts of the action in or near the community. The hearing must be conducted by the presiding official to afford interested persons the opportunity to present comments. Written or electronic submissions will also be accepted and included in the department's hearing record."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "location;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new section to chapter 77.12 RCW."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2276 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

#### FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Blake, Eslick and Taylor spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2276, as amended by the Senate.

#### **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2276, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves,

Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2276, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 28, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2685 with the following amendment:

On page 1, line 18, after "or both," insert "and employer-based preapprenticeship and youth apprenticeship programs,"

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

## SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2685 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

## FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Ortiz-Self and Harris spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2685, as amended by the Senate.

## ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2685, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves,

Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2685, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 1, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2692 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.43.380 and 2016 c 28 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The minimum monthly salary paid to state patrol troopers and sergeants ((on July 1, 2017, ) must be competitive with law enforcement agencies within the boundaries of the state of Washington, guided by the results of a survey undertaken in the collective bargaining process during ((<del>2016</del>)) each biennium. The salary levels ((on July 1, must be guided by the average of compensation paid to the corresponding rank from the Seattle police department, King county sheriff's office, Tacoma police department, Snohomish office, sheriff's Spokane police department, and Vancouver police department. Compensation must calculated using base salary, premium pay (a pay received by more than a majority employees), education pay, longevity pay. The compensation comparison is data based on Washington state patrol and the law enforcement agencies listed in section ((as of July 1, 2016)). Increases salary levels for captains lieutenants that are collectively bargained must be proportionate to the increases in salaries for troopers and sergeants as a result of the survey described in this section.

(2) By December 1, 2024, as part of the salary survey required in this section, the office of financial management must report to the governor and transportation committees of the

legislature on the efficacy of Washington state patrol recruitment and retention efforts. Using the results of the 2016 salary survey as the baseline data, the report must include an analysis of voluntary resignations of state patrol troopers and sergeants and a comparison of state patrol academy class sizes and trooper graduations.

(3) This section expires June 30, 2025."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "sergeants;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 43.43.380; and providing an expiration date."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2692 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Fey and Orcutt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2692, as amended by the Senate.

# ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2692, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 90; Nays, 8; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McBride, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Condotta, Graves, Jenkin, Manweller, McCaslin, Nealey and Taylor.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2692, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 1, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2779 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the children's mental health work group established in chapter 96, Laws of 2016 reported recommendations in December 2016 related to increasing access to adequate, appropriate, and culturally and linguistically relevant mental health services for children and youth. The legislature further finds that legislation implementing many of the recommendations of the children's mental health work group was enacted in 2017. Despite these gains, barriers to service remain and additional work is required to assist children with securing adequate mental health treatment. The legislature further finds that by January 1, 2020, the community behavioral health program must be fully integrated in a managed health system that provides behavioral and physical health care services to medicaid clients. Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to reestablish the children's mental health work group through December 2020 and to implement additional recommendations from the work group in order to improve mental health care access for children and their families.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  **Sec. 2.** (1) A children's mental health work group is established to identify barriers to and opportunities for accessing mental health services for children and families and to advise the legislature on statewide mental health services for this population.

(2) The work group shall consist of members and alternates as provided in this subsection. Members must represent the regional, racial, and cultural diversity of all children and families in the state. Members of the children's

mental health work group created in chapter 96, Laws of 2016, and serving on the work group as of December 1, 2017, may continue to serve as members of the work group without reappointment.

- (a) The president of the senate shall appoint one member and one alternate from each of the two largest caucuses in the senate.
- (b) The speaker of the house of representatives shall appoint one member and one alternate from each of the two largest caucuses in the house of representatives.
- (c) The governor shall appoint six members representing the following state agencies and offices: The department of children, youth, and families; the department of social and health services; the health care authority; the department of health; the office of homeless youth prevention and protection programs; and the office of the governor.
- (d) The governor shall appoint one
  member representing each of the
  following:
  - (i) Behavioral health organizations;
  - (ii) Community mental health agencies;
- (iii) Medicaid managed care
  organizations;
- (iv) A regional provider of cooccurring disorder services;
- (v) Pediatricians or primary care
  providers;
- (vi) Providers specializing in infant
  or early childhood mental health;
  - (vii) Child health advocacy groups;
- (viii) Early learning and child care
  providers;
- (ix) The evidence-based practice
  institute;
- (x) Parents or caregivers who have been the recipient of early childhood mental health services;
- (xi) An education or teaching institution that provides training for mental health professionals;
  - (xii) Foster parents;
- (xiii) Providers of culturally and linguistically appropriate health services to traditionally underserved communities;

- (xiv) Pediatricians located east of the crest of the Cascade mountains; and
  - (xv) Child psychiatrists.
- (e) The governor shall request participation by a representative of tribal governments.
- (f) The superintendent of public instruction shall appoint one representative from the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
- (g) The insurance commissioner shall appoint one representative from the office of the insurance commissioner.
- (h) The work group shall choose its cochairs, one from among its legislative members and one from among the executive branch members. The representative from the health care authority shall convene at least two, but not more than four, meetings of the work group each year.
  - (3) The work group shall:
- (a) Monitor the implementation of enacted legislation, programs, and policies related to children's mental health, including provider payment for depression screenings for youth and new mothers, consultation services for child care providers caring for children with symptoms of trauma, home visiting services, and streamlining agency rules for providers of behavioral health services;
- (b) Consider system strategies to improve coordination and remove barriers between the early learning, K-12 education, and health care systems; and
- (c) Identify opportunities to remove barriers to treatment and strengthen mental health service delivery for children and youth.
- (4) Staff support for the work group, including administration of work group meetings and preparation of the updated report required under subsection (6) of this section, must be provided by the health care authority. Additional staff support for legislative members of the work group may be provided by senate committee services and the house of representatives office of program research.
- (5) Legislative members of the work group are reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120. Nonlegislative members are not entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses if they are elected officials or are

- participating on behalf of an employer, governmental entity, or other organization. Any reimbursement for other nonlegislative members is subject to chapter 43.03 RCW.
- (6) The work group shall update the findings and recommendations reported to the legislature by the children's mental health work group in December 2016 pursuant to chapter 96, Laws of 2016. The work group must submit the updated report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2020.
- (7) This section expires December 30, 2020.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 74.09.495 and 2017 c 226 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) To better assure and understand issues related to network adequacy and access to services, the authority and the department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2017, and annually thereafter, on the status of access to behavioral health services for children birth through age seventeen using data collected pursuant to RCW 70.320.050.
- $((\frac{1}{2}))$   $\underline{(2)}$  At a minimum, the report must include the following components broken down by age, gender, and race and ethnicity:
- (a) The percentage of discharges for patients ages six through seventeen who had a visit to the emergency room with a primary diagnosis of mental health or alcohol or other drug dependence during the measuring year and who had a follow-up visit with any provider with a corresponding primary diagnosis of mental health or alcohol or other drug dependence within thirty days of discharge;
- (b) The percentage of health plan members with an identified mental health need who received mental health services during the reporting period; ((and))
- (c) The percentage of children served by behavioral health organizations, including the types of services provided( $(\div)$ );
- $((\frac{(2)}{2})$  The report must also include))  $\underline{(d)}$  The number of children's mental health providers available in the previous year, the languages spoken by

- those providers, and the overall percentage of children's mental health providers who were actively accepting new patients; and
- (e) Data related to mental health and medical services for eating disorder treatment in children and youth by county, including the number of:
  - (i) Eating disorder diagnoses;
- (ii) Patients treated in outpatient, residential, emergency, and inpatient care settings; and
- (iii) Contracted providers specializing in eating disorder treatment and the overall percentage of those providers who were actively accepting new patients during the reporting period.
- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 74.09 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The authority shall collaborate with the department of children, youth, and families to identify opportunities to leverage medicaid funding for home visiting services.
- (2) The authority must provide a set of recommendations relevant to subsection (1) of this section to the legislature by December 1, 2018, that builds upon the research and strategies developed in the Washington state home visiting and medicaid financing strategies report submitted by the authority to the department of early learning in August 2017.
- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 5. (1) By November 1, 2018, the department of children, youth, and families must:
- (a) Develop a common set of definitions to clarify differences between evidence-based, research-based, and promising practices home visiting programs and discrete services provided in the home;
- (b) Develop a strategy to expand home visiting programs statewide; and
- (c) Collaborate with the health care authority to maximize medicaid and other federal resources in implementing current home visiting programs and the statewide strategy developed under this section.

- (2) This section expires December 30, 2018.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 71.24.385 and 2016 sp.s. c 29 s 510 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Within funds appropriated by the legislature for this purpose, behavioral health organizations shall develop the means to serve the needs of people:
- (a) With mental disorders residing within the boundaries of their regional service area. Elements of the program may include:
  - (i) Crisis diversion services;
- (ii) Evaluation and treatment and community hospital beds;
  - (iii) Residential treatment;
- (iv) Programs for intensive community
  treatment;
- (v) Outpatient services, including family support;
  - (vi) Peer support services;
  - (vii) Community support services;
- (viii) Resource management services;
  and
- (ix) Supported housing and supported employment services.
- (b) With substance use disorders and their families, people incapacitated by alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals, and intoxicated people.
- (i) Elements of the program shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a continuum of substance use disorder treatment services that includes:
  - (A) Withdrawal management;
  - (B) Residential treatment; and
  - (C) Outpatient treatment.
- (ii) The program may include peer support, supported housing, supported employment, crisis diversion, or recovery support services.
- (iii) The department may contract for the use of an approved substance use disorder treatment program or other individual or organization if the secretary considers this to be an effective and economical course to follow.

- (2)(a) The behavioral organization shall have the flexibility, within the funds appropriated by the legislature for this purpose and the terms of their contract, to design the mix of services that will be most effective within their service area of meeting the needs of people with behavioral health disorders and avoiding placement of such individuals at the state mental hospital. Behavioral health organizations are encouraged to maximize the use of evidence-based practices and alternative resources with the goal of substantially reducing and potentially eliminating the use of institutions for mental diseases.
- (b) The behavioral health organization may allow reimbursement to providers for services delivered through a partial hospitalization or intensive outpatient program. Such payment and services are distinct from the state's delivery of wraparound with intensive services under the T.R. v. Strange and McDermott, formerly the T.R. v. Dreyfus and Porter, settlement agreement.
- (3) (a) Treatment provided under this chapter must be purchased primarily through managed care contracts.
- (b) Consistent with RCW 71.24.580, services and funding provided through the criminal justice treatment account are intended to be exempted from managed care contracting.
- Sec. 7. RCW 71.24.045 and 2016 sp.s. c 29 s 421 are each amended to read as follows:

The behavioral health organization shall:

- (1) Contract as needed with licensed service providers. The behavioral health organization may, in the absence of a licensed service provider entity, become a licensed service provider entity pursuant to minimum standards required for licensing by the department for the purpose of providing services not available from licensed service providers;
- (2) Operate as a licensed service provider if it deems that doing so is more efficient and cost effective than contracting for services. When doing so, the behavioral health organization shall comply with rules promulgated by the secretary that shall provide measurements to determine when a

behavioral health organization provided service is more efficient and cost effective;

- (3) Monitor and perform biennial fiscal audits of licensed service providers who have contracted with the behavioral health organization to provide services required by this chapter. The monitoring and audits shall be performed by means of a formal process which insures that the licensed service providers and professionals designated in this subsection meet the terms of their contracts;
- (4) Establish reasonable limitations on administrative costs for agencies that contract with the behavioral health organization;
- (5) Assure that the special needs of minorities, older adults, individuals with disabilities, children, and low-income persons are met within the priorities established in this chapter;
- (6) Maintain patient tracking information in a central location as required for resource management services and the department's information system;
- (7) Collaborate to ensure that policies do not result in an adverse shift of persons with mental illness into state and local correctional facilities;
- (8) Work with the department to expedite the enrollment or reenrollment of eligible persons leaving state or local correctional facilities and institutions for mental diseases;
- (9) Work closely with the designated crisis responder to maximize appropriate placement of persons into community services; ((and))
- (10) Coordinate services for individuals who have received services through the community mental health system and who become patients at a state psychiatric hospital to ensure they are transitioned into the community in accordance with mutually agreed upon discharge plans and upon determination by the medical director of the state psychiatric hospital that they no longer need intensive inpatient care; and
- (11) Allow reimbursement for time spent supervising persons working toward satisfying supervision requirements established for the relevant practice areas pursuant to RCW 18.225.090.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 74.09 RCW to read as follows:

Upon adoption of a fully integrated managed health care system pursuant to chapter 71.24 RCW, regional service areas:

- (1) Must allow reimbursement for time spent supervising persons working toward satisfying supervision requirements established for the relevant practice areas pursuant to RCW 18.225.090; and
- (2) may allow reimbursement for services delivered through a partial hospitalization or intensive outpatient program as described in RCW 71.24.385.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) The department of social and health services must convene an advisory group of stakeholders to review the parent-initiated treatment process authorized by chapter 71.34 RCW. The advisory group must develop recommendations regarding:
- (a) The age of consent for the behavioral health treatment of a minor;
- (b) Options for parental involvement in youth treatment decisions;
- (c) Information communicated to families and providers about the parent-initiated treatment process; and
- (d) The definition of medical necessity for emergency mental health services and options for parental involvement in those determinations.
- (2) The advisory group established in this section must review the effectiveness of serving commercially sexually exploited children using parent-initiated treatment, involuntary treatment, or other treatment services delivered pursuant to chapter 71.34 RCW.
- (3) By December 1, 2018, the department of social and health services must report the findings and recommendations of the advisory group to the children's mental health work group established in section 2 of this act.
- (4) This section expires December 30, 2018.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 28A.630.500 and 2017 c 202 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall establish a competitive application process to designate two educational service districts in which to pilot one lead staff person for children's mental health and substance use disorder services.
- (2) The office must select two educational service districts as pilot sites by October 1, 2017. When selecting the pilot sites, the office must endeavor to achieve a balanced geographic distribution of sites east of the crest of the Cascade mountains and west of the crest of the Cascade mountains.
- (3) The lead staff person for each pilot site must have the primary responsibility for:
- (a) Coordinating medicaid billing for schools and school districts in the educational service district;
- (b) Facilitating partnerships with community mental health agencies, providers of substance use disorder treatment, and other providers;
  - (c) Sharing service models;
- (d) Seeking public and private grant funding;
- (e) Ensuring the adequacy of other system level supports for students with mental health and substance use disorder treatment needs; ( $(\frac{and}{and})$ )
- (f) Collaborating with the other
  selected project and with the office of
  the superintendent of public
  instruction; and
- (g) Delivering a mental health literacy curriculum, mental health literacy curriculum resource, or comprehensive instruction to students in one high school in each pilot site that:
- (i) Improves mental health literacy in students;
- (iii) Aligns with the state health and physical education K-12 learning standards as they existed on January 1, 2018.
- (4) The office of the superintendent of public instruction must report on the results of the two pilot projects to the governor and the appropriate committees

- of the legislature in accordance with RCW 43.01.036 by December 1, 2019. The report must also include:
- (a) A case study of an educational service district that is successfully delivering and coordinating children's mental health activities and services. Activities and services may include but are not limited to medicaid billing, facilitating partnerships with community mental health agencies, and seeking and securing public and private funding; and
- (b) Recommendations regarding whether to continue or make permanent the pilot projects and how the projects might be replicated in other educational service districts.
- (5) This section expires January 1, 2020.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the child and adolescent psychiatry residency program at the University of Washington shall offer one additional twenty-four month residency position that is approved by the accreditation council for graduate medical education to one resident specializing in child and adolescent psychiatry. The residency must include a minimum of twelve months of training in settings where children's mental health services are provided under supervision of experienced psychiatric consultants and must be located west of the crest of the Cascade mountains.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. Section 11 of this act takes effect July 1, 2020."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "youth;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 74.09.495, 71.24.385, 71.24.045, and 28A.630.500; adding new sections to chapter 74.09 RCW; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and providing expiration dates."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

## SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2779 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Senn and Dent spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2779, as amended by the Senate.

#### ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2779, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 88; Nays, 10; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Caldier, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kretz, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Chandler, Jenkin, Kraft, Kristiansen, McCaslin, Pike, Shea, Taylor and Vick.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2779, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 1, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2824 with the following amendment:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that specific powers, duties, and functions of the state board of education and the superintendent of public instruction should be realigned to better serve students and families, educators, school districts, and schools both public and private.

The legislature recognizes that the board of education and superintendent of public instruction, with the support of the governor's office, convened roles a responsibilities task force to review their authorities and made recommendations to clarify and realign responsibilities among the agencies.

The legislature, therefore, intends to clarify, and in some cases shift, responsibilities related to private schools, educational service district boundaries, career and technical education equivalencies, adoption of learning standards, waiver of school district requirements, and compliance with basic education requirements.

#### PART I

EDUCATIONAL SERVICE DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

**Sec. 101.** RCW 28A.310.020 and 1994 sp.s. c 6 s 513 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((state board education)) superintendent of public instruction upon ((its)) his or her own initiative, or upon petition of any educational service district board, or upon petition least half of the superintendents within an educational service district, or upon request of the ((superintendent of public instruction)) state board of education, may make changes in the number and boundaries of educational service districts, including an equitable adjustment and transfer of any and all property, assets, and liabilities among the educational service districts whose boundaries and duties and responsibilities increased and/or decreased by changes, consistent with the purposes of PROVIDED, 28A.310.010: reduction in the number of educational service districts will take effect after June 30, 1995, without a majority approval vote by the affected school directors voting in such election by mail ballot. Prior to making any such changes, the ((state board)) superintendent of public instruction, or his or her designee, shall hold at least one public hearing on such proposed action and shall consider any recommendations on such proposed action.

The ((state board)) superintendent of public instruction in making any change

in boundaries shall give consideration to, but not be limited by, the following factors: Size, population, topography, and climate of the proposed district.

The superintendent of public instruction shall furnish personnel, material, supplies, and information necessary to enable educational service district boards and superintendents to consider the proposed changes.

#### PART II

#### PRIVATE SCHOOLS

**Sec. 201.** RCW 28A.195.010 and 2009 c 548 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature hereby recognizes that private schools should be subject only to those minimum state controls necessary to insure the health and safety of all the students in the state and to insure a sufficient basic education to meet usual graduation requirements. The state, any agency or official thereof, shall not restrict or dictate any specific educational or other programs for private schools except as hereinafter in this section provided.

((Principals)) The administrative or executive authority of private schools or ((superintendents of)) private school districts shall file each year with the state ((superintendent of public instruction)) board of education a statement certifying that the minimum requirements hereinafter set forth are being met, noting any deviations. The state board of education may request clarification or additional information. After review of the statement, the state ((superintendent)) board of education will notify schools or school districts of ((those)) any concerns, deficiencies, and deviations which must be corrected.  $\overline{\text{((In case of major))}}$  If there are any unresolved concerns, deficiencies, or deviations, the school or school district may request ((and)) or the state board of education on its own initiative may grant provisional status for one year in order that the school or school district may take action to meet the requirements. The state board of education shall not require private school students to meet the student learning goals, obtain a certificate of academic achievement, or a certificate of individual achievement to graduate from high school, to master the essential academic learning

requirements, or to be assessed pursuant to RCW 28A.655.061. However, private schools may choose, on a voluntary basis, to have their students master these essential academic learning requirements, take the assessments, and obtain a certificate of academic achievement or a certificate of individual achievement. Minimum requirements shall be as follows:

- (1) The minimum school year for instructional purposes shall consist of no less than one hundred eighty school days or the equivalent in annual minimum instructional hour offerings, with a school-wide annual average total instructional hour offering of one thousand hours for students enrolled in grades one through twelve, and at least four hundred fifty hours for students enrolled in kindergarten.
- (2) The school day shall be the same as defined in RCW 28A.150.203.
- (3) All classroom teachers shall hold appropriate Washington state certification except as follows:
- (a) Teachers for religious courses or courses for which no counterpart exists in public schools shall not be required to obtain a state certificate to teach those courses.
- (b) In exceptional cases, people of unusual competence but without certification may teach students so long as a certified person exercises general supervision. Annual written statements shall be submitted to the ((effice of the superintendent of public instruction)) state board of education reporting and explaining such circumstances.
- (4) An approved private school may operate an extension program for parents, guardians, or persons having legal custody of a child to teach children in their custody. The extension program shall require at a minimum that:
- (a) The parent, guardian, or custodian be under the supervision of an employee of the approved private school who is ((<del>certified</del>)) <u>certificated</u> under chapter 28A.410 RCW;
- (b) The planning by the ((eertified)) certificated person and the parent, guardian, or person having legal custody include objectives consistent with this subsection and subsections (1), (2), (5), (6), and (7) of this section;

- (c) The ((<del>certified</del>)) <u>certificated</u> person spend a minimum average each month of one contact hour per week with each student under his or her supervision who is enrolled in the approved private school extension program;
- (d) Each student's progress be evaluated by the ((eertified)) certificated person; and
- (e) The ((<del>certified</del>)) <u>certificated</u> employee shall not supervise more than thirty students enrolled in the approved private school's extension program.
- (5) Appropriate measures shall be taken to safeguard all permanent records against loss or damage.
- (6) The physical facilities of the school or district shall be adequate to meet the program offered by the school or district: PROVIDED, That each school building shall meet reasonable health and fire safety requirements. A residential dwelling of the parent, guardian, or custodian shall be deemed to be an adequate physical facility when a parent, guardian, or person having legal custody is instructing his or her child under subsection (4) of this section.
- (7) Private school curriculum shall include instruction of the basic skills of occupational education, science, mathematics, language, social studies, history, health, reading, writing, spelling, and the development of appreciation of art and music, all in sufficient units for meeting state board of education graduation requirements.
- (8) Each school or school district shall be required to maintain up-to-date policy statements related to the administration and operation of the school or school district.
- All decisions of policy, philosophy, selection of books, teaching material, curriculum, except as in subsection (7) of this section provided, school rules and administration, or other matters not specifically referred to in this section, shall be the responsibility of the administration and administrators of the particular private school involved.
- **Sec. 202.** RCW 28A.195.030 and 1974 ex.s. c 92 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Any private school may appeal the actions of the ((state superintendent of

 $\frac{\text{public instruction or}}{\text{education as provided in chapter }34.05\ \text{RCW.}$ 

**Sec. 203.** RCW 28A.195.060 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 275 s 70 are each amended to read as follows:

((It shall be the duty of)) The administrative or executive authority of every private school in this state (( $\frac{to}{to}$ )) must report to the (( $\frac{to}{to}$ ) superintendent of public instruction on or before the thirtieth day of June in each year, on (( $\frac{to}{to}$ )) forms to be furnished, such information as may be required by the superintendent of public instruction, to make complete the records of education work pertaining to all children residing within the state.

#### PART III

#### CTE COURSE EQUIVALENCY

- **Sec. 301.** RCW 28A.230.097 and 2014 c 217 s 204 and 2014 c 217 s 102 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Each high school or school district board of directors shall adopt course equivalencies for career and technical high school courses offered to students in high schools and skill centers. A career and technical course equivalency may be for whole or partial credit. Each school district board of directors shall develop a course equivalency approval procedure. Boards of directors must approve AP computer science courses as equivalent to high school mathematics or science, and must denote on a student's transcript that AP computer science qualifies as a mathbased quantitative course for students who take the course in their senior year. In order for a board to approve AP computer science as equivalent to high school mathematics, the student must be concurrently enrolled in or have successfully completed algebra II. Beginning no later than the 2015-16 school year, a school district board of directors must, at a minimum, grant academic course equivalency mathematics or science for a high school career and technical course from the list of courses approved by the ((state board of education)) superintendent of public instruction under RCW 28A.700.070, but is not limited to the courses on the list. If the list of courses is revised after

the 2015-16 school year, the school district board of directors must grant academic course equivalency based on the revised list beginning with the school year immediately following the revision.

Career and technical courses determined to be equivalent to academic core courses, in full or in part, by the high school or school district shall be accepted as meeting core requirements, including graduation requirements, if the courses are recorded on the student's transcript using the equivalent academic high school department designation and title. Full or partial credit shall be recorded as appropriate. The high school or school district shall also issue and keep record of course completion certificates that demonstrate that the career and technical courses were successfully completed as needed for industry certification, college credit, or preapprenticeship, as applicable. The certificate shall be part of the student's high school and beyond plan. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop and make available electronic samples of certificates of course completion.

**Sec. 302.** RCW 28A.230.010 and 2014 c 217 s 103 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) School district boards of directors shall identify and offer courses with content that meet or exceed:
  (a) The basic education skills identified in RCW 28A.150.210; (b) the graduation requirements under RCW 28A.230.090; (c) the courses required to meet the minimum college entrance requirements under RCW 28A.230.130; and (d) the course options for career development under RCW 28A.230.130. Such courses may be applied or theoretical, academic, or vocational.
- (2) School district boards of directors must provide high school students with the opportunity to access at least one career and technical education course that is considered equivalent to a mathematics course or at least one career and technical education course that is considered equivalent to a science course as determined by the office of the superintendent of public instruction ((and the state board of education)) in RCW 28A.700.070. Students may access such courses at high schools, interdistrict cooperatives, skill centers or branch or satellite skill

centers, or through online learning or applicable running start vocational courses.

- (3) (a) Until January 1, 2019, school district boards of directors of school districts with fewer than two thousand students may apply to the state board of education for a waiver from the provisions of subsection (2) of this section.
- (b) On and after January 1, 2019, school district boards of directors of school districts with fewer than two thousand students may apply to the superintendent of public instruction for a waiver from the provisions of subsection (2) of this section under section 504 of this act.

Sec. 303. RCW 28A.300.236 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 410 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction must create methodologies for implementing equivalency crediting on a broader scale across the state and facilitate its implementation including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) Implementing statewide career and technical education course equivalency frameworks authorized under RCW 28A.700.070 for high schools and skill centers in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics. This may include development of additional equivalency course frameworks in core subject areas, course performance assessments, and development and delivery of professional development for districts and skill centers implementing the career and technical education frameworks; and
- (b) Providing competitive grant funds to school districts to increase the integration and rigor of academic instruction in career and technical education equivalency courses. The grant funds must be used to support teams of general education and career and technical education teachers to convene and design course performance assessments, deepen the understanding of integrating academic and career and technical education in student instruction, and develop professional learning modules for school districts to

plan implementation of equivalency crediting.

- (2) Beginning in the 2017-18 school year, school districts shall annually report to the office of the superintendent of public instruction the following information:
- (a) The annual number of students participating in state-approved equivalency courses; and
- (b) The annual number of state approved equivalency credit courses offered in school districts and skill centers.
- (3) Beginning December 1, ((2017)) 2018, and every December 1st thereafter, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall annually submit ((a summary of the school district information reported under subsection (2) of this section)) the following information to the office of the governor, the state board of education, and the appropriate committees of the legislature:
- (a) The selected list of equivalent career and technical education courses and their curriculum frameworks that the superintendent of public instruction has approved under RCW 28A.700.070; and
- (b) A summary of the school district information reported under subsection (2) of this section.
- **Sec. 304.** RCW 28A.700.070 and 2014 c 217 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall support school district efforts under RCW 28A.230.097 to adopt course equivalencies for career and technical courses by:
- (a) Recommending career and technical curriculum suitable for course equivalencies;
- (b) Publicizing best practices for high schools and school districts in developing and adopting course equivalencies; and
- (c) In consultation with the Washington association for career and technical education, providing professional development, technical assistance, and guidance for school

- districts seeking to expand their lists of equivalent courses.
- (2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall provide professional development, technical assistance, and guidance for school districts to develop career and technical course equivalencies that also qualify as advanced placement courses.
- The ((<del>office of the</del>)) (3) superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with one or more technical working groups convened for this purpose, shall develop and, after an opportunity for public comment, approve curriculum frameworks for a selected list of career and technical courses that may be offered by high schools or skill centers whose content in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics is considered equivalent in full or in part to science or mathematics courses that meet high school graduation requirements. The content of the courses must be aligned with state essential academic learning requirements mathematics as adopted by the superintendent of public instruction in July 2011 and the essential academic learning requirements in science as adopted in October 2013, and industry standards. ((The office shall submit the list of equivalent career and technical courses and their curriculum frameworks to the state board of education for review, an opportunity for public comment, and approval.)) The first list of courses under this subsection must be developed and approved before the 2015-16 school year. Thereafter, the ((<del>office</del>)) <u>superintendent of public</u> instruction may periodically update or revise the list of courses using the process in this subsection.
- (4) Subject to funds appropriated for this purpose, ((the office of)) the superintendent of public instruction shall allocate grant funds to school districts to increase the integration and rigor of academic instruction in career and technical courses. Grant recipients are encouraged to use grant funds to support teams of academic and technical teachers using a research-based professional development model supported by the national research center for career and technical education. The ((office of the)) superintendent of public instruction may require that grant recipients provide matching resources

using federal Carl Perkins funds or other fund sources.

#### PART IV

#### LEARNING STANDARDS

- **Sec. 401.** RCW 28A.655.070 and 2015 c 211 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop essential academic learning requirements that identify the knowledge and skills all public school students need to know and be able to do based on the student learning goals in RCW 28A.150.210, develop student assessments, and implement the accountability recommendations and requests regarding assistance, rewards, and recognition of the state board of education.
- (2) The superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) Periodically revise the essential academic learning requirements, as needed, based on the student learning goals in RCW 28A.150.210. Goals one and two shall be considered primary. To the maximum extent possible, the superintendent shall integrate goal four and the knowledge and skill areas in the other goals in the essential academic learning requirements; and
- Review and prioritize the essential academic learning requirements and identify, with clear and concise descriptions, the grade level content expectations to be assessed on the statewide student assessment and used for state or federal accountability purposes. The review, prioritization, and identification shall result in more focus and targeting with an emphasis on depth over breadth in the number of grade level content expectations assessed at each grade level. Grade level content expectations shall be articulated over the grades as a sequence of expectations and performances that are logical, build with increasing depth after foundational knowledge and skills are acquired, and reflect, where appropriate, sequential nature of the discipline. The office of the superintendent of public instruction, within seven working days, shall post on its web site any grade level content expectations provided to an assessment vendor for use in constructing the statewide student assessment.

- (3) (a) In consultation with the state board of education, the superintendent of public instruction shall maintain and continue to develop and revise a statewide academic assessment system in the content areas of reading, writing, mathematics, and science for use in the elementary, middle, and high school years designed to determine if each student has mastered the essential academic learning requirements identified in subsection (1) of this section. School districts shall administer the assessments under guidelines adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. The academic assessment system may include a variety of assessment methods, including criterion-referenced and performancebased measures.
- (b) Effective with the 2009 administration of the Washington assessment of student learning and continuing with the statewide student assessment, the superintendent shall redesign the assessment in the content areas of reading, mathematics, and science in all grades except high school by shortening test administration and reducing the number of short answer and extended response questions.
- (c) By the 2014-15 school year, the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the state board of education, shall modify the statewide student assessment system to transition to assessments developed with a multistate consortium, as provided in this subsection:
- (i) The assessments developed with a multistate consortium to assess student proficiency in English language arts and mathematics shall be administered beginning in the 2014-15 school year. The reading and writing assessments shall not be administered by the superintendent of public instruction or schools after the 2013-14 school year.
- (ii) The high school assessments in English language arts and mathematics in (c)(i) of this subsection shall be used for the purposes of earning a certificate of academic achievement for high school graduation under the timeline established in RCW 28A.655.061 and for assessing student career and college readiness.
- (iii) During the transition period specified in RCW 28A.655.061, the superintendent of public instruction shall use test items and other resources

from the consortium assessment to develop and administer a tenth grade high school English language arts assessment, an endof-course mathematics assessment to assess the standards common to algebra I and integrated mathematics I, and an end-of-course mathematics assessment to assess the standards common to geometry and integrated mathematics II.

- (4) If the superintendent proposes any modification to the essential academic learning requirements or the statewide assessments, then the superintendent shall, upon request, provide opportunities for the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate to review the assessments and proposed modifications to the essential academic learning requirements before the modifications are adopted.
- (5) The assessment system shall be designed so that the results under the assessment system are used by educators as tools to evaluate instructional practices, and to initiate appropriate educational support for students who have not mastered the essential academic learning requirements at the appropriate periods in the student's educational development.
- (6) By September 2007, the results for reading and mathematics shall be reported in a format that will allow parents and teachers to determine the academic gain a student has acquired in those content areas from one school year to the next.
- (7) To assist parents and teachers in their efforts to provide educational support to individual students, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide as much individual student performance information as possible within the constraints of the assessment system's item bank. The superintendent shall also provide to school districts:
- (a) Information on classroom-based and other assessments that may provide additional achievement information for individual students; and
- (b) A collection of diagnostic tools that educators may use to evaluate the academic status of individual students. The tools shall be designed to be inexpensive, easily administered, and quickly and easily scored, with results provided in a format that may be easily shared with parents and students.

- (8) To the maximum extent possible, the superintendent shall integrate knowledge and skill areas in development of the assessments.
- (9) Assessments for goals three and four of RCW 28A.150.210 shall be integrated in the essential academic learning requirements and assessments for goals one and two.
- (10) The superintendent shall develop assessments that are directly related to the essential academic learning requirements, and are not biased toward persons with different learning styles, racial or ethnic backgrounds, or on the basis of gender.
- (11) The superintendent shall review available and appropriate options for competency-based assessments that meet the essential academic learning requirements. In accordance with the review required by this subsection, the superintendent shall provide a report and recommendations to the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate by November 1, 2019.
- (12) The superintendent shall consider methods to address the unique needs of special education students when developing the assessments under this section.
- $((\frac{(12)}{(12)}))$   $\underline{(13)}$  The superintendent shall consider methods to address the unique needs of highly capable students when developing the assessments under this section.
- $((\frac{(13)}{)}))$   $\underline{(14)}$  The superintendent shall post on the superintendent's web site lists of resources and model assessments in social studies, the arts, and health and fitness.
- $((\frac{(14)}{)})$   $\underline{(15)}$  The superintendent shall integrate financial education skills and content knowledge into the state learning standards pursuant to RCW 28A.300.460(2)(d).
- (16) (a) The superintendent shall notify the state board of education in writing before initiating the development or revision of the essential academic learning requirements under subsections (1) and (2) of this section. The notification must be provided to the state board of education in advance for review at a regularly scheduled or special board meeting and must include the following information:

- (i) The subject matter of the essential academic learning requirements;
- (ii) The reason or reasons the superintendent is initiating the development or revision; and
- (iii) The process and timeline that the superintendent intends to follow for the development or revision.
- (b) The state board of education may provide a response to the superintendent's notification for consideration in the development or revision process in (a) of this subsection.
- (c) Prior to adoption by the superintendent of any new or revised essential academic learning requirements, the superintendent shall submit the proposed new or revised essential academic learning requirements to the state board of education in advance in writing for review at a regularly scheduled or special board meeting. The state board of education may provide a response to the superintendent's proposal for consideration prior to final adoption.
- (17) The state board of education may propose new or revised essential academic learning requirements to the superintendent. The superintendent must respond to the state board of education's proposal in writing.

#### PART V

# WAIVER OF SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIREMENTS

- **Sec. 501.** RCW 28A.305.140 and 2012 c 53 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((The state board of education))
  (a) In accordance with the criteria adopted by the state board of education under subsection (2) of this section, the superintendent of public instruction may grant waivers to school districts from the provisions of RCW 28A.150.200 through 28A.150.220, except as provided in (b) of this subsection, on the basis that such waiver or waivers are necessary to ((÷
- (a))) implement successfully a local plan to provide for all students in the district an effective education system that is designed to enhance the educational program for each student. The local plan may include alternative ways

- to provide effective educational programs for students who experience difficulty with the regular education program( $(\div)$ ).
- (b) ((<del>Implement an innovation school or innovation zone designated under RCW 28A.630.081; or</del>
- (c) Implement a collaborative schools for innovation and success pilot project approved under RCW 28A.630.104.)) The state board of education shall have authority to grant waivers from the provisions of RCW 28A.150.220(3)(b) and to grant the waivers set forth in RCW 28A.230.090(1)(e)(ii), 28A.630.081, 28A.630.104, and 28A.655.180.
- (2) The state board of education shall adopt rules establishing the criteria to evaluate the need for ((the)) a waiver or waivers under this section.
- **Sec. 502.** RCW 28A.305.140 and 1990 c 33 s 267 are each amended to read as follows:
- ((The state board of education)) (1)(a) In accordance with the criteria adopted by the state board of education under subsection (2) of this section, the superintendent of public instruction may grant waivers to school districts from the provisions of RCW 28A.150.200 through 28A.150.220, except as provided in (b) of this subsection, on the basis that such waiver or waivers are necessary to implement successfully a local plan to provide for all students in the district an effective education system that is designed to enhance the educational program for each student. The local plan may include alternative ways to provide effective educational programs for students who experience difficulty with the regular education program.
- (b) The state board of education shall have authority to grant waivers from the provisions of RCW 28A.150.220(3)(b) and to grant the waivers set forth in RCW 28A.230.090(1)(e)(ii) and 28A.655.180.
- (2) The state board of education shall adopt rules establishing the criteria to evaluate the need for ((the)) a waiver or waivers under this section.
- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 503. A new section is added to chapter 28A.150 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) In addition to waivers authorized under RCW 28A.305.140 (as recodified by this act), the superintendent of public instruction, in accordance with the criteria in subsection (2) of this section and criteria adopted by the state board of education under subsection (3) of this section, may grant waivers of the requirement for a one hundred eighty-day school year under RCW 28A.150.220 to school districts that propose to operate one or more schools on a flexible calendar for purposes of economy and efficiency as provided in this section. The requirement under RCW 28A.150.220 that school districts offer minimum instructional hours may not be waived.
- (2) A school district seeking a waiver under this section must submit an application to the superintendent of public instruction that includes:
- (a) A proposed calendar for the school day and school year that demonstrates how the instructional hour requirement will be maintained;
- (b) An explanation and estimate of the economies and efficiencies to be gained from compressing the instructional hours into fewer than one hundred eighty days;
- (c) An explanation of how monetary savings from the proposal will be redirected to support student learning;
- (d) A summary of comments received at one or more public hearings on the proposal and how concerns will be addressed;
- (e) An explanation of the impact on students who rely upon free and reduced-price school child nutrition services and the impact on the ability of the child nutrition program to operate an economically independent program;
- (f) An explanation of the impact on employees in education support positions and the ability to recruit and retain employees in education support positions;
- (g) An explanation of the impact on students whose parents work during the missed school day; and
- (h) Other information that the superintendent of public instruction may request to assure that the proposed flexible calendar will not adversely affect student learning.
- (3) The state board of education shall adopt rules establishing the criteria to

- evaluate waiver requests under this section. A waiver may be effective for up to three years and may be renewed for subsequent periods of three or fewer years. After each school year in which a waiver has been granted under this section, the superintendent of public instruction must analyze empirical evidence to determine whether reduction is affecting student learning. If the superintendent of public instruction determines that student learning is adversely affected, the school district must discontinue the flexible calendar as soon as possible but not later than the beginning of the next school year after the superintendent of public instruction's determination.
- (4) The superintendent of public instruction may grant waivers authorized under this section to five or fewer school districts with student populations of less than five hundred students. Of the five waivers that may be granted, two must be reserved for districts with student populations of less than one hundred fifty students.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. A new section is added to chapter 28A.230 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The superintendent of public instruction may grant a waiver from the provisions of RCW 28A.230.010(2) based on an application from a board of directors of a school district with fewer than two thousand students.
- (2) The state board of education may adopt rules establishing the criteria to evaluate the need for a waiver or waivers under this section.
- **Sec. 505.** RCW 28A.300.545 and 2011 c  $45 \ \text{s} \ 2$  are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop a condensed compliance report form for second-class districts by August 1, 2011. The report form shall allow districts the option of indicating one of the following for each funded program:
- (a) The district has complied or received a ((state board of education approved)) waiver approved by the state board of education or superintendent of public instruction;

- (b) The district has not complied, accompanied by an explanation or the steps taken to comply; or
- (c) The district has received a grant for less than half of a full-time equivalent instructional staff.
- (2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction may conduct random audits of second-class districts that submit a condensed compliance report under RCW 28A.330.250. The purpose of the audit is to determine whether documentation exists to support a school district superintendent's condensed compliance report.
- **Sec. 506.** RCW 28A.655.180 and 2012 c  $53 ext{ s} ext{ 9}$  are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The state board of education(( $\tau$ where appropriate, or the superintendent of public instruction, where appropriate,)) may grant waivers to districts from the provisions of statutes or rules relating to: The length of the school year; student-to-teacher ratios; and other administrative rules that in the opinion of the state board of education (( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) the opinion of the superintendent of public instruction)) may need to be waived in order for a district to implement a plan for restructuring its educational program or the educational program of individual schools within the district or to implement an innovation school or innovation zone designated under RCW 28A.630.081 or to implement a collaborative schools for innovation and success pilot project approved under RCW 28A.630.104.
- (2) ((School districts may use the application process in RCW 28A.305.140 to apply for the waivers under this section.)) The state board of education may adopt rules establishing the waiver application process under this section.
- **Sec. 507.** RCW 28A.655.180 and 2009 c 543 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The state board of education(( $\tau$  where appropriate, or the superintendent of public instruction, where appropriate,)) may grant waivers to districts from the provisions of statutes or rules relating to: The length of the school year; student-to-teacher ratios;

- and other administrative rules that in the opinion of the state board of education ((or the opinion of the superintendent of public instruction)) may need to be waived in order for a district to implement a plan for restructuring its educational program or the educational program of individual schools within the district.
- (2) ((School districts may use the application process in RCW 28A.305.140 to apply for the waivers under this section.)) The state board of education may adopt rules establishing the waiver application process under this section.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 508. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

Beginning September 1, 2019, the superintendent of public instruction shall annually report to the state board of education and education committees of the house of representatives and the senate summaries of all waiver applications submitted to the superintendent of public instruction for the prior school year under RCW 28A.305.140 (as recodified by this act), sections 503 and 504 of this act, and RCW 28A.150.290, including the following information for each type of waiver:

- (1) The annual number of waiver applications the superintendent approved and did not approve;
- (2) A brief summary of each waiver request;
- (3) The reasons the superintendent approved or did not approve each waiver application; and
- (4) Links to the waiver applications posted on the superintendent's web site.

### PART VI

# COMPLIANCE WITH BASIC EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS

- **Sec. 601.** RCW 28A.150.250 and 2009 c 548 s 105 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) From those funds made available by the legislature for the current use of the common schools, the superintendent of public instruction shall distribute annually as provided in RCW 28A.510.250 to each school district of the state

a basic education operating instructional program approved by the state board of education an amount based on the formulas provided in RCW 28A.150.260, 28A.150.390, and 28A.150.392 which, when combined with an appropriate portion of such locally available revenues, other than receipts from federal forest revenues distributed to school districts pursuant to RCW 28A.520.010 and 28A.520.020, as the superintendent of public instruction may deem appropriate for consideration in computing state equalization support, excluding excess property tax levies, will constitute a basic education allocation in dollars for each annual average full-time equivalent student enrolled.

- (2) The instructional program of basic education shall be considered to be fully funded by those amounts of dollars appropriated by the legislature pursuant to RCW 28A.150.260, 28A.150.390, and 28A.150.392 to fund those program requirements identified in RCW 28A.150.220 in accordance with the formula provided in RCW 28A.150.260 and those amounts of dollars appropriated by the legislature to fund the salary requirements of RCW 28A.150.410.
- (3) (a) If a school district's basic education program fails to meet the basic education requirements enumerated in RCW 28A.150.260 and 28A.150.220, the state board of education ((shall require)) may recommend to the superintendent of public instruction ((to)) that the superintendent withhold state funds in whole or in part for the basic education allocation until program compliance is assured. However, the state board of education may waive this requirement in the event of substantial lack of classroom space.
- (b) If the state board of education recommends the withholding of a school district's basic education allocation under this subsection, the superintendent of public instruction may withhold the allocation of state funds in whole or in part for support of the school district. Written notice of the intent to withhold state funds, with reasons stated for this action, shall be made to the school district by the office of the superintendent of public instruction before any portion of the state allocation is withheld.

#### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 701. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
- (1) RCW 28A.305.141 (Waiver from one hundred eighty-day school year requirement-Criteria) and 2016 c 99 s 1, 2014 c 171 s 1, & 2009 c 543 s 2; and
- (2) RCW 28A.305.142 (Waiver from career and technical course equivalency requirement) and 2014 c 217 s 104.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 702. A new section is added to chapter 28A.305 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The transfer of powers, duties, and functions of the superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education pursuant to chapter . . ., Laws of 2018 (this act) do not affect the validity of any superintendent of public instruction or state board of education action performed before the effective date of this section.
- (2) If apportionments of budgeted funds are required because of the transfer of powers, duties, and functions directed by chapter . . ., Laws of 2018 (this act), the director of financial management shall certify the apportionments to the agencies affected, the state auditor, and the state treasurer. Each of these shall make the appropriate transfer and adjustments in funds and appropriation accounts and equipment records in accordance with the director's certification.
- (3) Unless otherwise provided, nothing contained in chapter . . ., Laws of 2018 (this act) may be construed to alter any existing collective bargaining unit or provisions of any existing collective bargaining agreement until the agreement has expired or until the bargaining unit has been modified by action of the personnel resources board as provided by law.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 703. RCW  $28\overline{\text{A.}}305.140$  is recodified as a section in chapter 28A.300 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. Section 506
of this act expires June 30, 2019.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 705. (1) Sections 201, 202, 501, 503, 504, and 701 of this act take effect January 1, 2019.

(2) Sections 502 and 507 of this act take effect June 30, 2019."

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "education;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending 28A.310.020, 28A.195.010, 28A.195.030, 28A.195.060, 28A.230.010, 28A.300.236, 28A.700.070, 28A.655.070, 28A.305.140, 28A.300.545, 28A.305.140, 28A.655.180, 28A.655.180, and 28A.150.250; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.230.097; adding a new section to chapter 28A.150 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.230 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.305 RCW; creating a new section; recodifying RCW 28A.305.140; repealing RCW 28A.305.141 28A.305.142; providing effective dates; and providing an expiration date."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2824 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Harris and Santos spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2824, as amended by the Senate.

## ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2824, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves,

Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2824, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

With consent of the House, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2824 was immediately transmitted to the Senate.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) called upon Representative Orwall to preside.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

### MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2367, with the following amendment:

On page 2, line 15, after "(e)", insert "One representative of the Washington state family child care association;

(f)"

Renumber the remaining subsections.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House refused to concur in the Senate amendment to and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1209 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 39.58.010 and 2016 c 152 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "Capitalization" means the measure or measures of capitalization, other than net worth, of a depositary applying for designation as or operating as a public depositary pursuant to this chapter, based upon regulatory standards of financial institution capitalization adopted by rule or resolution of the commission after consultation with the director of the department of financial institutions;
- (2) "Collateral" means the particular assets pledged as security to insure payment or performance of the obligations under this chapter as enumerated in RCW 39.58.050;
- (3) "Commission" means the Washington public deposit protection commission created under RCW 39.58.030;
- (4) "Commission report" means a formal accounting rendered by all public depositaries to the commission in response to a demand for specific information made by the commission detailing pertinent affairs of each public depositary as of the close of business on a specified date, which is the "commission report date." "Commission report due date" is the last day for the timely filing of a commission report;
- (5) "Depositary pledge agreement" means a tripartite agreement executed by the commission with a financial institution and its designated trustee. Such agreement shall be approved by the directors or the loan committee of the financial institution and shall continuously be a record of the financial institution. New securities may be pledged under this agreement in substitution of or in addition to securities originally pledged without executing a new agreement;
- (6) "Director of the department of financial institutions" means the Washington state director of the department of financial institutions;
- (7) "Eligible collateral" means the securities or letters of credit enumerated in RCW 39.58.050 (5), (6), and (7);
- (8) "Financial institution" means any national or state chartered commercial

- bank or trust company, savings bank, ((<del>or</del>)) savings association, <u>or federal or state chartered credit union</u>, or branch or branches thereof, located in this state and lawfully engaged in business;
- (9) "Investment deposits" means time deposits, money market deposit accounts, and savings deposits of public funds available for investment. "Investment deposits" do not include time deposits represented by a transferable or a negotiable certificate, instrument, passbook, or statement, or by book entry or otherwise;
- (10) "Liquidity" means the measure or measures of liquidity of a depositary applying for designation as or operating as a public depositary pursuant to this chapter, based upon regulatory standards of financial institution liquidity adopted by rule or resolution of the commission after consultation with the director of the department of financial institutions;
- (11) "Loss" means the issuance of an order by a regulatory or supervisory authority or a court of competent jurisdiction (a) restraining a public depositary from making payments of deposit liabilities or (b) appointing a receiver for a public depositary;
- (12) "Maximum liability," with reference to a public depositary's liability under this chapter for loss per occurrence by another public depositary, on any given date means:
  - (a) A sum equal to ten percent of:
- (i) All uninsured public deposits held by a public depositary that has not incurred a loss by the then most recent commission report date; or
- (ii) The average of the balances of said uninsured public deposits on the last four immediately preceding reports required pursuant to RCW 39.58.100, whichever amount is greater; or
- (b) Such other sum or measure as the commission may from time to time set by resolution according to criteria established by rule, consistent with the commission's broad administrative discretion to achieve the objective of RCW 39.58.020.
- As long as the uninsured public deposits of a public depositary are one hundred percent collateralized by eligible collateral as provided for in RCW 39.58.050, the "maximum liability" of

a public depositary that has not incurred a loss may not exceed the amount set forth in (a) of this subsection.

This definition of "maximum liability" does not limit the authority of the commission to adjust the collateral requirements of public depositaries pursuant to RCW 39.58.040;

- "Net worth" of a public (13)depositary means (a) the equity capital as reported to its primary regulatory authority on the quarterly report of condition or statement of condition, or other required report required by its primary regulatory authority or federal deposit insurer, and may include capital notes and debentures which are subordinate to the interests οf depositors, or (b) equity capital adjusted by rule or resolution of the commission after consultation with the director of the department of financial institutions;
- (14) "Public deposit" means public funds on deposit with a public depositary;
- (15) "Public depositary" means a financial institution that has been approved by the commission to hold public deposits, and has segregated, for the benefit of the commission, eligible collateral having a value of not less than its maximum liability((, and, unless otherwise provided for in this chapter, does not claim exemption from the payment of any sales or compensating use or ad valorem taxes under the laws of this state));
- (16) "Public funds" means moneys under the control of a treasurer, the state treasurer, or custodian belonging to, or held for the benefit of, the state or any of its political subdivisions, public corporations, municipal corporations, agencies, courts, boards, commissions, or committees, including moneys held as trustee, agent, or bailee belonging to, or held for the benefit of, the state or any of its political subdivisions, public corporations, municipal corporations, agencies, courts, boards, commissions, or committees;
- (17) "Public funds available for investment" means such public funds as are in excess of the anticipated cash needs throughout the duration of the contemplated investment period;
- (18) "State public depositary" means a Washington state-chartered financial

- institution that is authorized as a public depositary under this chapter;
- (19) "State treasurer" means the treasurer of the state of Washington;
- (20) "Treasurer" means a county treasurer, a city treasurer, a treasurer of any other municipal corporation, and any other custodian of public funds, except the state treasurer;
- (21) "Trustee" means a third-party safekeeping agent which has completed a depositary pledge agreement with a public depositary and the commission. Such third-party safekeeping agent may be a federal home loan bank, or such other third-party safekeeping agent approved by the commission.
- Sec. 2. RCW 39.58.105 and 2016 c 152 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The commission may require the state auditor or the director of the department of financial institutions, to the extent of their respective authority under applicable federal and Washington state law, to thoroughly investigate and report to it concerning the condition of any financial institution which makes application to become a public depositary, and may also as often as it deems necessary require the state auditor or the director of the department of financial institutions, to the extent of their respective authority under applicable federal and Washington state law, to make such investigation and report concerning the condition of any financial institution which has been designated as a public depositary. The expense of all such investigations or reports shall be borne by the financial institution examined.
- (2) In lieu of any such investigation or report, the commission may rely upon information made available to it or the director of the department of financial institutions by the office of the comptroller of the currency, the national credit union administration, the federal deposit insurance corporation, the federal reserve board, any state financial institutions regulatory agency, or any successor state or federal financial institutions regulatory agency, and any such information or data received by the commission shall be kept and maintained in the same manner and have the same protections as examination reports received by the commission from

the director of the department of financial institutions pursuant to RCW 30A.04.075(2)(h)  $((\frac{and}{and}))_{\underline{L}}$  32.04.220(2)(h), and 31.12.565(2)(j).

(3) The director of the department of financial institutions shall in addition advise the commission of any action he or she has directed any state public depositary to take which will result in a reduction of greater than ten percent of the net worth of such depositary as shown on the most recent report it submitted pursuant to RCW 39.58.100.

# Sec. 3. RCW 39.58.240 and 2012 c 26 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

((1) Solely for the purpose of receiving public deposits that may total no more than the maximum deposit insured by the national credit union share insurance fund, a credit union is a public depositary subject to RCW 39.58.040 and 39.58.100. The maximum deposit applies to all funds attributable to any one depositor of public funds in any one credit union. A credit union is not a public depositary for any other purpose under this chapter, including but not limited to inclusion in the single public depositary pool under RCW 39.58.200.

(2) For the purposes of this section, a credit union includes a state chartered eredit union chartered under chapter 31.12 RCW, or a credit union chartered under federal law.)) A credit union may only accept deposits greater than the maximum insured amount from a public funds depositor that either is a county with a population of three hundred thousand persons or less or is a public funds depositor located within a county with a population of three hundred thousand persons or less."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "services;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 39.58.010, 39.58.105, and 39.58.240."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1209 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

### FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Bergquist and Vick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Buys spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1209, as amended by the Senate.

# ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1209, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 88; Nays, 10; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Dye, Haler, Hayes, Johnson, Klippert, Rodne, Schmick, Smith and Wilcox.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1209, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1209.

Representative Dye, 9 District

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1561 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 28B.10 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Campus coordinator" means a designated facilitator to promote, assist, and support the creation of open educational resources by establishing and coordinating training seminars, creating workshops, helping faculty and staff identify available resources and funding, and cataloging and evaluating open educational resources used or created by an institution of higher education's faculty.
- (b) "Open educational resources" means freely accessible, openly licensed educational textbooks, documents, materials, and media that reside in the public domain for free use and repurposing for the intention of teaching, learning, assessing, and researching.
- (2) (a) Subject to availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the student achievement council shall administer the open educational resources grant pilot program for the four-year institutions of higher education. A grant received under the pilot program must be used for either (a) (i) or (ii) of this subsection, or both:
- (i) Create a designated campus coordinator who will be the campus lead and centralized contact regarding open educational resources; or
- (ii) Support faculty to adopt and modify, or create new, open educational resources for the purpose of reducing students' cost of attendance. Grant dollars may not be used to duplicate open educational resources that are already free and publicly available.
- (b) The student achievement council shall develop an application form for the grant, a process for reviewing and selecting grant applicants, a process for awarding grant funding, and a process for the grant awardee to report back to the student achievement council on the use of the grant. The student achievement council shall prioritize applications that estimate the highest cost reduction to students, whether it be on an individual basis or across a field of study or the institution.

- (c) The student achievement council shall determine how many grants may be awarded based on the funding received for the pilot program.
- (d) In addition to the grant program, the student achievement council shall conduct outreach to other states and higher education agencies to identify whether there is interest in establishing a multistate open educational resources network to facilitate and establish a platform for peer review, coordinating, and sharing of open educational resources.
- (e) The student achievement council shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature in accordance with the reporting requirements in RCW 43.01.036 by December 1, 2019, on the open educational resources grant pilot program and on the outreach conducted regarding a multistate open educational resources network. The report must include information on the number of grant applications received, the number of grants awarded, and an evaluation of how the grants were used to expand the use of open educational resources. In addition, the report must include how the student achievement council conducted outreach to other states on the concept of a multistate open educational resources network and the feedback from those
- (3) By December 1, 2019, the Washington state institute for public policy shall conduct a study on the cost of textbooks and course materials and the use of open educational resources at four-year institutions of higher education across the state and submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature in accordance with RCW 43.01.036. The institute shall conduct outreach to relevant stakeholders, representatives of including publishing community, prior to drafting their final report. To the extent data are available, the study should address:
- (a) The types of and average cost per student for required textbooks and course materials, including digital access codes and bundled items, in the state, at each four-year institution of higher education, and in specific degree programs;
- (b) The use of open educational resources at four-year institutions of

higher education and in specific degree programs or courses, or both; and

- (c) Any other information regarding textbooks, course materials, or best practices in the development and dissemination of open educational resources that the Washington state institute for public policy deems relevant.
- (4) This section expires June 30, 2022.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.300.803 and 2012 c 178 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) (a) Subject to availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the superintendent of public instruction shall take the lead in identifying and developing a library of openly licensed courseware aligned with the common core state standards and placed under an attribution license, registered by a nonprofit or for-profit organization with domain expertise in open courseware, that allows others to use, distribute, and create derivative works based upon the digital material, while still allowing the authors or creators to retain the copyright and to receive credit for their efforts.
- (b) During the course of identification and development of a library of openly licensed courseware, the superintendent:
- (i) May contract with third parties for all or part of the development;
- (ii) May adopt or adapt existing high
  quality openly licensed K-12 courseware
  aligned with the common core state
  standards;
- (iii) May consider multiple sources of openly licensed courseware;
- (iv) Must use best efforts to seek additional outside funding by actively partnering with private organizations;
- (v) Must work collaboratively with other states that have adopted the common core state standards and collectively share results; and
- (vi) Must include input from classroom practitioners, including teacher-librarians as defined by RCW 28A.320.240, in the results reported under subsection (2) (d) of this section.

- (2) The superintendent of public instruction must also:
- (a) Advertise to school districts the availability of openly licensed courseware, with an emphasis on the fact that the courseware is available at no cost to the districts;
- (b) Identify an open courseware repository to which openly licensed courseware identified and developed under this section may be submitted, in which openly licensed courseware may be housed, and from which openly licensed courseware may be easily accessed, all at no cost to school districts;
- (c) Provide professional development programs that offer support, guidance, and instruction regarding the creation, use, and continuous improvement of open courseware; and
- (d) Report to the governor and the education committees of the legislature on a biennial basis, beginning December 1, 2013, and ending December 1, 2017, regarding identification and development of a library of openly licensed courseware aligned with the common core state standards and placed under an attribution license, use by school districts of openly licensed courseware, and professional development programs provided.
- (3) School districts may, but are not required to, use any of the openly licensed courseware.
- (4) As used in this section, "courseware" includes the course syllabus, scope and sequence, instructional materials, modules, textbooks, including the teacher's edition, student guides, supplemental materials, formative and summative assessment supports, research articles, research data, laboratory activities, simulations, videos, open-ended inquiry activities, and any other educationally useful materials.
- (5) The open educational resources account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from funds collected under this section must be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only for the development of openly licensed courseware as described in this section. Only the superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to

allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

 $((\frac{(6)}{\text{This section expires June }30_{7}}$  $\frac{2018.}{}))$ 

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2018, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "resources;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28A.300.803; adding a new section to chapter 28B.10 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1561 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Frame and Stambaugh spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1561, as amended by the Senate.

#### **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1561, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 81; Nays, 17; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harris, Hayes, Hudgins, Irwin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Kloba, Kraft, Lovick, Lytton, Macri, Manweller, McBride, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger,

Valdez, Van Werven, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Dent, Harmsworth, Holy, Jenkin, Klippert, Kretz, Kristiansen, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, Orcutt, Shea, Taylor, Vick, Volz and Walsh.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1561, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2424 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) This section is the tax preference performance statement for the tax preference contained in section 108, chapter 28, Laws of 2017 3rd sess. sp. performance statement is only intended to be used for subsequent evaluation of the tax preferences. It is not intended to create a private right of action by any party or to be used to determine eligibility preferential for treatment.
- (2) The legislature categorizes this tax preference as one intended to induce certain designated behavior by taxpayers and improve industry competitiveness, as indicated in RCW 82.32.808(2) (a) and (b).
- (3) If a review finds that there is an increase in self-produced fuel as the result of this tax preference, then the legislature intends to extend the expiration date of this tax preference.
- (4) In order to obtain the data necessary to perform the review in subsection (3) of this section, the joint legislative audit and review committee may refer to any data collected by the state.
- **Sec. 2.** 2017 3rd sp.s. c 28 s 605 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, this act is necessary for

the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

- (2) (( $\frac{\text{Part} I}{\text{I}}$ )) Sections 101 through  $\underline{106}$  of this act (( $\frac{\text{is}}{\text{I}}$ )) are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take(( $\frac{\text{s}}{\text{I}}$ )) effect August 1, 2017.
- (3) Section 213 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 23, 2017.
- (4) Part III of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2017.
- (5) Sections 107 through 109 and 502 of this act take((s)) effect January 1, 2018.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act applies both retroactively to August 1, 2017, and prospectively.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act is exempt from the provisions of RCW 82.32.805(1) (a).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "fuel;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending 2017 3rd sp.s. c 28 s 605 (uncodified); creating new sections; and declaring an emergency."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO.

2424 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

### FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Lytton and Orcutt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2424, as amended by the Senate.

#### ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2424, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2424, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

# MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2561 with the following amendment:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) Subject to amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the commissioner of public lands must direct the wildland fire advisory committee established in RCW 76.04.179 to review, analyze, and make recommendations on the following issues related to wild fire prevention,

response, and suppression activities within our state:

- (a) The committee, with the assistance of department of natural resources' personnel, must approximately quantify the areas in the state that are not contained within an established fire district nor subject to a planned fire response and make recommendations as to how these areas could be protected as well as a source of funding for any recommended activities. In doing so, the committee must, in time for inclusion in the December 31, 2018, status report: Review the relevant recommendations contained in the joint legislative audit and review committee's 2017 final report fees assessed for forest fire and protection; analyze develop recommendations on potential administrative and legislative actions including, for example, the process proposed in chapter . . . (Substitute Senate Bill No. 6575), Laws of 2018; and consult with any relevant stakeholders, as deemed necessary by the committee, that are not represented on committee.
- (b) The committee must examine the value of community programs that educate homeowners and engage in preventive projects within wild fire risk communities, such as firewise, and make recommendations on whether these programs should be advanced, and if so, how, including potential sources of ongoing funding for the programs.
- (c) The committee must also develop plans to help protect non-English speaking residents during wildfire emergencies. The committee may enlist the assistance from the state ethnic and diversity commissions or any other organizations who have expertise in public outreach to non-English speaking people.
- (2) The department of natural resources must provide to the appropriate committees of the legislature a status report of the committee's efforts by December 31, 2018, and issue a report with the committee's recommendations by November 15, 2019.
- (3) This section expires December 31, 2019."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "committee;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "creating a new section; and providing an expiration date."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2561 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

### FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Dent and Blake spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2561, as amended by the Senate.

#### ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2561, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2561, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 1, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2627 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "Sec. 1. RCW 84.52.069 and 2012 c 115 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, "taxing district" means a county, emergency medical service district, city or town, public hospital district, urban emergency medical service district, regional fire protection service authority, or fire protection district.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (10) of this section, a taxing district may impose additional regular property tax levies in an amount equal to fifty cents or less per thousand dollars of the assessed value of property in the taxing district. The tax is imposed (a) each year for six consecutive years, (b) each year for ten consecutive years, or (c) permanently. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a permanent tax levy under this section, or the initial imposition of a six-year or tenyear levy under this section, must be specifically authorized by a majority of at least three-fifths of the registered voters thereof approving a proposition authorizing the levies submitted at a general or special election, at which election the number of persons voting "yes" on the proposition ((shall)) must constitute three-fifths of a number equal to forty percent of the total number of voters voting in such taxing district at the last preceding general election when the number of registered voters voting on the proposition does not exceed forty percent of the total number of voters voting in such taxing district in the last preceding general election; or by a majority of at least three-fifths of the registered voters thereof voting on the proposition when the number of registered voters voting on the proposition exceeds forty percent of the total number of voters voting in such taxing district in the last preceding general election. The ((uninterrupted continuation)) subsequent approval of a six-year or tenyear tax levy under this section must be specifically authorized by a majority of the registered voters thereof approving a proposition authorizing the levies submitted at a general or special election. If the entire region comprising a newly formed regional fire protection service authority was subject to the levy authorized under this section immediately prior to the creation of the authority under chapter 52.26 RCW, the initial imposition of a six-year or tenyear tax levy under this section may be approved by a majority of the registered
- voters thereof approving the creation of the authority and the related service plan. Ballot propositions must conform with RCW 29A.36.210. A taxing district may not submit to the voters at the same election multiple propositions to impose a levy under this section.
- (3) A taxing district imposing a permanent levy under this section ((shall)) must provide for separate accounting of expenditures of the revenues generated by the levy. The taxing district must maintain a statement of the accounting which must be updated at least every two years and must be available to the public upon request at no charge.
- (4)(a) A taxing district imposing a permanent levy under this section must provide for a referendum procedure to apply to the ordinance or resolution imposing the tax. This referendum procedure must specify that a referendum petition may be filed at any time with a filing officer, as identified in the ordinance or resolution. Within ten days, the filing officer must confer with the petitioner concerning form and style of the petition, issue the petition an identification number, and secure an accurate, concise, and positive ballot title from the designated local official. The petitioner has thirty days in which to secure the signatures of not less than fifteen percent of the registered voters of the taxing district, as of the last general election, upon petition forms which contain the ballot title and the full text of the measure to be referred. The filing officer must verify the sufficiency of the signatures on the petition and, if sufficient valid signatures are properly submitted, must certify the referendum measure to the next election within the taxing district if one is to be held within one hundred eighty days from the date of filing of the referendum petition, or at a special election to be called for that purpose in accordance with RCW 29A.04.330.
- (b) The referendum procedure provided in this subsection (4) is exclusive in all instances for any taxing district imposing the tax under this section and supersedes the procedures provided under all other statutory or charter provisions for initiative or referendum which might otherwise apply.
- (5) Any tax imposed under this section may be used only for the provision of emergency medical care or emergency

medical services, including related personnel costs, training for such personnel, and related equipment, supplies, vehicles and structures needed for the provision of emergency medical care or emergency medical services.

(6) If a county levies a tax under this section, no taxing district within the county may levy a tax under this section. If a regional fire protection service authority imposes a tax under this section, no other taxing district that is participating fire protection jurisdiction in the regional fire protection service authority may levy a tax under this section. No other taxing district may levy a tax under this section if another taxing district has levied a tax under this section within its boundaries: PROVIDED, That if a county levies less than fifty cents per thousand dollars of the assessed value of property, then any other taxing district may levy a tax under this section equal to the difference between the rate of the levy by the county and fifty cents: PROVIDED FURTHER, That if a taxing district within a county levies this tax, and the voters of the county subsequently approve a levying of this tax, then the amount of the taxing district levy within the county must be reduced, when the combined levies exceed fifty cents. Whenever a tax is levied countywide, the service must, insofar as is feasible, be provided throughout the county: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no countywide levy proposal may be placed on the ballot without the approval of the legislative authority of ((each city exceeding fifty thousand population within the county)) a majority of at least seventy-five percent of all cities exceeding a population of fifty thousand within the county: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That this section and RCW 36.32.480 ((shall)) may not prohibit any city or town from levying an annual excess levy to fund emergency medical services: AND PROVIDED, FURTHER, That if a county proposes to impose tax levies under this section, no other ballot proposition authorizing tax levies under this section by another taxing district in the county may be placed before the voters at the same election at which the county ballot proposition is placed: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That any taxing district emergency medical service levy that is limited in duration and that is authorized subsequent to a county emergency medical service levy that is limited in duration, expires

concurrently with the county emergency medical service levy. A fire protection district that has annexed an area described in subsection (10) of this section may levy the maximum amount of tax that would otherwise be allowed, notwithstanding any limitations in this subsection (6).

- (7) The limitations in RCW 84.52.043 do not apply to the tax levy authorized in this section.
- (8) If a ballot proposition approved under subsection (2) of this section did not impose the maximum allowable levy amount authorized for the taxing district under this section, any future increase up to the maximum allowable levy amount must be specifically authorized by the voters in accordance with subsection (2) of this section at a general or special election.
- (9) The limitation in RCW 84.55.010 does not apply to the first levy imposed pursuant to this section following the approval of such levy by the voters pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.
- (10) For purposes of imposing the tax authorized under this section, the boundary of a county with a population greater than one million five hundred thousand does not include all of the area of the county that is located within a city that has a boundary in two counties, if the locally assessed value of all the property in the area of the city within the county having a population greater than one million five hundred thousand is less than two hundred fifty million dollars.
- (11) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Fire protection jurisdiction" means a fire protection district, city, town, Indian tribe, or port district; and
- (b) "Participating fire protection jurisdiction" means a fire protection district, city, town, Indian tribe, or port district that is represented on the governing board of a regional fire protection service authority."

On page 1, line 2, after "levies;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 84.52.069."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2627 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Springer and Stokesbary spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2627, as amended by the Senate.

#### **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2627, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 61; Nays, 37; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Doglio, Dolan, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Griffey, Hansen, Harmsworth, Hudgins, Irwin, Jinkins, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Kloba, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, McBride, Morris, Muri, Nealey, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Wylie and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Caldier, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Dye, Eslick, Graves, Haler, Hargrove, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Jenkin, Johnson, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Manweller, Maycumber, McCaslin, McDonald, McCabe, Orcutt, Pike, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Taylor, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox and Young.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2627, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

# MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 2709 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.03.040 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 319 are each amended to read as follows:

Subject RCW 41.04.820, to directors of the several departments and members of the several boards commissions, whose salaries are fixed by the governor and the chief executive officers of the agencies named in RCW 43.03.028(1) as now or hereafter amended shall each severally receive salaries, payable in monthly installments, as shall be fixed by the governor or the appropriate salary fixing authority, and, unless set according to RCW 41.26.717(1), in an amount not to exceed the recommendations of the office of financial management. From February 18, 2009, through June 30, 2013, a salary or wage increase shall not be granted to any position under this section, except that increases may be granted for positions for which the employer has difficulty demonstrated retaining qualified employees if the following conditions are met:

- The salary increase can be paid within existing resources;
- (2) The salary increase will not adversely impact the provision of client services; and
- (3) For any state agency of the executive branch, not including institutions of higher education, the salary increase is approved by the director of the office of financial management.

Any agency granting a salary increase from February 15, 2010, through June 30, 2011, to a position under this section shall submit a report to the fiscal committees of the legislature no later than July 31, 2011, detailing the positions for which salary increases were granted, the size of the increases, and the reasons for giving the increases.

Any agency granting a salary increase from July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2013, to a position under this section shall submit a report to the fiscal committees of the legislature by July 31, 2012, and July 31, 2013, detailing the positions for which salary increases were granted during the preceding fiscal year, the size of the increases, and the reasons for giving the increases.

**Sec. 2.** RCW 41.26.717 and 2003 c 92 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The law enforcement officers' and firefighters' plan 2 retirement board established in section 4, chapter 2, Laws

of 2003 has the following duties and powers in addition to any other duties or powers authorized or required by law. The board:

- (1) Shall hire an executive director, and shall fix the salary of the executive director subject to periodic review by the board and in consultation with the director of the office of financial management and shall provide notice to the chairs of the house representatives and senate fiscal committees of changes;
- (2) Shall employ other staff as necessary to implement the purposes of chapter 2, Laws of 2003. Staff must be state employees under Title 41 RCW;
- $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$  (3) Shall adopt an annual budget as provided in section 5, chapter 2, Laws of 2003. Expenses of the board are paid from the expense fund created in RCW 41.26.732;
- $((\frac{(3)}{)}))$   $\underline{(4)}$  May make, execute, and deliver contracts, conveyances, and other instruments necessary to exercise and discharge its powers and duties;
- $((\frac{(4)}{}))$   $\underline{(5)}$  May contract for all or part of the services necessary for the management and operation of the board with other state or nonstate entities authorized to do business in the state; and
- $((\frac{(5)}{)}))$   $\underline{(6)}$  May contract with actuaries, auditors, and other consultants as necessary to carry out its responsibilities."

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "director;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 43.03.040 and 41.26.717."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to HOUSE BILL NO. 2709 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representative Holy spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2709, as amended by the Senate.

#### ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2709, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 86; Nays, 12; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Caldier, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Chandler, Condotta, Dye, Jenkin, McCaslin, McDonald, Nealey, Schmick, Shea, Taylor and Young.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2709, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

# MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 1, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2759 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that it is important to achieve opportunity for all of citizens. The legislature finds that women face unique problems and needs. For economic, social, and historical reasons, a disproportionate number of women find themselves disadvantaged or isolated from the benefits of equal opportunity. It is the purpose of this chapter to improve the well-being of women, by enabling them to participate in all fields of endeavor, assisting them in obtaining governmental services. and promoting compensation and fairness in employment for women. The legislature also believes that addressing women's issues and improving the well-being of women will have a positive impact on larger societal issues. The legislature further finds that the development of public policy and the efficient delivery of governmental services to meet the needs of women can be improved by establishing a focal point in state government for the interests of women. Therefore, the legislature deems it necessary to establish in statute the Washington state women's commission to further these purposes. The commission shall address issues relevant to the problems and needs of women, such as domestic violence, child care, child support, sexual discrimination, sexual harassment, equal compensation and job pathways opportunities in employment, and the specific needs of women of color.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The Washington state women's commission is established in the office of the governor. The commission shall be administered by an executive director, who shall be appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of, the governor. The governor shall set the salary of the executive director. The executive director shall employ the staff of the commission.

- $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The Washington state women's commission shall consist of nine members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate.
- (2) The governor shall consider nominations for membership based upon maintaining a balanced and diverse distribution of ethnic, geographic, gender, sexual orientation, age, socioeconomic status, and occupational representation, where practicable.
- (3) All commission members shall serve at the pleasure of the governor, but in no case may any member serve more than three years without formal reappointment by the governor. All legislative advisory members shall serve for a two-year term and the position of any legislative advisory member shall be deemed vacated whenever such member ceases to be a member of the house from which the member was appointed. Of the persons initially appointed by the governor to the commission, three shall be appointed to serve one year, three to serve two years, and three to serve three years. Upon expiration of such terms, subsequent

- appointments shall be for three years. Any vacancies occurring in the membership of the commission shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointments.
- (4) Two members of the senate, one from each of the two major political parties, appointed by the president of the senate, and two members of the house of representatives, one from each of the two major political parties, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, shall serve as advisory members.
- (5) (a) Nonlegislative members shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.
- (b) Legislative members shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties in accordance with RCW 44.04.120.
- (6) A simple majority of the commission's membership constitutes a quorum for the purpose of conducting business.
- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 4. The director of the Washington state women's commission shall:
- (1) Monitor state legislation and advocate for legislation affecting women;
- (2) Work with state agencies to assess programs and policies that affect women;
- (3) Coordinate with the minority commissions and human rights commission to address issues of mutual concern; and
- (4) Work as a liaison between the public and private sector to eliminate barriers to women's economic equity.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** (1) The Washington state women's commission shall have the following duties:
- (a) Actively recruit and maintain a list of names of qualified women to fill vacancies on various boards and commissions;
- (b) Provide a clearinghouse for information regarding both state and federal legislation as it relates to the purpose of this chapter;
- (c) Identify and define specific needs of women of color and provide recommendations for addressing those

needs in the biennial report to the legislature and governor under (j) of this subsection;

- (d) Consult with state agencies regarding the effect of agency policies, procedures, practices, laws, and administrative rules on the unique problems and needs of women. The commission shall also advise such state agencies on the development and implementation of comprehensive and coordinated policies, plans, and programs focusing on those problems and needs;
- (e) Provide resource and referral information to agencies and the public. The commission may gather data and disseminate information to the public in order to implement the purposes of this chapter;
- (f) Hold public hearings to gather input on issues related to the unique problems and needs of women. The commission must include in the biennial report submitted under (j) of this subsection the input received and recommendations for addressing the problems and needs discussed at the public hearings;
- (g) Advocate for removal of legal and social barriers for women;
- (h) Review best practices for sexual harassment policies and training and provide recommendations to state agencies as they update their sexual harassment policies. The commission shall also maintain a file of sexual harassment policies that meet high quality standards and make these files available for agency use;
- (i) Review and make recommendations to the legislature on strategies to increase the number of women serving on for-profit corporate boards with gross income of five million dollars or more; and
- (j) Submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature and the governor every two years detailing the commission's activities. The report submitted must be in electronic format pursuant to RCW 43.01.036.
- (2) State agencies must provide appropriate and reasonable assistance to the commission as needed, including gathering data and information, in order for the commission to carry out the purpose of this chapter.

- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 6. The Washington state women's commission shall have the following powers:
- Receive gifts, grants, endowments from public or private sources that are made for the use or benefit of the commission and to expend the same or any income therefrom according to their terms and the purpose of this chapter. The commission's executive director shall make a report of such funds received from private sources to the office of financial management on a regular basis. Such funds received from private sources shall not be applied to reduce or substitute for the commission's budget as appropriated by the legislature, but shall be applied and expended toward projects and functions authorized by this chapter that were not funded by the legislature.
- (2) In carrying out its duties, the commission may establish such relationships with public and private institutions, local governments, private industry, community organizations, and other segments of the general public as may be needed to promote equal opportunity for women in government, education, economic security, employment, and services.
- (3) The commission may adopt rules and regulations pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW as shall be necessary to implement the purpose of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The Washington state women's commission must provide staffing support to the interagency committee of state employed women, a volunteer organization that aims to better the lives of state employees by advising the governor and agencies on policies that affect state employed women.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. On August 26, 1920, with the action of the Tennessee legislature, the Nineteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution was ratified, establishing the right to vote for most American women. However, this right for some women occurred later: Native Americans generally by 1924; many Asians during the mid-twentieth century; and many others following enactment of voting rights legislation during the 1960s.

The introduction, passage, and ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment were the result of decades of work and struggle by women's voting rights advocates throughout the United States, with people from Washington state providing significant leadership.

In 1854, six years after the landmark women's rights convention in Seneca Falls, New York, the Washington territorial legislature initially considered enacting women's right to vote. Susan B. Anthony visited Washington territory in 1871 and addressed the Washington territorial legislature, the first woman in the country to address a state legislative body in session. This spurred the creation of many women's right to vote associations in Washington and other states.

State women's right to vote legislation eventually passed the Washington territorial legislature twice, but each time was found unconstitutional by the territorial supreme court. With the 1910 approval of a state constitutional amendment by the male voters of the state, Washington became the first state in the twentieth century, and the fifth state overall, to enact women's right to vote at the state level.

In 2009, the state of Washington posthumously awarded its highest honor, the medal of merit, to the two key leaders of the Washington women's right to vote movement, Emma Smith DeVoe and May Arkwright Hutton.

The path to women's suffrage was blazed by western states. Washington's action (1910) followed Wyoming (1890), Colorado (1893), Utah (1870), and Idaho (1896). These successes were immediately followed by California (1911) and Oregon (1912), in establishing women's right to vote.

Washington was a major leader in the movement for nationwide women's right to vote. Washington was the first state in the twentieth century to fully enfranchise women and inspired the nationwide campaign that soon brought success in many western states and the territory of Alaska, culminating in the Nineteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution providing for American women throughout the country to vote.

In 2010, the Washington women's history consortium provided leadership for statewide commemoration of the

centennial of Washington state women's right to vote, sponsoring and coordinating a wide range of statewide activities.

The centennial of the passage of the Nineteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, in 2020, offers still greater opportunities for Washingtonians to commemorate and educate themselves and future generations about the importance of voting and civic engagement. Washingtonians and the many visitors to Washington will benefit from learning about and becoming inspired by the historic efforts of the women's right to vote movement in Washington and throughout the nation and the subsequent impacts on life in Washington and the United States.

Therefore, the legislature finds it beneficial to begin the process of preparing for statewide commemoration from 2018 through 2020, of the centennial of the processes of congressional passage of and states' legislative ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, which established the right to vote for American women.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) The women's commission must, subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, work with the Washington women's history consortium to:

- (a) Provide leadership for statewide commemoration from 2018 through 2020 of the centennial pertaining to the passage by congress of the Nineteenth Amendment and its subsequent ratification by three-fourths of the state legislatures in August 1920;
- (b) Immediately begin preparations for this statewide commemoration, to include but not be limited to:
- (i) Consulting with a wide variety of organizations, institutions, public agencies, educational agencies and institutions, tourism organizations, and the general public about the content and conduct of this statewide commemoration;
- (ii) Developing and encouraging others to develop a broad range of widely available educational opportunities for Washingtonians generally, students, and visitors, including significant online educational resources, to:

- (A) Learn about the importance of voting in the context of women gaining the right to vote;
- (B) Consider the subsequent long-term impacts of women gaining the right to vote;
- (C) Learn about the active leadership role of Washingtonians in achieving the nationwide right to vote for women;
- (D) Honor the countless participants in the women's suffrage movement; and
- (E) Inspire future generations to treasure their right to vote;
- (iii) Planning, coordinating, and
  publicizing events and informational
  materials for Washingtonians and
  visitors throughout the state
  commemorating this centennial;
- (c) Create and distribute a portfolio of public humanities programs, and encourage others to do so, to engage Washingtonians and visitors with important aspects of the women's right to vote movement;
- (d) Encourage private organizations, schools, institutions of higher education, public agencies, and local governments to organize and participate in activities commemorating the centennial of the Nineteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution;
- (e) Coordinate with the regional and national organizations and agencies with respect to their commemorative work;
- (f) Coordinate with the national collaborative for women's history sites by contributing a Washington component to the development of a nationwide votes for women trail; and
- (g) Administer a grant program for public agencies, educational institutions, and organizations exempt from taxation under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code to assist with their commemoration activities.
- (2) The women's commission has the following powers and may exercise them as necessary to carry out its duties under subsection (1) of this section:
- (a) Appoint task forces and advisory committees:
- (b) Work with staff appointed by the Washington state historical society; and

- (c) Enter into agreements or contracts.
- (3) Legislative members serving on any task force or advisory committee created under this section must be reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120.
- (4) Representatives of state and local governments serving on any task force or advisory committee created under this section must be reimbursed pursuant to the reimbursement policies of their respective entity.
- (5) Nonlegislative members serving on any task force or advisory committee created under this section are not entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses if they are elected officials or are participating on behalf of an employer, governmental entity, or other organization. Any reimbursement for other nonlegislative members is subject to chapter 43.03 RCW.

 ${
m NEW}$  SECTION. Sec. 10. Sections 1 through 7 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 8 and 9 of this act expires July 1, 2021."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "commission;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2759 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representative Doglio spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives McDonald and Griffey spoke against the passage of the bill.

There being no objection, the House deferred action on. ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2759, and the bill held its place on the third reading calendar.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 27, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1237 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that community and technical colleges provide important access to continuing education, preparation for a university, and workforce training that improve the quality of life and economic vitality of the state. The legislature further finds that a funding gap was created in the 2017-2019 biennium between the amount from the state general fund and the amount that was assumed to come from tuition increases. Therefore the legislature intends to fill the gap created in the 2017-2019 biennium and fund salary and benefit increases with sixty-six percent state general fund.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 28B.52.035 and 1991 c 238 s 148 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) At the conclusion of any negotiation processes as provided for in RCW 28B.52.030, any matter upon which the parties have reached agreement shall be reduced to writing and acted upon in a regular or special meeting of the boards of trustees, and become part of the official proceedings of said board meeting. Except as provided in this section, provisions of written contracts relating to salary increases shall not exceed the amount or percentage established by the legislature in the appropriations act and allocated to the board of trustees by the state board for community and technical colleges.
- (2) The written agreement acted upon by a board of trustees must be submitted to the director of the office of financial management by October 1 prior to the fiscal year in which the provisions of the agreement go into effect. The length of term of any such agreement shall be for not more than three fiscal years. ((Any provisions of these agreements pertaining to salary increases will not be binding upon future

actions of the legislature.)) If any provision of a salary increase is changed by subsequent modification of the appropriations act by the legislature, both parties shall immediately enter into collective bargaining for the sole purpose of arriving at a mutually agreed upon replacement for the modified provision. A board of trustees may provide additional compensation to academic employees that exceeds that provided by the legislature.

Sec. 3. RCW 28B.50.140 and 2016 1st sp.s. c 33 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Each board of trustees:

- (1) Shall operate all existing community and technical colleges in its district;
- (2) Shall create comprehensive programs of community and technical college education and training and maintain an open-door policy in accordance with the provisions of RCW 28B.50.090(3);
- (3) Shall employ for a period to be fixed by the board a college president for each community and technical college and, may appoint a president for the district, and fix their duties and compensation, which may include elements other than salary. Compensation under this subsection shall not affect but may supplement retirement, health care, and other benefits that are otherwise applicable to the presidents as state employees. The board shall also employ for a period to be fixed by the board members of the faculty and such other administrative officers and other employees as may be necessary appropriate and fix their salaries and duties. Except ((for increments provided with local resources during the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium)) as provided for academic employees in RCW 28B.52.035 and technical college classified employees under chapter 41.56 RCW, compensation and salary increases under this subsection shall not exceed the amount or percentage established for those purposes in the state appropriations act by legislature as allocated to the board of trustees by the state board for community and technical colleges. The state board for community and technical colleges shall adopt rules defining permissible elements of compensation under this subsection;

- (4) May establish, in accordance with RCW 28B.77.080, new facilities as community needs and interests demand. However, the authority of boards of trustees to purchase or lease major off-campus facilities shall be subject to the approval of the student achievement council pursuant to RCW 28B.77.080;
- (5) May establish or lease, operate, equip and maintain dormitories, food service facilities, bookstores and other self-supporting facilities connected with the operation of the community and technical college;
- (6) May, with the approval of the college board, borrow money and issue and sell revenue bonds or other evidences of indebtedness for the construction, reconstruction, erection, equipping with permanent fixtures, demolition and major alteration of buildings or other capital assets, and the acquisition of sites, rights-of-way, easements, improvements or appurtenances, for dormitories, food service facilities, and other selfsupporting facilities connected with the operation of the community and technical college in accordance with the provisions of RCW 28B.10.300 through 28B.10.330 where applicable;
- (7) May establish fees and charges for the facilities authorized hereunder, including reasonable rules and regulations for the government thereof, not inconsistent with the rules of the college board; each board of trustees operating a community and technical college may enter into agreements, subject to rules of the college board, with owners of facilities to be used for housing regarding the management, operation, and government of such facilities, and any board entering into such an agreement may:
- (a) Make rules for the government, management and operation of such housing facilities deemed necessary or advisable; and
- (b) Employ necessary employees to govern, manage and operate the same;
- (8) May receive such gifts, grants, conveyances, devises and bequests of real or personal property from private sources, as may be made from time to time, in trust or otherwise, whenever the terms and conditions thereof will aid in carrying out the community and technical college programs as specified by law and the rules of the state college board; sell, lease or exchange, invest or expend

- the same or the proceeds, rents, profits and income thereof according to the terms and conditions thereof; and adopt rules to govern the receipt and expenditure of the proceeds, rents, profits and income thereof;
- (9) May establish and maintain night schools whenever in the discretion of the board of trustees it is deemed advisable, and authorize classrooms and other facilities to be used for summer or night schools, or for public meetings and for any other uses consistent with the use of such classrooms or facilities for community and technical college purposes;
- (10) May make rules for pedestrian and vehicular traffic on property owned, operated, or maintained by the district;
- (11) Shall prescribe, with the assistance of the faculty, the course of study in the various departments of the community and technical college or colleges under its control, and publish such catalogues and bulletins as may become necessary;
- (12) May grant to every student, upon graduation or completion of a course of study, a suitable diploma, degree, or certificate under the rules of the state board for community and technical colleges that are appropriate to their mission. The purposes of these diplomas, certificates, and degrees are to lead individuals directly to employment in a specific occupation or prepare individuals for a bachelor's degree or beyond. Technical colleges may only offer transfer degrees that prepare students for bachelor's degrees in professional fields, subject to rules adopted by the college board. In adopting rules, the college board, where possible, shall create consistency between community and technical colleges and may address issues related to tuition and fee rates; tuition waivers; enrollment counting, including the use of credits instead of clock hours; degree granting authority; or any other rules necessary to offer the associate degrees that prepare students for transfer to bachelor's degrees in professional areas. Only colleges under RCW 28B.50.810 or 28B.50.825 may award baccalaureate degrees. The board, upon recommendation of the faculty, may also confer honorary associate of arts degrees, or if it is authorized to award baccalaureate degrees may confer honorary bachelor of applied science degrees, upon persons other than

graduates of the community college, in recognition of their learning or devotion to education, literature, art, or science. No degree may be conferred in consideration of the payment of money or the donation of any kind of property;

- rules Shall (13)enforce the prescribed by the state board for community and technical colleges for the government of community and technical colleges, students and teachers, and adopt such rules and perform all other acts not inconsistent with law or rules of the state board for community and technical colleges as the board of trustees may in its discretion deem necessary or appropriate to administration of college districts: PROVIDED, That such rules shall include, but not be limited to, rules relating to housing, scholarships, conduct at the various community and technical college facilities, and discipline: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That the board of trustees may suspend or expel from community and technical colleges students who refuse to obey any of the duly adopted rules;
- (14) May, by written order filed in its office, delegate to the president or district president any of the powers and duties vested in or imposed upon it by this chapter. Such delegated powers and duties may be exercised in the name of the district board;
- (15) May perform such other activities consistent with this chapter and not in conflict with the directives of the college board;
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, may offer educational services on a contractual basis other than the tuition and fee basis set forth in chapter 28B.15 RCW for a special fee to private or governmental entities, consistent with rules adopted by the state board for community and technical colleges: PROVIDED, That the whole of such special fee shall go to the college district and be not less than the full instructional costs of such services including any salary increases authorized by the legislature for community and technical college employees during the term of the agreement: PROVIDED FURTHER, That enrollments generated hereunder shall not be counted toward the official enrollment level of the college district for state funding purposes;

- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, may offer educational services on a contractual basis, charging tuition and fees as set forth in chapter 28B.15 RCW, counting such enrollments for funding purposes, and may state additionally charge a special supplemental fee when necessary to cover the full instructional costs of such services: PROVIDED, That such contracts shall be subject to review by the state board for community and technical colleges and to such rules as the state board may adopt for that purpose in order to assure that the sum of the supplemental fee and the normal state funding shall not exceed the projected total cost of offering the educational service: PROVIDED FURTHER, enrollments generated by courses offered on the basis of contracts requiring payment of a share of the normal costs of the course will be discounted to the percentage provided by the college;
- (18) Shall be authorized to pay dues to any association of trustees that may be formed by the various boards of trustees; such association may expend any or all of such funds to submit biennially, or more often if necessary, to the governor and to the legislature, the recommendations of the association regarding changes which would affect the efficiency of such association;
- education centers and consortia that involve any four-year public or independent college or university in accordance with RCW 28B.77.080;
- (20) Shall perform any other duties and responsibilities imposed by law or rule of the state board; and
- (21) May confer honorary associate of arts degrees upon persons who request an honorary degree if they were students at the college in 1942 and did not graduate because they were ordered into an internment camp. The honorary degree may also be requested by a representative of deceased persons who meet these requirements. For the purposes of this subsection, "internment camp" means a relocation center to which persons were ordered evacuated by Presidential Executive Order 9066, signed on February 19, 1942."

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "colleges;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28B.52.035

and 28B.50.140; and creating a new section."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

Representative Sells moved that the House concur in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1237

Representative McCabe spoke against the motion to concur in the Senate amendment.

Representative Sells spoke in favor of the motion to concurr in the Senate amendment.

The motion to concur in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1237 was adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 51; Nays, 46.

The bill, as amended by the Senate, was advanced to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representative Sells spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative McCabe spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1237, as amended by the Senate.

# ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1237, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 57; Nays, 41; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Bergquist, Blake, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Doglio, Dolan, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Haler, Hansen, Hudgins, Irwin, Jinkins, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Kloba, Lovick, Lytton, Macri, Manweller, McBride, Morris, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Buys, Caldier, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Dye, Eslick, Graves, Griffey, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Jenkin, Johnson, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, McDonald, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Pike, Rodne, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Taylor, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh and Wilcox.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1237, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

With the consent of the House, ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1237 was immediately transmitted to the Senate.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the third order of business.

# MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 3, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5886, ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6269,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

March 5, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The President has signed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5028, ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5288, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5928, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5990, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6012, ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. SENATE BILL NO. 6040, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6109, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6124, SENATE BILL NO. 6125, SENATE BILL NO. 6134, SENATE BILL NO. 6136, SENATE BILL NO. 6188, SENATE BILL NO. 6197. ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6199, ENGROSSED SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8008,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

March 5, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has granted the request of the House for a Conference on SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1506. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees: Baumgartner, Cleveland, Keiser

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

March 5, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2282,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

# SUPPLEMENTAL INTRODUCTION & FIRST READING

ESSB 5886 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Ranker)

AN ACT Relating to creating the orca protection act; amending RCW 77.15.740; reenacting and amending RCW 46.17.220 and 46.68.425; adding a new section to chapter 77.15 RCW; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and providing expiration dates.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

E2SSB 6269 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Ranker, Rolfes, Carlyle, Darneille, Hasegawa, Pedersen, Conway, Keiser, Hunt, Frockt, Kuderer, Chase, Liias and Saldaña)

AN ACT Relating to strengthening oil transportation safety; amending RCW 82.23B.020, 88.46.060, 88.46.220, 88.46.167, 90.56.210, 90.56.240, and 90.56.569, reenacting and amending RCW 82.23B.010; adding new sections to chapter 88.46 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 90.56 RCW; creating new sections; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day's supplemental introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

# REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

March 3, 2018

HB 3002 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ormsby:
Relating to making expenditures from the budget stabilization account for declared

catastrophic events. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ormsby, Chair; Robinson, Vice Chair; Bergquist; Cody; Fitzgibbon; Hansen; Hudgins; Jinkins; Kagi; Lytton; Pettigrew; Pollet; Sawyer; Senn; Springer; Stanford; Sullivan and Tharinger.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Ranking Minority Member; MacEwen, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Stokesbary, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Buys; Caldier; Condotta; Graves; Haler; Schmick; Taylor; Vick; Volz and Wilcox.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Harris and Manweller.

March 3, 2018

E2SSB 5935

Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Enhancing consumer access, affordability, and quality of broadband and advanced telecommunications services.

Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Technology & Economic Development. Signed by Representatives Ormsby, Chair; Robinson, Vice Chair; MacEwen, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bergquist; Cody; Fitzgibbon; Hansen; Hudgins; Jinkins; Kagi; Lytton; Pettigrew; Pollet; Sawyer; Senn; Springer; Stanford; Sullivan and Tharinger.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Ranking Minority Member; Stokesbary, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Buys; Caldier; Condotta; Graves; Haler; Schmick; Taylor; Vick; Volz and Wilcox.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Harris and Manweller.

March 3, 2018

ESSB 5955

Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Concerning the collection of certain taxes and fees as a result of a high capacity transit system approved by the voters of a regional transit authority in 2016. Reported by Committee on Transportation

#### MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "Sec. 1. RCW 82.44.135 and 2006 c 318 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Before a local government subject to this chapter may impose a motor vehicle excise tax, the local government must contract with the department for the collection of the tax. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the department may charge a reasonable amount, not to exceed one percent of tax collections, for the administration and collection of the tax.
- (2) Any contract entered into with a regional transit authority for the collection of a motor vehicle excise tax must provide that the department receives full reimbursement for the administration and collection of the tax, including those costs related to customer service and information technology.
- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 82.44 RCW to read as follows:
- If the department enters into a contract with a regional transit authority for the collection of a motor vehicle excise tax authorized in RCW 81.104.160(1), and after the regional transit authority implements a market value adjustment program as directed in section 3 of this act, the department must clearly indicate, when issuing notices to persons renewing vehicle registrations under RCW 46.16A.110, the net result after application of the credit. The department must include as part of the notices an insert that provides a description of the market value adjustment program and how it affects taxpayers generally.
- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 81.112 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) A regional transit authority that includes portions of a county with a population of more than one million five hundred thousand and that imposes a motor vehicle excise tax under RCW

- 81.104.160(1) must establish a market value adjustment program to be implemented for vehicles with registrations that are due or become due on or after September 1, 2018.
- (2) Under the market value adjustment program, the authority must provide a credit against the motor vehicle excise tax due in an amount equal to the tax due under RCW 81.104.160(1) calculated using the vehicle valuation methodology authorized under RCW 81.104.160(1), less the tax otherwise due calculated using the vehicle valuation schedule of percentages in RCW 82.44.035, as applied to eighty-five percent of the value of the vehicle, if the resulting difference is positive.
- (3) The program may be funded by any resources available to the authority including, but not limited to:
- (a) Unrestricted tax proceeds or other revenues; and
- (b) Savings from the delivery of projects.
- (4) (a) The program must be implemented in a manner that allows the delivery of the system and financing plan approved by the authority's voters in 2016 to the extent practicable. Building on past and ongoing cost-savings efforts, the agency must continue to evaluate measures that may be needed to reduce costs. These measures include, but are not limited to:
- (i) Designing projects using the principles of practical design, as described for use by the department of transportation under RCW 47.01.480;
- (ii) Efficiencies realized in coordinating and integrating activities with other transit agencies and local governments, including through shared maintenance and operations, joint procurement, joint marketing, joint customer services, and joint capital projects; and
- (iii) Revising project contingency budgets, if practicable.
- (b) If, when implementing the program, the authority is not able to deliver projects according to the system and financing plan approved by the authority's voters in 2016, the authority must identify savings and cost reductions, first, from projects other than light rail projects and bus rapid transit projects, and is prohibited from

eliminating light rail projects and bus rapid transit projects.

- (5) Until the plan has been completed, the authority must submit an annual report to the transportation committees of the legislature by December 31st of each year on the status of the delivery of the plan. The report must include detail on the extent to and manner in which the authority has used cost savings to maintain the delivery of the plan as approved by the voters.
- (6) The department of licensing is authorized to make rules to implement this section.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 81.112 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Beginning July 1, 2019, continuing through the end of June 2020, the authority must allow an additional one-time credit against the motor vehicle excise tax due with respect to any vehicle for which the 0.8 percent tax in 81.104.160(1) was paid before September 1, 2018. The one-time credit amount on the 0.8 percent tax paid before September 1, 2018, must be calculated using the market value adjustment program credit methodology in section 3 of this act, except that the total amount of credit applied under this section and section 3 of this act may not exceed the current motor vehicle excise tax liability with respect to the vehicle. The authority may develop a system for issuing one-time credits in consultation with the department of licensing.

To the greatest extent practicable, the credit provided under this section must be issued using an online process or as part of regular motor vehicle excise tax payment processing.

(2) The department of licensing is authorized to make rules to implement this section.

 ${
m NEW\ SECTION.}$  Sec. 5. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation

of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Clibborn, Chair; Wylie, Vice Chair; Harmsworth, Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Ranking Minority Member; Hargrove, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chapman; Gregerson; Hayes; Irwin; Kloba; Lovick; McBride; Morris; Ortiz-Self; Pellicciotti; Riccelli; Stambaugh; Valdez and Van Werven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Shea and Young.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Fey, Vice Chair and Tarleton.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day's committee reports under the fifth order of business were placed on the second reading calendar.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

### THIRD READING

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

# MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2009, with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "Sec. 7. RCW 28B.15.621 and 2017 c 127 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislature finds that active military and naval veterans, reserve military and naval veterans, and national guard members called to active duty have served their country and have risked their lives to defend the lives of all Americans and the freedoms that define and distinguish our nation. The legislature intends to honor active military and naval veterans, reserve military and naval veterans, and national guard members who have served on active

military or naval duty for the public service they have provided to this country.

- (2) Subject to the limitations in RCW 28B.15.910, the governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, The Evergreen State College, and the community and technical colleges, may waive all or a portion of tuition and fees for an eligible veteran or national guard member.
- (3) The governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, The Evergreen State College, and the community and technical colleges, may waive all or a portion of tuition and fees for a military or naval veteran who is a Washington domiciliary, but who did not serve on foreign soil or in international waters or in another location in support of those serving on foreign soil or in international waters and who does not qualify as an eligible veteran or national guard member under subsection (8) of this section. However, there shall be no state general fund support for waivers granted under this subsection.
- (4) Subject to the conditions in subsection (5) of this section and the limitations in RCW 28B.15.910, the governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, The Evergreen State College, and the community and technical colleges, shall waive all tuition and fees for the following persons:
- (a) A child and the spouse or the domestic partner or surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner of an eligible veteran or national guard member who became totally disabled as a result of serving in active federal military or naval service, or who is determined by the federal government to be a prisoner of war or missing in action; and
- (b) A child and the surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner of an eligible veteran or national guard member who lost his or her life as a result of serving in active federal military or naval service.
- (5) The conditions in this subsection (5) apply to waivers under subsection (4) of this section.
- (a) A child must be a Washington domiciliary between the age of seventeen and twenty-six to be eligible for the

- tuition waiver. A child's marital status does not affect eligibility.
- (b) (i) A surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner must be a Washington domiciliary.
- (ii) Except as provided in (b) (iii) of this subsection, a surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner has ten years from the date of the death, total disability, or federal determination of prisoner of war or missing in action status of the eligible veteran or national guard member to receive benefits under the waiver. Upon remarriage or registration in a subsequent domestic partnership, the surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner is ineligible for the waiver of all tuition and fees.
- (iii) If a death results from total disability, the surviving spouse has ten years from the date of death in which to receive benefits under the waiver.
- (c) Each recipient's continued participation is subject to the school's satisfactory progress policy.
- (d) Tuition waivers for graduate students are not required for those who qualify under subsection (4) of this section but are encouraged.
- (e) Recipients who receive a waiver under subsection (4) of this section may attend full-time or part-time. Total credits earned using the waiver may not exceed two hundred quarter credits, or the equivalent of semester credits.
- (f) Subject to amounts appropriated, recipients who receive a waiver under subsection (4) of this section shall also receive a stipend for textbooks and course materials in the amount of two hundred fifty dollars per academic year, to be divided equally among academic terms and prorated for part-time students.
- (6) Required waivers of all tuition and fees under subsection (4) of this section shall not affect permissive waivers of tuition and fees under subsection (3) of this section.
- (7) Private vocational schools and private higher education institutions are encouraged to provide waivers consistent with the terms in subsections (2) through (5) of this section.
- (8) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.

- (a) "Child" means a biological child, adopted child, or stepchild.
- (b) "Eligible veteran or national guard member" means a Washington domiciliary who was an active or reserve member of the United States military or naval forces, or a national guard member called to active duty, who served in active federal service, under either Title 10 or Title 32 of the United States Code, in a war or conflict fought on foreign soil or in international waters or in support of those serving on foreign soil or in international waters, and if discharged from service, has received an honorable discharge.
- (c) "Totally disabled" means a person who has been determined to be one hundred percent disabled by the federal department of veterans affairs.
- (d) "Washington domiciliary" means a person whose true, fixed, and permanent house and place of habitation is the state of Washington. "Washington domiciliary" includes a person who is residing in rental housing or residing in base housing. In ascertaining whether a child or surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner is domiciled in the state of Washington, public institutions of higher education shall, to the fullest extent possible, rely upon the standards provided in RCW 28B.15.013.
- (9) As used in subsection (4) of this section, "fees" includes all assessments for costs incurred as a condition to a student's full participation in coursework and related activities at an institution of higher education.
- (10) The governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, The Evergreen State College, and the community and technical colleges shall report to the higher education committees of the legislature by November 15, 2010, and every two years thereafter, regarding the status of implementation of the waivers under subsection (4) of this section. The reports shall include the following data and information:
  - (a) Total number of waivers;
  - (b) Total amount of tuition waived;
  - (c) Total amount of fees waived;
- (d) Average amount of tuition and fees waived per recipient;

- (e) Recipient demographic data that is disaggregated by distinct ethnic categories within racial subgroups; and
- (f) Recipient income level, to the
  extent possible."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "families;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 28B.15.621."

and the same is herewith transmitted,

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House refused to concur in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2009 and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

# MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 28, 2018

MR. SPEAKER:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2406, with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

Sec. 8. It is the "NEW SECTION. intent of the legislature to ensure our elections have the utmost confidence of the citizens of the state. In order to ensure the integrity of the elections in Washington, the legislature wants to maximize the security benefits of having locally run, decentralized counting systems in our state, based in thirtynine different counties. The legislature wants to maximize this locally run benefit by adding options to the auditing process for local elections administrators. Multiple jurisdictions, with multiple options for ensuring election outcomes will increase the transparency, integrity, and trust of our elections process.

- Sec. 9. RCW 29A.60.185 and 2005 c 242 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- $\underline{\text{(1)}}$  Prior to certification of the election as required by RCW 29A.60.190,

the county auditor shall conduct <u>an auditusing at minimum one of the following</u> methods:

- (a) An audit of results of votes cast on the direct recording electronic voting devices, or other in-person ballot marking systems, used in the county if there are races or issues with more than ten votes cast on all direct recording electronic voting devices or other inperson ballot marking systems in the county. This audit must be conducted by randomly selecting by lot up to four percent of the direct recording electronic voting devices or other inperson ballot marking systems, or one direct recording electronic voting device or other in-person ballot marking system, whichever is greater, and, for each device or system, comparing the results recorded electronically with the results recorded on paper. For purposes of this audit, the results recorded on paper must be tabulated as follows: On one-fourth of the devices or systems selected for audit, the paper records must be tabulated manually; on the remaining devices or systems, the paper records may be tabulated by a mechanical, device determined by the secretary of state to be capable of accurately reading the votes cast and printed thereon and qualified for use in the state under applicable state and federal laws. Three races or issues, randomly selected by lot, must be audited on each device or  $\underline{\text{system}}$ . This audit procedure must  $\overline{\text{be}}$ subject to observation by political party representatives if representatives have been appointed and are present at the time of the audit. As used in this subsection, "in-person ballot marking system" or "system" means an in-person ballot marking system that retains or produces an electronic voting record of each vote cast using the system;
- (b) A random check of the ballot counting equipment consistent with RCW 29A.60.170(3);
- (c) A risk-limiting audit. A "risk-limiting audit" means an audit protocol that makes use of statistical principles and methods and is designed to limit the risk of certifying an incorrect election outcome. The secretary of state shall:
- (i) Set the risk limit. A "risk limit" means the largest statistical probability that an incorrect reported tabulation outcome is not detected in a risk-limiting audit;

- (ii) Randomly select for audit at least one statewide contest, and for each county at least one ballot contest other than the selected statewide contest. The county auditor shall randomly select a ballot contest for audit if in any particular election there is no statewide contest; and
- (iii) Establish procedures for implementation of risk-limiting audits, including random selection of the audit sample, determination of audit size, and procedures for a comparison risk-limiting audit and ballot polling risk-limiting audit as defined in (c) (iii) (A) and (B) of this subsection. If a duplicated ballot under RCW 29.60.125 is selected as part of the audit, it must be compared with the original ballot.
- (A) In a comparison risk-limiting audit, the county auditor compares the voter markings on randomly selected ballots to the ballot-level cast vote record produced by the ballot counting equipment.
- (B) In a ballot polling risk-limiting audit, the county auditor of a county using ballot counting equipment that does not produce ballot-level cast vote records reports the voter markings on randomly selected ballots until the prespecified risk limit is met; or
- (d) An independent electronic audit of the original ballot counting equipment used in the county. The county auditor may either conduct an audit of all ballots cast, or limit the audit to three precincts or six batches pursuant to procedures adopted under RCW 29A.60.170(3). This audit must be conducted using an independent electronic audit system that is, at minimum:
- (i) Approved by the secretary of state;
- (ii) Completely independent from all voting systems, including ballot counting equipment, that is used in the county;
- (iii) Distributed or manufactured by a vendor different from the vendor that distributed or manufactured the original ballot counting equipment; and
- (iv) Capable of demonstrating that it can verify and confirm the accuracy of the original ballot counting equipment's reported results.

- (2) For each audit method, the secretary of state must adopt procedures for expanding the audit to include additional ballots when an audit results in a discrepancy. The procedure must specify under what circumstances a discrepancy will lead to an audit of additional ballots, and the method to determine how many additional ballots will be selected. The secretary of state shall adopt procedures to investigate the cause of any discrepancy found during an audit.
- (3) The secretary of state must establish rules by January 1, 2019, to implement and administer the auditing methods in this section, including facilitating public observation and reporting requirements.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 29A.60.170 and 2011 c 10 s 55 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) At least twenty-eight days prior to any special election, general election, or primary, the county auditor shall request from the chair of the county central committee of each major political party a list of individuals who are willing to serve as observers. The county auditor has discretion to also request observers from any campaign or organization. The county auditor may delete from the lists names of those persons who indicate to the county auditor that they cannot or do not wish to serve as observers, and names of those persons who, in the judgment of the county auditor, lack the ability to properly serve as observers after training has been made available to them by the auditor.
- (2) The counting center is under the direction of the county auditor and must be open to observation by one representative from each major political party, if representatives have been appointed by the respective major political parties and these representatives are present while the counting center is operating. The proceedings must be open to the public, but no persons except those employed and authorized by the county auditor may touch any ballot or ballot container or operate a vote tallying system.
- (3) A random check of the ballot counting equipment ( $(\frac{may}{})$ )  $\frac{must}{}$  be conducted upon mutual agreement of the political party observers or at the discretion of the county auditor. The

- random check procedures must be adopted by the county canvassing board, and consistent with rules adopted under RCW 29A.60.185(3), prior to the processing of ballots. The random check process shall involve a comparison of a manual count or electronic count if an audit under RCW 29A.60.185(1)(d) is conducted to the machine count from the original ballot counting equipment and may involve up to either three precincts or six batches depending on the ballot counting procedures in place in the county. The random check will be limited to one office or issue on the ballots in the precincts or batches that are selected for the check. The selection of the precincts or batches to be checked must be selected according to procedures established by the county canvassing board ((and)). The random check procedures must include a process, consistent with RCW 29A.60.185(2) and rules adopted under RCW 29A.60.185(3), for expanding the audit to include additional ballots when a random check conducted under this section results in a discrepancy. The procedure must specify under what circumstances a discrepancy will lead to an audit of additional ballots and the method to determine how many additional ballots will be selected. Procedures adopted under RCW 29A.60.185 pertaining to investigations of any discrepancy found during an audit must be followed. The check must be completed no later than forty-eight hours after election day.
- (4)(a) By November 1, 2018, the secretary of state shall:
- (i) For each county, survey all random check procedures adopted by the county canvassing board under subsection (3) of this section; and
- (ii) Evaluate the procedures to identify the best practices and any discrepancies.
- (b) By December 15, 2018, the secretary of state shall submit a report, in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, to the appropriate committees of the legislature that provides recommendations, based on the evaluation performed under (a) of this subsection, for adopting best practices and uniform procedures.
- Sec. 11. RCW 29A.60.110 and 2013 c 11 s 61 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Immediately after their tabulation, all ballots counted at a ballot counting center must be sealed in containers that identify the primary or election and be retained for at least sixty days or according to federal law, whichever is longer.
- (2) In the presence of major party observers who are available, ballots may be removed from the sealed containers at the elections department and consolidated into one sealed container for storage purposes. The containers may only be opened by the canvassing board as part of the canvass, to conduct recounts, to conduct a random check under RCW 29A.60.170, to conduct an audit under RCW  $\underline{\text{29A.60.185}}_{\text{L}}$  or by order of the superior court in a contest or election dispute. If the canvassing board opens a ballot container, it shall make a full record of the additional tabulation or examination made of the ballots. This record must be added to any other record of the canvassing process in that county.
- **Sec. 12.** RCW 29A.12.005 and 2013 c 11 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, "voting system" means:

- (1) The total combination of mechanical, electromechanical, or electronic equipment including, but not limited to, the software, firmware, and documentation required to program, control, and support the equipment, that is used:
  - (a) To define ballots;
  - (b) To cast and count votes;
- (c) To report or display election results from the voting system; ((and))
- (d) To maintain and produce any audit trail information; and
- (e) To perform an audit under RCW 29A.60.185; and
- (2) The practices and associated documentation used:
- (a) To identify system components and versions of such components;
- (b) To test the system during its development and maintenance;
- (c) To maintain records of system errors and defects;

- (d) To determine specific system changes to be made to a system after the initial qualification of the system; and
- (e) To make available any materials to the voter such as notices, instructions, forms, or paper ballots.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 29A.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A manufacturer or distributor of a voting system or component of a voting system that is certified by the secretary of state under RCW 29A.12.020 shall disclose to the secretary of state and attorney general any breach of the security of its system immediately following discovery of the breach if:
- (a) The breach has, or is reasonably likely to have, compromised the security, confidentiality, or integrity of an election in any state; or
- (b) Personal information of residents in any state was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person as a result of the breach and the personal information was not secured. For purposes of this subsection, "personal information" has the meaning given in RCW 19.255.010.
- (2) Notification under subsection (1) of this section must be made in the most expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section
is added to chapter 29A.12 RCW to read as
follows:

- (1) The secretary of state may decertify a voting system or any component of a voting system and withdraw authority for its future use or sale in the state if, at any time after certification, the secretary of state determines that:
- (a) The system or component fails to meet the standards set forth in applicable federal guidelines;
- (b) The system or component was materially misrepresented in the certification application;
- (c) The applicant has installed unauthorized modifications to the certified software or hardware; or

- (d) Any other reason authorized by rule adopted by the secretary of state.
- (2) The secretary of state may decertify a voting system or any component of a voting system and withdraw authority for its future use or sale in the state if the manufacturer or distributor of the voting system or component thereof fails to comply with the notification requirements of section 6 of this act.
- **Sec. 15.** RCW 29A.60.125 and 2005 c 243 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- If inspection of the ballot reveals a physically damaged ballot or ballot that be otherwise unreadable uncountable by the tabulating system, the county auditor may refer the ballot to the county canvassing board or duplicate the ballot if so authorized by the county canvassing board. The voter's original ballot may not be altered. A ballot may be duplicated only if the intent of the voter's marks on the ballot is clear and the electronic voting equipment might not otherwise properly tally the ballot to reflect the intent of the voter. Ballots must be duplicated by teams of two or more people working together. When duplicating ballots, the county auditor shall take the following steps to create and maintain an audit trail of the action taken:
- (1) Each original ballot and duplicate ballot must be assigned the same unique control number, with the number being marked upon the face of each ballot, to ensure that each duplicate ballot may be tied back to the original ballot;
- (2) A log must be kept of the ballots duplicated, which must at least include:
- (a) The control number of each original ballot and the corresponding duplicate ballot;
- (b) The initials of at least two people who participated in the duplication of each ballot; and
- (c) The total number of ballots duplicated.

Original and duplicate ballots must be sealed in secure storage at all times, except during duplication, inspection by the canvassing board,  $((\Theta))$  tabulation, or to conduct an audit under RCW 29A.60.185.

- **Sec. 16.** RCW 29A.60.235 and 2017 c 300 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The county auditor shall prepare at the time of certification an election reconciliation report that discloses the following information:
  - (a) The number of registered voters;
  - (b) The number of ballots issued;
  - (c) The number of ballots received;
  - (d) The number of ballots counted;
  - (e) The number of ballots rejected;
- (f) The number of provisional ballots
  issued;
- (g) The number of provisional ballots
  received;
- (h) The number of provisional ballots counted;
- (i) The number of provisional ballots rejected;
- (j) The number of federal write-in ballots received;
- (k) The number of federal write-in ballots counted;
- (1) The number of federal write-in ballots rejected;
- (m) The number of overseas and service ballots issued by mail, email, web site link, or facsimile;
- (n) The number of overseas and service ballots received by mail, email, or facsimile;
- (o) The number of overseas and service ballots counted by mail, email, or facsimile;
- (p) The number of overseas and service ballots rejected by mail, email, or facsimile;
- (q) The number of nonoverseas and nonservice ballots sent by email, web site link, or facsimile;
- (r) The number of nonoverseas and nonservice ballots received by email or facsimile;
- (s) The number of nonoverseas and nonservice ballots that were rejected for:
- (i) Failing to send an original or hard copy of the ballot by the certification deadline; or

- (ii) Any other reason, including the reason for rejection;
- (t) The number of voters credited with voting; ((and))
- (u) The number of replacement ballots
  requested;
- (v) The number of replacement ballots
  issued;
- (w) The number of replacement ballots
  received;
- (x) The number of replacement ballots
  counted;
- (y) The number of replacement ballots
  rejected; and
- (z) Any other information the auditor or secretary of state deems necessary to reconcile the number of ballots counted with the number of voters credited with voting, and to maintain an audit trail.
- (2) The county auditor must make the report available to the public at the auditor's office and must publish the report on the auditor's web site at the time of certification. The county auditor must submit the report to the secretary of state at the time of certification in any form determined by the secretary of state.
- (3) (a) The secretary of state must collect the reconciliation reports from each county auditor and prepare a statewide reconciliation report for each state primary and general election. The report may be produced in a form determined by the secretary that includes the information as described in this subsection (3). The report must be prepared and published on the secretary of state's web site within two months after the last county's election results have been certified.
- (b) The state report must include a comparison among counties on rates of votes received, counted, and rejected, including provisional, write-in, overseas ballots, and ballots transmitted electronically. comparison information may be in the form of rankings, percentages, or other relevant quantifiable data that can be used to measure performance and trends.
- (c) The state report must also include an analysis of the data that can be used to develop a better understanding of election administration and policy. The analysis must combine data, as available, over multiple years to provide broader

comparisons and trends regarding voter registration and turnout and ballot counting. The analysis must incorporate national election statistics to the extent such information is available."

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "equipment;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 29A.60.185, 29A.60.170, 29A.60.110, 29A.12.005, 29A.60.125, and 29A.60.235; adding new sections to chapter 29A.12 RCW; and creating a new section."

and the same is herewith transmitted,

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House refused to concur in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2406 and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1524 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Drug courts remove a defendant's or respondent's case from the criminal and civil court traditional trial track and allow those defendants orrespondents opportunity to obtain treatment services to address particular issues that may have contributed to the conduct that led to their arrest or other issues before the court. Such courts, by focusing on specific individuals' needs, provide treatment for the issues presented and rapid and appropriate ensure accountability for program violations, which decreases recidivism, improves the safety of the community, and improves the life of the program participant and the lives of the participant's family members by decreasing the severity and frequency of the specific behavior addressed by the therapeutic court. Therefore, legislature finds compelling research conducted by the Washington

state institute for public policy and the research and data analysis division of the department of social and health services showing that providing recovery support services to clients in drug courts creates a benefit to the state of approximately seven dollars and sixty cents in reduced public expenditures and reduced costs of victimization for each dollar spent. Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to allow the use of a portion of the criminal justice treatment account to provide such services to foster increased success in drug courts.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 71.24.580 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 981 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The criminal justice treatment account is created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be expended solely for: (a) Substance use disorder treatment and treatment support services for offenders with a substance use disorder that, if not treated, would result in addiction, against whom charges are filed by a prosecuting attorney in Washington state; (b) the provision of substance use disorder treatment services and treatment support services for nonviolent offenders within a drug court program; and (c) the administrative and overhead costs associated with the operation of a drug court. Amounts provided in this subsection must be used for treatment and recovery support services for criminally involved offenders and authorization of these services shall not be subject to determinations of medical necessity.

  During the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium, the legislature may transfer from the criminal justice treatment account to the state general fund amounts as reflect the state savings associated with the implementation of the medicaid expansion of the federal affordable care act and the excess fund balance of the account. During the 2017-2019 fiscal biennium, the legislature may direct the state treasurer to make transfers of moneys in the criminal justice treatment account to the state general fund. It is the intent of the legislature to continue( $(-\frac{1}{2})$ ) future biennia,) in the 2019-2021 biennium the policy of transferring to the state general fund such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation.
  - (2) For purposes of this section:

- (a) "Treatment" means services that are critical to a participant's successful completion of his or her substance use disorder treatment program, ((but does not include the following services: Housing other than that provided as part of an inpatient substance use disorder treatment program, vocational training, and mental health counseling)) including but not limited to the recovery support and other programmatic elements outlined in RCW 2.30.030 authorizing therapeutic courts; and
- (b) "Treatment support" ((means)) includes transportation to or from inpatient or outpatient treatment services when no viable alternative exists, and child care services that are necessary to ensure a participant's ability to attend outpatient treatment sessions.
- (3) Revenues to the criminal justice treatment account consist of: (a) Funds transferred to the account pursuant to this section; and (b) any other revenues appropriated to or deposited in the account.
- (4) (a) For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2005, and each subsequent fiscal year, the state treasurer shall transfer eight million two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the general fund to the criminal justice treatment account, divided into four equal quarterly payments. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2006, and each subsequent fiscal year, the amount transferred shall be increased on an annual basis by the implicit price deflator as published by the federal bureau of labor statistics.
- (b) In each odd-numbered year, the legislature shall appropriate the amount transferred to the criminal justice treatment account in (a) of this subsection to the department for the purposes of subsection (5) of this section.
- (5) Moneys appropriated to the department from the criminal justice treatment account shall be distributed as specified in this subsection. The department may retain up to three percent of the amount appropriated under subsection (4)(b) of this section for its administrative costs.
- (a) Seventy percent of amounts appropriated to the department from the account shall be distributed to counties pursuant to the distribution formula

adopted under this section. The division of alcohol and substance abuse, in consultation with the department of corrections, the Washington association of counties, the Washington state association of drug court professionals, the superior court judges' association, the Washington association of prosecuting attorneys, representatives of the criminal defense bar, representatives of substance use disorder treatment providers, and any other person deemed by the department to be necessary, shall establish a fair and reasonable methodology for distribution to counties of moneys in the criminal justice treatment account. County or regional plans submitted for the expenditure of formula funds must be approved by the panel established in (b) of this subsection.

- (b) Thirty percent of the amounts appropriated to the department from the account shall be distributed as grants for purposes of treating offenders against whom charges are filed by a county prosecuting attorney. department shall appoint a panel of representatives from the Washington association of prosecuting attorneys, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs, the superior court judges' association, the Washington state association of counties, the Washington defender's association or the Washington association of criminal defense lawyers, the department of corrections, the Washington state association of drug court professionals, substance use disorder treatment providers, and the division. The panel shall review county or regional plans for funding under (a) of this subsection and grants approved under this subsection. The panel shall attempt to ensure that treatment as funded by the grants is available to offenders statewide.
- (6) The county alcohol and drug coordinator, county prosecutor, county sheriff, county superior court, a substance abuse treatment provider appointed by the county legislative authority, a member of the criminal defense bar appointed by the county legislative authority, and, in counties with a drug court, a representative of the drug court shall jointly submit a plan, approved by the county legislative authority or authorities, to the panel established in subsection (5) (b) of this section, for disposition of all the funds provided from the criminal justice

treatment account within that county. The funds shall be used solely to provide approved alcohol and substance abuse treatment pursuant to RCW 71.24.560(( $\tau$ )) and treatment support services(( $\tau$  and for the administrative and overhead costs associated with the operation of a drug court.

- (a) No more than ten percent of the total moneys received under subsections (4) and (5) of this section by a county or group of counties participating in a regional agreement shall be spent on the administrative and overhead costs associated with the operation of a drug court.
- (b)). No more than ten percent of the total moneys received under subsections (4) and (5) of this section by a county or group of counties participating in a regional agreement shall be spent for treatment support services.
- (7) Counties are encouraged to consider regional agreements and submit regional plans for the efficient delivery of treatment under this section.
- (8) Moneys allocated under this section shall be used to supplement, not supplant, other federal, state, and local funds used for substance abuse treatment.
- (9) Counties must meet the criteria established in RCW 2.30.030(3).
- (((10) The authority under this section to use funds from the criminal justice treatment account for the administrative and overhead costs associated with the operation of a drug court expires June 30, 2015.))"

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "courts;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 71.24.580; and creating a new section."

and the same is herewith transmitted,

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1524 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

#### FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Kloba and Graves spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1524, as amended by the Senate.

#### **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1524, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 98; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Rodne, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1524, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2143 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (1) "Eligible student" means a resident student who is enrolled in an accredited doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathic medicine program in the state, is making satisfactory progress, and has declared an intention to work as a physician in a rural underserved area in Washington following residency.
- (2) "Medical student loan" means a loan that is approved by the office and awarded to a participant under the program.

- (3) "Office" means the office of student financial assistance.
- (4) "Participant" means an eligible student who has received a medical student loan under the program.
- (5) "Program" means the medical student loan program.
- (6) "Rural underserved area" means a rural county as defined in RCW 82.14.370 that is also designated by the health resources and services administration as a medically underserved area or having a medically underserved population.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The medical student loan program is established to increase the physician workforce in rural underserved areas in Washington state. The program must be funded exclusively with private funding for the purpose of providing medical student loans. State funding may be used for administration of the program. The office shall administer the program and has the following powers and duties:
- (1) To design and implement a low interest medical student loan program with the following elements:
- (a) A low interest rate, comparable to or more favorable than the federal direct loan program, with interest charges that begin to accrue once the participant finishes his or her medical residency program;
- (b) An annual loan limit not to exceed forty thousand dollars and no more than the participant's estimated cost of attendance as determined by his or her medical program;
- (c) Loan repayments that do not commence until:
- (i) Six months after the participant completes his or her medical residency program; or
- (ii) Six months after a participant leaves his or her doctor of medicine program, doctor of osteopathic medicine program, or medical residency program before completing; and
- (d) An interest rate of at least twelve percent plus capitalized interest that was deferred during the participant's doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathic medicine program, and residency program, if the participant does not work as a physician in a rural

underserved area in Washington for three years following completion of his or her medical residency program;

- (2) To establish an application, selection, and notification process for awarding medical student loans to eligible students;
- (3) To define the terms of repayment, including applicable interest rates, fees, and deferments;
- (4) To collect and manage repayments on the medical student loans;
- (5) To solicit and accept grants and donations from nonstate public and private sources for the program;
- (6) To exercise discretion to revise repayment obligations in certain cases, such as economic hardship or disability;
  - (7) To publicize the program; and
  - (8) To adopt necessary rules.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The medical student loan account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. Only the executive director of the office or the executive director's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. No appropriation is required for expenditures from the account for medical student loans. An appropriation is required for expenditures from the account for costs associated with program administration by the office.
- (2) The office shall deposit into the account all moneys received for the program. Revenues to the account consist of moneys received for the program by the office, including grants and donations, and receipts from participant repayments, including principal and interest.
- (3) Expenditures from the account may be used solely for medical student loans to participants in the program established by this chapter and costs associated with program administration by the office.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The office shall submit an annual report regarding the program to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature in accordance with the reporting requirements in RCW 43.01.036.

- (2) The annual report shall describe the design and implementation of the program, and must include the following:
- (a) The number of applicants for medical student loans;
- (b) The number of participants in the program;
- (c) The number of participants in the program who complete their medical program;
- (d) The number of participants in the program who are placed in employment;
- (e) The nature of that employment, including the type of job; whether the job is full-time, part-time, or temporary; and the income range;
- (f) Whether the participant is working in a rural underserved area, and what percent of the participant's patients are served by medicaid, the children's health insurance program, apple health, or other programs with similar eligibility requirements;
- (g) Demographic profiles of both
  applicants and participants;
- (h) The amount of the private funding collected for the program; and
- (i) An estimate of when the program will be self-sustaining.
- (3) The annual report must be submitted by December 1st of each year after July 1, 2020.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 28B.145.005 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 13 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that, despite increases in degree production, there remain acute shortages in high employer demand programs of study, particularly in the science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) and health care fields of study. According to the workforce training and education coordinating board, seventeen percent of Washington businesses had difficulty finding job applicants in 2010. Eleven thousand employers did not fill a vacancy because they lacked qualified job applicants. Fifty-nine percent of projected job openings in Washington state from now until 2017 will require some form of postsecondary education and training.

It is the intent of the legislature to provide jobs and opportunity by making Washington the place where the world's most productive companies find the world's most talented people. The legislature intends to accomplish this through the creation of the opportunity scholarship and the opportunity expansion programs to help mitigate the impact of tuition increases, increase the number of baccalaureate degrees in high employer demand and other programs and advanced degrees in health professions needed in service obligation areas, and invest in programs and students to meet market demands for a knowledge-based economy while filling middle-income jobs with a sufficient supply of skilled workers.

**Sec. 6.** RCW 28B.145.010 and 2014 c 208 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Board" means the opportunity scholarship board.
- (2) "Council" means the student achievement council.
- (3) "Eligible advanced degree program" a health professional degree program beyond the baccalaureate level and includes graduate and professional degree programs.
- (4) "Eligible education programs" means high employer demand and other programs of study as determined by the board.
- $((\frac{(4+)}{)})$  <u>(5)</u> "Eligible expenses" means reasonable expenses associated with the costs of acquiring an education such as tuition, books, equipment, fees, room and board, and other expenses as determined by the program administrator in consultation with the council and the state board for community and technical colleges.
- $((\frac{(5)}{)}))$  (6) "Eligible student" means a resident student who received his or her high school diploma or high school equivalency certificate as provided in RCW 28B.50.536 in Washington and who:
- (a) (i) Has been accepted at a fouryear institution of higher education into an eligible education program leading to a baccalaureate degree;  $((\frac{6\pi}{2}))$

- (ii) Will attend a two-year institution of higher education and intends to transfer to an eligible education program at a four-year institution of higher education; or
- (iii) Has been accepted at an institution of higher education into an eligible advanced degree program and has agreed to the service obligation established by the board;
- (b) Declares an intention to obtain a baccalaureate degree or an advanced degree; and
- (c) Has a family income at or below one hundred twenty-five percent of the state median family income at the time the student applies for an opportunity scholarship.
- $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$  (7) "High employer demand program of study" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 28B.50.030.
- (((7))) <u>(8)</u> "Participant" means an eligible student who has received a scholarship under the opportunity scholarship program.
- means a ((college scholarship organization that is a)) private nonprofit corporation registered under Title 24 RCW and qualified as a taxexempt entity under section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue  $code((\sqrt{with} expertise in managing scholarships and college advising)).$
- $((\frac{(9)}{)}))$   $\underline{(10)}$  "Resident student" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 28B.15.012.
- (11) "Service obligation" means an obligation by the participant to be employed in a service obligation area in the state for a specific period to be established by the board.
- (12) "Service obligation area" means a location that meets one of the following conditions:
- (a) Has been designated by the council as an eligible site under the health professional conditional scholarship program established under chapter 28B.115 RCW;
- (b) Serves at least forty percent uninsured or medicaid enrolled patients;
- (c) Is located in a rural county as defined in RCW 82.14.370 and serves a combination of uninsured, medicaid enrolled patients, and medicare enrolled

patients, equal to at least forty percent
of the practice location's total
patients; or

- (d) Serves a public agency, nonprofit organization, or local health jurisdiction as defined in RCW 43.70.575 by providing public health services necessary to preserve, protect, and promote the health of the state's population, as determined by the board after consultation with the department of health.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 28B.145.020 and 2014 c 208 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The opportunity scholarship board is created. The board consists of eleven members:
- (a) Six members appointed by the governor. For three of the six appointments, the governor shall consider names from a list provided by the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives; and
- (b) Five foundation or business and industry representatives appointed by the governor from among the state's most productive industries such as aerospace, manufacturing, health care, information technology, engineering, agriculture, and others, as well as philanthropy. The foundation or business and industry representatives shall be selected from among nominations provided by the private donors to the opportunity scholarship and opportunity expansion programs. However, the governor may request, and the private sector donors shall provide, an additional list or lists from which the governor shall select these representatives.
- (2) Board members shall hold their offices for a term of four years from the first day of September and until their successors are appointed. No more than the terms of two members may expire simultaneously on the last day of August in any one year.
- (3) The members of the board shall elect one of the business and industry representatives to serve as chair.
- (4) Seven members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. In case of a vacancy, or when an appointment is made after the date of expiration of the term, the

- governor or the president of the senate or the speaker of the house of representatives, depending upon which made the initial appointment to that position, shall fill the vacancy for the remainder of the term of the board member whose office has become vacant or expired.
- (5) The board shall be staffed by the program administrator.
- (6) The purpose of the board is to provide oversight and guidance for the expansion and opportunity opportunity scholarship programs in light of established legislative priorities and to fulfill the duties and responsibilities under this chapter, including but not limited to determining eligible education programs and eligible advanced degree programs for purposes of the opportunity scholarship program. In determining eligible advanced degree programs, the board shall consider advanced degree programs that lead to credentials in health professions that include, but are not limited to, primary care, dental care, behavioral health, and public health. Duties, exercised jointly with the program administrator, include soliciting funds and setting annual fundraising goals.
- (7) The board may report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature with recommendations as to:
- (a) Whether some or all of the scholarships should be changed to conditional scholarships that must be repaid in the event the participant does not complete the eligible education program; ((and))
- (b) A source or sources of funds for the opportunity expansion program in addition to the voluntary contributions of the high-technology research and development tax credit under RCW 82.32.800; and
- (c) Whether the program should include a loan repayment or low-interest or no-interest loan component for the advanced degree portion of the program.
- (8) The board shall report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1st of each biennium, beginning December 1, 2019, on the following:

- (a) A list of the eligible advanced degree programs and service obligation areas;
- (b) The number of participants in eligible advanced degree programs, the number of participants completing their service obligations in a service obligation area, and the number of participants who have completed their service obligation; and
- (c) The number of participants who did not complete their service obligation who now owe a repayment obligation and the reasons why the participants did not complete their service obligations.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 28B.145.030 and 2014 c 208 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The program administrator((, under contract with the council, shall staff the board and)) shall ((have)) provide administrative support to execute the duties and responsibilities provided in this chapter, including but not limited to publicizing the program, selecting participants for the opportunity scholarship award, distributing opportunity scholarship awards, and achieving the maximum possible rate of return on investment of the accounts in subsection (2) of this section, while ensuring transparency in the investment decisions and processes. Duties, exercised jointly with the board, include soliciting funds and setting annual fundraising goals. The program administrator shall be paid an administrative fee as determined by the board.
- (2) With respect to the opportunity scholarship program, the program administrator shall:
- (a) Establish and manage ((two)) separate accounts into which to receive grants and contributions from private sources as well as state matching funds, and from which to disburse scholarship funds to participants;
- (b) Solicit and accept grants and contributions from private sources, via direct payment, pledge agreement, or escrow account, of private sources for deposit into ((one or both of the two)) any of the specified accounts created in this subsection (2) (b) upon the direction of the donor and in accordance with this subsection (2) (b):

- (i) The "scholarship account," whose principal may be invaded, and from which scholarships must be disbursed <u>for baccalaureate programs</u> beginning no later than December 1, 2011, if, by that date, state matching funds in the amount of five million dollars or more have been received. Thereafter, scholarships shall be disbursed on an annual basis beginning no later than May 1, 2012, and every October 1st thereafter;
- (ii) The "advanced degrees pathways account," whose principal may be invaded, and from which scholarships may be disbursed for eligible advanced degree programs in the fiscal year following appropriations of state matching funds. Thereafter, scholarships shall be disbursed on an annual basis;
- (iii) The "endowment account," from which scholarship moneys may be disbursed for baccalaureate programs from earnings only in years when:
- (A) The state match has been made into both the scholarship and the endowment account; and
- (B) The state appropriations for the state need grant under RCW 28B.92.010 meet or exceed state appropriations for the state need grant made in the 2011-2013 biennium, adjusted for inflation, and eligibility for state need grant recipients is at least seventy percent of state median family income; ((and
- (C) The state has demonstrated progress toward the goal of total perstudent funding levels, from state appropriations plus tuition and fees, of at least the sixtieth percentile of total per-student funding at similar public institutions of higher education in the global challenge states, as defined, measured, and reported in RCW 28B.15.068. In any year in which the office of financial management reports that the state has not made progress toward this goal, no new scholarships may be awarded. In any year in which the office of financial management reports that the percentile of total per-student funding is less than the sixtieth percentile and at least five percent less than the prior year, pledges of future grants and contributions may, at the request of the donor, be released and grants and contributions already received refunded to the extent that opportunity scholarship awards already made can be fulfilled from the funds remaining in the endowment account. In fulfilling the

requirements of this subsection, the office of financial management shall use resources that facilitate measurement and comparisons of the most recently completed academic year. These resources may include, but are not limited to, the data provided in a uniform dashboard format under RCW 28B.77.090 as the statewide public four-year dashboard and academic year reports prepared by the state board for community and technical colleges;

 $\frac{\text{(iii)}}{\text{(iv)}}$  An amount equal to at least fifty percent of all grants and contributions must be deposited into the scholarship account until such time as twenty million dollars have been deposited into the account, after which time the private donors may designate whether their contributions must be deposited to the scholarship, the advanced degrees pathways, or the endowment account  $\underline{s}$ . The board and the program administrator must work to maximize private sector contributions to  $((\frac{both}{}))$  the scholarship account, the advanced degrees pathways account, and the endowment account, to maintain a robust scholarship program while simultaneously building the endowment, and to determine the division between the ((<del>two</del>)) scholarship, the advanced degrees pathways, and the endowment accounts in the case of undesignated grants and contributions, taking into account the need for a long-term funding mechanism and the short-term needs of families and students in Washington. The first five million dollars in state match, as provided in RCW 28B.145.040, shall be deposited into the scholarship account and thereafter the state match shall be deposited into the ((two))accounts in equal proportion to the private funds deposited in each account, except that no more than one million dollars in state match shall be deposited into the advanced degrees pathways account in a single fiscal biennium; and

((\(\frac{\(i\varphi\)}{\(i\varphi\)}\)) \(\(\varphi\)\) Once moneys in the opportunity scholarship match transfer account are subject to an agreement under RCW 28B.145.050(5) and are deposited in the scholarship account, advanced degrees pathways account, or endowment account under this section, the state acts in a fiduciary rather than ownership capacity with regard to those assets. Assets in the scholarship account, and endowment account are not considered

state money, common cash, or revenue to the state;

- (c) Provide proof of receipt of grants and contributions from private sources to the council, identifying the amounts received by name of private source and date, and whether the amounts received were deposited into the scholarship, the advanced degrees pathways, or the endowment accounts;
- (d) In consultation with the council and the state board for community and technical colleges, make an assessment of the reasonable annual eligible expenses associated with eligible education programs and eligible advanced degree programs identified by the board;
- (e) Determine the dollar difference between tuition fees charged by institutions of higher education in the 2008-09 academic year and the academic year for which an opportunity scholarship is being distributed;
- (f) Develop and implement an application, selection, and notification process for awarding opportunity scholarships;
- (g) Determine the annual amount of the opportunity scholarship for each selected participant. The annual amount shall be at least one thousand dollars or the amount determined under (e) of this subsection, but may be increased on an income-based, sliding scale basis up to the amount necessary to cover all reasonable annual eligible expenses as assessed pursuant to (d) of this subsection, or to encourage participation in baccalaureate degree programs or eligible advanced degree programs identified by the board;
- (h) Distribute scholarship funds to selected participants. Once awarded, and to the extent funds are available for distribution, an opportunity scholarship shall be automatically renewed as long as the participant annually submits documentation of filing both a free application for federal student aid and for available federal education tax credits including, but not limited to, the American opportunity tax credit, or if ineligible to apply for federal student aid, the participant annually submits documentation of filing a state financial aid application as approved by the office of student financial assistance; and until the participant withdraws from or is no longer attending the program, completes the program, or

has taken the credit or clock hour equivalent of one hundred twenty-five percent of the published length of time of the participant's program, whichever occurs first((, and as long as the participant annually submits documentation of filing both a free application for federal student aid and for available federal education tax credits, including but not limited to the American opportunity tax credit)); ((and))

- (i) Notify institutions of scholarship recipients who will attend their institutions and inform them of the terms of the students' eligibility:
- (j) Establish a required service obligation for participants enrolled in an eligible advanced degree program, and establish a process for verifying a participant's employment in a service obligation area; and
- (k) Establish a repayment obligation and appeals process for participants who serve less than the required service obligation, unless the program administrator determines the circumstances are beyond the participant's control. If the participant is unable to pay the the repayment obligation in full, participant may enter into payment arrangements with the program administrator. The program administrator is responsible for the collection of repayment obligations on behalf of participants who fail to complete their service obligation.
- (3) With respect to the opportunity expansion program, the program administrator shall:
- (a) Assist the board in developing and implementing an application, selection, and notification process for making opportunity expansion awards; and
- (b) Solicit and accept grants and contributions from private sources for opportunity expansion awards.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 28B.145.040 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 13 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The opportunity scholarship program is established.
- (2) The purpose of this scholarship program is to provide scholarships that will help low and middle-income

- Washington residents earn baccalaureate degrees in high employer demand and other programs of study and advanced degrees in health professions needed in service obligation areas, and encourage them to remain in the state to work. The program must be designed for ((both)) students starting at two-year institutions of higher education and intending to transfer to four-year institutions of higher education ((and)), students starting at four-year institutions of higher education, and students enrolled in an eligible advanced degree program.
- (3) The opportunity scholarship board shall determine which programs of study, including but not limited to high employer demand programs, are eligible for purposes of the opportunity scholarship. For eligible advanced degree programs, the board shall limit scholarships to eligible students enrolling in programs that lead to credentials in health professions needed in service obligation areas.
- (4) The source of funds for the program shall be a combination of private grants and contributions and state matching funds. A state match may be earned under this section for private contributions made on or after June 6, 2011. A state match, up to a maximum of fifty million dollars annually, shall be provided beginning the later of January 1, 2014, or January 1st next following the end of the fiscal year in which collections of state retail sales and use tax, state business and occupation tax, and state public utility tax exceed, by ten percent the amounts collected from these tax resources in the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2008, as determined by the department of revenue.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 28B.145.090 and 2014 c 208 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The board may elect to have the state investment board invest the funds in the scholarship account, the advanced degrees pathways account, and the endowment account described under RCW 28B.145.030(2)(b). If the board so elects, the state investment board has the full power to invest, reinvest, manage, contract, sell, or exchange investment money in the ((two)) accounts. All investment and operating costs associated with the investment of money shall be paid under RCW 43.33A.160 and

- 43.84.160. With the exception of these expenses, the earnings from the investment of the money shall be retained by the accounts.
- (2) All investments made by the state investment board shall be made with the exercise of that degree of judgment and care under RCW 43.33A.140 and the investment policy established by the state investment board.
- (3) As deemed appropriate by the state investment board, money in the scholarship, advanced degrees pathways, and endowment accounts may be commingled for investment with other funds subject to investment by the state investment board.
- (4) Members of the state investment board shall not be considered an insurer of the funds or assets and are not liable for any action or inaction.
- (5) Members of the state investment board are not liable to the state, to the fund, or to any other person as a result of their activities as members, whether ministerial or discretionary, except for willful dishonesty or intentional violations of law. The state investment board in its discretion may purchase liability insurance for members.
- (6) The authority to establish all policies relating to the scholarship account, the advanced degrees pathways account, and the endowment account, other than the investment policies as provided in subsections (1) through (3) of this section, resides with the board and administrator acting program accordance with the principles set forth in this chapter. With the exception of expenses of the state investment board in (1) subsection of this section, disbursements from the scholarship account, the advanced degrees pathways account, and the endowment account shall be made only on the authorization of the opportunity scholarship board or its designee, and moneys in the accounts may be spent only for the purposes specified in this chapter.
- (7) The state investment board shall routinely consult and communicate with the board on the investment policy, earnings of the accounts, and related needs of the program.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 1 through 4 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 28B RCW."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "students;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28B.145.005, 28B.145.010, 28B.145.020, 28B.145.030, 28B.145.040, and 28B.145.090; and adding a new chapter to Title 28B RCW."

and the same is herewith transmitted,

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2143 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Haler and Pollet spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

#### MOTION

On motion of Representative Harris, Representative Rodne was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2143, as amended by the Senate.

# **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2143, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 94; Nays, 3; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives McCaslin, Shea and Taylor. Excused: Representative Rodne.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2143, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2177 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature recognizes that:

- (a) According to research from Georgetown University, by the year 2020, seventy percent of jobs in Washington state will require at least some education and training beyond high school, which aligns with Washington's educational attainment goals established under RCW 28B.77.020; and
- (b) Research by the state board for community and technical colleges and other entities has found that attending college for at least one year and earning a credential results in a substantial boost in earnings for adults who enter a community college with a high school diploma or less.
- (2) In addition, the legislature finds that:
- (a) Rural counties face unique challenges to achieving full economic and community development in the face of societal trends that concentrate job and population growth in larger metropolitan areas. For example, seventy-five percent of the job growth in Washington by 2018 is projected to be confined to just five large counties. In addition, two-thirds of the state's recent population growth has occurred in the three largest counties and seven counties have actually lost population in recent years.
- (b) One barrier to economic growth and investment in many rural counties is the lack of a trained, qualified workforce for the opportunities present in rural areas, particularly in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) and health care fields of study. These opportunities often require specialized skills tailored for specific, regional employer needs. In many cases, employment opportunities are available in rural communities; however, some assistance is needed to help local

residents acquire the skills necessary to access the opportunities in their own backyards.

- (3) The legislature declares that opportunity, community vitality, quality of life, and prosperity are essential for all Washington communities. Therefore, the legislature intends to create a program to assist rural communities in growing the workforce the community needs to meet its specific industry sector demands.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 28B.145.020 and 2014 c 208 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The opportunity scholarship board is created. The board consists of eleven members:
- (a) Six members appointed by the governor. For three of the six appointments, the governor shall consider names from a list provided by the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives; and
- (b) Five foundation or business and industry representatives appointed by the governor from among the state's most productive industries such as aerospace, manufacturing, health care, information technology, engineering, agriculture, and others, as well as philanthropy. The foundation or business and industry representatives shall be selected from among nominations provided by the private donors to the opportunity scholarship and opportunity expansion programs. However, the governor may request, and the private sector donors shall provide, an additional list or lists from which the governor shall select these representatives.
- (2) Board members shall hold their offices for a term of four years from the first day of September and until their successors are appointed. No more than the terms of two members may expire simultaneously on the last day of August in any one year.
- (3) The members of the board shall elect one of the business and industry representatives to serve as chair.
- (4) Seven members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. In case of a vacancy, or when an appointment is made after the date of expiration of the term, the

governor or the president of the senate or the speaker of the house of representatives, depending upon which made the initial appointment to that position, shall fill the vacancy for the remainder of the term of the board member whose office has become vacant or expired.

- (5) The board shall be staffed by the program administrator.
- (6) The purpose of the board is to provide oversight and guidance for the opportunity expansion ((and)), the opportunity scholarship programs, and the rural jobs program, in light of established legislative priorities and to fulfill the duties and responsibilities under this chapter, including but not limited to determining eligible education programs for purposes of the opportunity scholarship program and rural jobs program. Duties, exercised jointly with the program administrator, include soliciting funds and setting annual fund-raising goals.
- (7) The board may report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature with recommendations as to:
- (a) Whether some or all of the scholarships should be changed to conditional scholarships that must be repaid in the event the participant does not complete the eligible education program; and
- (b) A source or sources of funds for the opportunity expansion program in addition to the voluntary contributions of the high-technology research and development tax credit under RCW 82.32.800.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 28B.145.090 and 2014 c 208 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The board may elect to have the state investment board invest the funds in the student support pathways account and the scholarship account and endowment account described under RCW 28B.145.030(2)(b). If the board so elects, the state investment board has the full power to invest, reinvest, manage, contract, sell, or exchange investment money in the ((two)) three accounts. All investment and operating costs associated with the investment of money shall be paid under RCW 43.33A.160 and 43.84.160. With the exception of

these expenses, the earnings from the investment of the money shall be retained by the accounts.

- (2) All investments made by the state investment board shall be made with the exercise of that degree of judgment and care under RCW 43.33A.140 and the investment policy established by the state investment board.
- (3) As deemed appropriate by the state investment board, money in the <u>student</u> support pathways account, scholarship account, and endowment ((accounts)) account may be commingled for investment with other funds subject to investment by the state investment board.
- (4) Members of the state investment board shall not be considered an insurer of the funds or assets and are not liable for any action or inaction.
- (5) Members of the state investment board are not liable to the state, to the fund, or to any other person as a result of their activities as members, whether ministerial or discretionary, except for willful dishonesty or intentional violations of law. The state investment board in its discretion may purchase liability insurance for members.
- (6) The authority to establish all policies relating to the student support pathways account, scholarship account, and ((the)) endowment account, other than the investment policies as provided in subsections (1) through (3) of this section, resides with the board and administrator acting program accordance with the principles set forth in this chapter. With the exception of expenses of the state investment board in subsection (1) of this section, disbursements from the student support pathways account, scholarship account, and endowment account shall be made only on the authorization of the opportunity scholarship board or its designee, and moneys in the accounts may be spent only for the purposes specified in this chapter.
- (7) The state investment board shall routinely consult and communicate with the board on the investment policy, earnings of the accounts, and related needs of the program.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28B.145 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) (a) The rural county high employer demand jobs program is created to meet the workforce needs of business and industry in rural counties by assisting students in earning certificates, associate degrees, or other industry-recognized credentials necessary for employment in high employer demand fields.
- (b) Subject to the requirements of this section, the rural jobs program provides selected students scholarship funds and support services, as determined by the board, to help students meet their eligible expenses when they enroll in a community or technical college program that prepares them for high employer demand fields.
- (c) The source of funds for the rural jobs program shall be a combination of private donations, grants, and contributions and state matching funds.
- (2) The program administrator has the duties and responsibilities provided under this section, including but not limited to:
- (a) Publicizing the rural jobs program and conducting outreach to eligible counties;
- (b) In consultation with the state board for community and technical colleges, any interested community or technical college located in an eligible county, and the county's workforce development council, identify high employer demand fields within the eligible counties. When identifying high employer demand fields, the board must consider:
- (i) County-specific employer demand reports issued by the employment security department or the list of statewide high-demand programs for secondary career and technical education established under RCW 28A.700.020; and
- (ii) The ability and capacity of the community and technical college to meet the needs of qualifying students and industry in the eligible county;
- (c) Develop and implement an application, selection, and notification process for awarding rural jobs program scholarship funds. In making determinations on scholarship recipients, the board shall use county-specific employer high-demand data;

- (d) Determine the annual scholarship fund amounts to be awarded to selected students;
- (e) Distribute funds to selected students;
- (f) Notify institutions of higher education of the rural jobs program recipients who will attend their institutions of higher education and inform them of the scholarship fund amounts and terms of the awards; and
- (g) Establish and manage an account as provided under section 5 of this act to receive donations, grants, contributions from private sources, and state matching funds, and from which to disburse scholarship funds to selected students.
- (3) To be eligible for scholarship funds under the rural jobs program, a student must:
- (a) Be a resident of an eligible county or have attended and graduated from a school in an eligible school district;
- (b) Be a resident student as defined in RCW 28B.15.012;
- (c) Be enrolled in a community or technical college established under chapter 28B.50 RCW located in an eligible county;
- (d) Be in a certificate, degree, or other industry-recognized credential or training program that has been identified by the board as a program that prepares students for a high employer demand field;
- (e) Have a family income that does not exceed seventy percent of the state median family income adjusted for family size; and
- (f) Demonstrate financial need according to the free application for federal student aid or the Washington application for state financial aid.
- (4) To remain eligible for scholarship funds under the rural jobs program, the student must maintain a cumulative grade point average of 2.0.
- (5) A scholarship award under the rural jobs program may not result in a reduction of any gift aid. Nothing in this section creates any right or entitlement.

- $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 28B.145 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) For the purposes of the rural jobs program, the program administrator shall:
- (a) Jointly with the board, solicit and accept donations, grants, and contributions from private sources via direct payment, pledge agreement, or escrow account, for deposit into the student support pathways account created in this section, and set annual fundraising goals;
- (b) Establish and manage the student support pathways account to receive grants, contributions from private sources, and state matching funds, and from which to disburse scholarship funds to selected students; and
- (c) Provide proof of receipt of grants and contributions from private sources to the council, identifying the amounts received by the name of the private source and date received, and whether the amounts received were deposited into the student support pathways account.
- (2) The student support pathways account, whose principal may be invaded, must be created by the board from which scholarship funds will be disbursed beginning no later than the fall term of the 2020 academic year, if by that date, state matching funds have been received. Thereafter, scholarship funds shall be disbursed on an annual basis.
- $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$  **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.145 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The rural jobs program match transfer account is created in the custody of the state treasurer as a nonappropriated account to be used solely and exclusively for the rural jobs program created in section 4 of this act. The purpose of the rural jobs program match transfer account is to provide state matching funds for the rural jobs program.
- (2) Revenues to the rural jobs program match transfer account shall consist of appropriations by the legislature into the rural jobs program match transfer account.
- (3) No expenditures from the rural jobs program match transfer account may

- be made except upon receipt of proof, by the executive director of the council from the program administrator, of private contributions to the rural jobs program. Expenditures, in the form of matching funds, may not exceed the total amount of private contributions.
- (4) Only the executive director of the council or the executive director's designee may authorize expenditures from the rural jobs program match transfer account. Such authorization must be made as soon as practicable following receipt of proof as required under this section.
- (5)(a) The council shall enter into an appropriate agreement with the program administrator to demonstrate exchange of consideration for the matching funds.
- (b) Once moneys in the rural jobs program match transfer account are subject to an agreement under this subsection and are deposited in the student support pathways account, the state acts in a fiduciary rather than ownership capacity with regard to those assets. Assets in the student support pathways account are not considered state money, common cash, or revenue to the state.
- (6) The state match must not exceed one million dollars in a single fiscal biennium and must be based on donations and pledges received by the rural jobs program as of the date each official state caseload forecast is submitted by the caseload forecast council to the legislative fiscal committees, as provided under RCW 43.88C.020. Nothing in this section expands or modifies the responsibilities of the caseload forecast council.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 28B.145 RCW to read as follows:

The total amount of state matching funds for the rural jobs program shall not exceed one million dollars in a single fiscal biennium.

- **Sec. 8.** RCW 28B.145.070 and 2014 c 208 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Annually each December 1st, the board, together with the program administrator, shall report to the council, the governor, and the appropriate committees of the

legislature regarding the <u>rural jobs</u>
<u>program and</u> opportunity scholarship and
opportunity expansion programs,
including but not limited to:

- (a) Which education programs the board determined were eligible for purposes of the opportunity scholarship and which high employer demand fields within eligible counties were identified for purposes of the rural jobs program;
- (b) The number of applicants for the opportunity scholarship and rural jobs program, disaggregated, to the extent possible, by race, ethnicity, gender, county of origin, age, and median family income:
- (c) The number of participants in the opportunity scholarship program <u>and rural jobs program</u>, disaggregated, to the extent possible, by race, ethnicity, gender, county of origin, age, and median family income;
- (d) The number and amount of the scholarships actually awarded, ((and)) whether the scholarships were paid from the student support pathways account, the scholarship account, or the endowment account, and the number and amount of scholarships actually awarded under the rural jobs program;
- (e) The institutions and eligible education programs in which opportunity scholarship participants enrolled, together with data regarding participants' completion and graduation, and the institutions and programs in which recipients of the rural jobs program scholarship enrolled, together with recipients' data on completion and graduation;
- (f) The total amount of private contributions and state match moneys received for the rural jobs program and the opportunity scholarship program, how the funds under the opportunity scholarship program were distributed between the student support pathways account, the scholarship account, and the endowment account((a)), the interest or other earnings on all the accounts created under this chapter, and the amount of any administrative fee paid to the program administrator; and
- (g) Identification of the programs the board selected to receive opportunity expansion awards and the amount of such awards.

- (2) In the next succeeding legislative session following receipt of a report required under subsection (1) of this section, the appropriate committees of the legislature shall review the report and consider whether any legislative action is necessary with respect to ((either)) the rural jobs program, the opportunity scholarship program, or the opportunity expansion program, including but not limited to consideration of whether any legislative action is necessary with respect to the nature and level of focus on high employer demand fields and the number and amount of scholarships.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 28B.145.010 and 2014 c 208 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Board" means the opportunity scholarship board.
- (2) "Council" means the student achievement council.
- meaning as "rural county" has the same meaning as "rural county" as defined in RCW 82.14.370 and also includes any county that shares a common border with Canada and has a population of over one hundred twenty-five thousand.
- $\underline{\mbox{(4)}}$  "Eligible education programs" means high employer demand and other programs of study as determined by the board.
- $((\frac{(4)}{(4)}))$   $\underline{(5)}$  "Eligible expenses" means reasonable expenses associated with the costs of acquiring an education such as tuition, books, equipment, fees, room and board, and other expenses as determined by the program administrator in consultation with the council and the state board for community and technical colleges.
- $\begin{array}{c} \text{((<del>(5)</del>)) (6) "Eligible school district"} \\ \underline{\text{means a school district of the second}} \\ \underline{\text{class as identified in RCW}} \\ \underline{28A.300.065(2)}. \end{array}$
- (7) "Eligible student" means a resident student who received his or her high school diploma or high school equivalency certificate as provided in RCW 28B.50.536 in Washington and who:
- (a)(i) Has been accepted at a fouryear institution of higher education into

an eligible education program leading to a baccalaureate degree; or

- (ii) Will attend a two-year
  institution of higher education and
  intends to transfer to an eligible
  education program at a four-year
  institution of higher education;
- (b) Declares an intention to obtain a baccalaureate degree; and
- (c) Has a family income at or below one hundred twenty-five percent of the state median family income at the time the student applies for an opportunity scholarship.
- $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$  (8) "Gift aid" means financial aid received from the federal Pell grant, the state need grant program in chapter 28B.92 RCW, the college bound scholarship program in chapter 28B.118 RCW, the opportunity grant program in chapter 28B.50 RCW, the opportunity scholarship program in this chapter, or any other state grant, scholarship, or worker retraining program that provides funds for educational purposes with no obligation of repayment. "Gift aid" does not include student loans, work-study programs, the basic food employment and training program administered by the department of social and health services, or other employment assistance programs that provide job readiness opportunities and support beyond the costs of tuition, books, and fees.
- (9) "High employer demand program of study" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 28B.50.030.
- ((<del>(7)</del>)) <u>(10)</u> "Participant" means an eligible student who has received a scholarship under the opportunity scholarship program.
- $((\frac{(8)}{)}))$   $(\underline{11})$  "Program administrator" means a college scholarship organization that is a private nonprofit corporation registered under Title 24 RCW and qualified as a tax-exempt entity under section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code, with expertise in managing scholarships and college advising.
- $((\frac{(9)}{)}))$   $\underline{(12)}$  "Resident student" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 28B.15.012.
- (13) "Rural jobs program" means the rural county high employer demand jobs program created in this chapter."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "program;" strike the remainder of the

title and insert "amending RCW 28B.145.020, 28B.145.090, 28B.145.070, and 28B.145.010; adding new sections to chapter 28B.145 RCW; and creating a new section."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2177 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Chapman and Holy spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2177, as amended by the Senate.

# ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2177, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Rodne.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2177, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

# MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2667 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

- "Sec. 1. RCW 74.04.805 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 10 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department is responsible for determining eligibility for referral for essential needs and housing support under RCW 43.185C.220. Persons eligible are persons who:
- (a) Are incapacitated from gainful employment by reason of bodily or mental infirmity that will likely continue for a minimum of ninety days. The standard for incapacity in this subsection, as evidenced by the ninety-day duration standard, is not intended to be as stringent as federal supplemental security income disability standards;
- (b) Are citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise residing in the United States under color of law;
- (c) Have furnished the department their social security number. If the social security number cannot be furnished because it has not been issued or is not known, an application for a number must be made prior to authorization of benefits, and the social security number must be provided to the department upon receipt;
- (d) Have countable income as described in RCW 74.04.005 at or below four hundred twenty-eight dollars for a married couple or at or below three hundred thirty-nine dollars for a single individual;
- (e) Do not have countable resources in excess of those described in RCW 74.04.005; and
  - (f) Are not eligible for:
- (i) ((The aged, blind, or disabled assistance program;
- $\frac{\text{(ii)}}{\text{(ii)}}$ )) The pregnant women assistance program; or
- $((\frac{(iii)}{)}))$   $\underline{(ii)}$  Federal aid assistance, other than basic food benefits transferred electronically and medical assistance.
- (2) Recipients of aged, blind, or disabled assistance program benefits who meet other eligibility requirements in this section are eligible for a referral

- for essential needs and housing support services within funds appropriated for the department of commerce.
- (3) The following persons are not eligible for a referral for essential needs and housing support:
- (a) ((Persons who are unemployable due primarily to alcohol or drug addiction, except as provided in subsection (3) of this subsection. These persons must be referred to appropriate assessment, treatment, shelter, or supplemental security income referral services as authorized under chapter 74.50 RCW. Referrals must be made at the time of application or at the time of eligibility review. This subsection may not be construed to prohibit the department from making a referral for essential needs and housing report for persons who have a substance abuse addiction who are incapacitated due to other physical or mental conditions that meet eligibility criteria for a referral for essential needs and housing support;
- (b))) Persons who refuse or fail to cooperate in obtaining federal aid assistance, without good cause;
- ((<del>(c)</del>)) (b) Persons who refuse or fail without good cause to participate in drug or alcohol treatment if an assessment by a certified chemical dependency counselor indicates a need for such treatment. Good cause must be found to exist when a person's physical or mental condition, as determined by the department, prevents the person from participating in drug or alcohol dependency treatment, when needed outpatient drug or alcohol treatment is not available to the person in the county of his or her residence or when needed inpatient treatment is not available in a location that is reasonably accessible for the person; and
- ((\(\frac{(d)}{(d)}\)) (c) Persons who are fleeing to avoid prosecution of, or to avoid custody or confinement for conviction of, a felony, or an attempt to commit a felony, under the laws of the state of Washington or the place from which the person flees; or who are violating a condition of probation, community supervision, or parole imposed under federal or state law for a felony or gross misdemeanor conviction.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$   $\underline{(4)}$  For purposes of determining whether a person is incapacitated from gainful employment under subsection (1) of this section:

- (a) The department shall adopt by rule medical criteria for incapacity determinations to ensure that eligibility decisions are consistent with statutory requirements and are based on clear, objective medical information; and
- (b) The process implementing the medical criteria must involve consideration of opinions of the treating or consulting physicians or health care professionals regarding incapacity, and any eligibility decision which rejects uncontroverted medical opinion must set forth clear and convincing reasons for doing so.
- ((\(\frac{(+4)}{4}\))) (5) For purposes of reviewing a person's continuing eligibility and in order to remain eligible for the program, persons who have been found to have an incapacity from gainful employment must demonstrate that there has been no material improvement in their medical or mental health condition. The department may discontinue benefits when there was specific error in the prior determination that found the person eligible by reason of incapacitation.
- $((\frac{(5)}{)})$   $\underline{(6)}$  The department must review the cases of all persons who have received benefits under the essential needs and housing support program for twelve consecutive months, and at least annually after the first review, to determine whether they are eligible for the aged, blind, or disabled assistance program.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 74.62.030 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 10 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a)((Effective November 1, 2011,))
  The aged, blind, or disabled assistance program shall provide financial grants to persons in need who:
- (i) Are not eligible to receive federal aid assistance, other than basic food benefits transferred electronically and medical assistance;
- (ii) Meet the eligibility requirements
  of subsection (3) of this section; and
- (iii) Are aged, blind, or disabled. For purposes of determining eligibility for assistance for the aged, blind, or disabled assistance program, the following definitions apply:

- (A) "Aged" means age sixty-five or older.
- (B) "Blind" means statutorily blind as defined for the purpose of determining eligibility for the federal supplemental security income program.
- (C) "Disabled" means likely to meet the federal supplemental security income disability standard. In making this determination, the department should give full consideration to the cumulative impact of an applicant's multiple impairments, an applicant's age, and vocational and educational history.
- In determining whether a person is disabled, the department may rely on, but is not limited to, the following:
- (I) A previous disability determination by the social security administration or the disability determination service entity within the department; or
- (II) A determination that an individual is eligible to receive optional categorically needy medicaid as a disabled person under the federal regulations at 42 C.F.R. Parts 435, Secs. 201(a)(3) and 210.
- (b) The following persons are not eligible for the aged, blind, or disabled assistance program:
- (i) Persons who are not able to engage in gainful employment due primarily to alcohol or drug addiction. These persons shall be referred to appropriate assessment, treatment, shelter, or supplemental security income referral services as authorized under chapter 74.50 RCW. Referrals shall be made at the time of application or at the time of eligibility review. This subsection may not be construed to prohibit the department from granting aged, blind, or disabled assistance benefits to alcoholics and drug addicts who are incapacitated due to other physical or mental conditions that meet the eligibility criteria for the aged, blind, or disabled assistance program; or
- (ii) Persons for whom there has been a final determination of ineligibility for federal supplemental security income benefits.
- (c) Persons may receive aged, blind, or disabled assistance benefits <u>and essential needs and housing program support under RCW 43.185C.220 concurrently while pending application</u>

for federal supplemental security income benefits. The monetary value of any aged, blind, or disabled assistance benefit that is subsequently duplicated by the person's receipt of supplemental security income for the same period shall be considered a debt due the state and shall by operation of law be subject to recovery through all available legal remedies.

- (2) ((Effective November 1, 2011,)) The pregnant women assistance program shall provide financial grants to persons who:
- (a) Are not eligible to receive federal aid assistance other than basic food benefits or medical assistance; and
- (b) Are pregnant and in need, based upon the current income and resource standards of the federal temporary assistance for needy families program, but are ineligible for federal temporary assistance for needy families benefits for a reason other than failure to cooperate in program requirements; and
- (c) Meet the eligibility requirements of subsection (3) of this section.
- (3) To be eligible for the aged, blind, or disabled assistance program under subsection (1) of this section or the pregnant women assistance program under subsection (2) of this section, a person must:
- (a) Be a citizen or alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise residing in the United States under color of law;
- (b) Meet the income and resource
  standards described in RCW 74.04.805(1)
  (d) and (e);
- (c) Have furnished the department his or her social security number. If the social security number cannot be furnished because it has not been issued or is not known, an application for a number shall be made prior to authorization of benefits, and the social security number shall be provided to the department upon receipt;
- (d) Not have refused or failed without good cause to participate in drug or alcohol treatment if an assessment by a certified chemical dependency counselor indicates a need for such treatment. Good cause must be found to exist when a person's physical or mental condition, as determined by the department, prevents the person from participating in drug or

- alcohol dependency treatment, when needed outpatient drug or alcohol treatment is not available to the person in the county of his or her residence or when needed inpatient treatment is not available in a location that is reasonably accessible for the person; and
- (e) Not have refused or failed to cooperate in obtaining federal aid assistance, without good cause.
- (4) ((Effective November 1, 2011,)) Referrals for essential needs and housing support under RCW 43.185C.220 shall be provided to persons found eligible under RCW 74.04.805.
- (5) No person may be considered an eligible individual for benefits under this section with respect to any month if during that month the person:
- (a) Is fleeing to avoid prosecution of, or to avoid custody or confinement for conviction of, a felony, or an attempt to commit a felony, under the laws of the state of Washington or the place from which the person flees; or
- (b) Is violating a condition of probation, community supervision, or parole imposed under federal or state law for a felony or gross misdemeanor conviction.
- data for individuals eligible for essential needs and housing support with the department of commerce and designated essential needs and housing support entities as required under RCW 43.185C.230.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 43.185C.230 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 10 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The department, in collaboration with the department of social and health services, shall:

- (1) Develop a mechanism through which the department and local governments or community-based organizations can verify a person has been determined eligible by the department of social and health services and remains eligible for the essential needs and housing support program; and
- (2) Provide a secure and current list of individuals eligible for the essential needs and housing support program to designated entities within each county. The list must be updated at least monthly

and include, as available and applicable,
the eligible individual's:

- (a) Name;
- (b) Address;
- (c) Phone number;
- (d) Shelter location; and
- (e) Case manager contact information.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Sections 1 and 2 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately."

On page 1, line 4 of the title, after "programs;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 74.04.805, 74.62.030, and 43.185C.230; and declaring an emergency."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2667 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Macri and Dent spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2667, as amended by the Senate.

# ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2667, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 90; Nays, 7; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pollet,

Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Volz, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Chandler, Kraft, McDonald, Pike, Taylor, Vick and Walsh.

Excused: Representative Rodne.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2667, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 2667.

Representative McDonald, 25 District

### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 2892 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 36.28A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall develop and implement a mental health field response grant program. The purpose of the program is to assist local law enforcement agencies to establish and expand mental health field response capabilities, utilizing mental health professionals professionally, to humanely, and safely respond to crises involving persons with behavioral health issues with treatment, diversion, and reduced incarceration time as primary goals. A portion of the grant funds may also be used to develop data management capability to support the program.
- (2) Grants must be awarded to local law enforcement agencies based on locally developed proposals to incorporate mental health professionals into the agencies' mental health field response planning and response. Two or more agencies may submit a joint grant proposal to develop their mental health

field response proposals. Proposals must provide a plan for improving mental health field response and diversion from incarceration through modifying or expanding law enforcement practices in partnership with mental health professionals. A peer review panel appointed by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs in consultation with integrated managed care organizations and behavioral health organizations must review the grant Once the Washington applications. association of sheriffs and police chiefs certifies that the application satisfies the proposal criteria, the grant funds will be distributed. To the extent possible, at least one grant recipient agency should be from the east side of the state and one from the west side of the state with the crest of the Cascades being the dividing line. The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall make every effort to fund at least eight grants per fiscal year with funding provided for this purpose from all allowable sources under this section. The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs may prioritize grant applications that include local matching funds. Grant recipients must be selected and receiving funds no later than October 1, 2018.

- (3) Grant recipients must include at least one mental health professional who will perform professional services under the plan. A mental health professional may assist patrolling officers in the field or in an on-call capacity, provide preventive, follow-up, training on mental health field response best practices, or other services at the direction of the local law enforcement agency. Nothing in this subsection (3) limits the mental health professional's participation to field patrol. Grant recipients are encouraged to coordinate with local public safety answering points to maximize the goals of the program.
- (4) Within existing resources, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall:
- (a) Consult with the department of social and health services research and data analysis unit to establish data collection and reporting guidelines for grant recipients. The data will be used to study and evaluate whether the use of mental health field response programs improves outcomes of interactions with persons experiencing behavioral health

crises, including reducing rates of violence and harm, reduced arrests, and jail or emergency room usage;

- (b) Consult with the department of social and health services behavioral health administration and the managed care system to develop requirements for participating mental health professionals; and
- (c) Coordinate with public safety answering points, behavioral health, and the department of social and health services to develop and incorporate telephone triage criteria or dispatch protocols to assist with mental health, law enforcement, and emergency medical responses involving mental health situations.
- (5) The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall submit an annual report to the governor and appropriate committees of the legislature on the program. The report must include information on grant recipients, use of funds, participation of mental health professionals, and feedback from the grant recipients by December 1st of each year the program is funded.
- (6) Grant recipients shall develop and provide or arrange for training necessary for mental health professionals to operate successfully and competently in partnership with law enforcement agencies. The training must provide the professionals with a working knowledge of law enforcement procedures and tools sufficient to provide for the safety of the professionals, partnered law enforcement officers, and members of the public.
- (7) Nothing in this section prohibits the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs from soliciting or accepting private funds to support the program created in this section."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "program;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new section to chapter 36.28A RCW."

and the same is herewith transmitted,

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

# SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to HOUSE BILL NO. 2892 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representative Lovick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of House Bill No. 2892, as amended by the Senate.

#### **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2892, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Doglio, Dolan, Dye, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Graves, Gregerson, Griffey, Haler, Hansen, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Hudgins, Irwin, Jenkin, Jinkins, Johnson, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, Lovick, Lytton, MacEwen, Macri, Manweller, Maycumber, McBride, McCaslin, McDonald, Morris, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pike, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shea, Slatter, Smith, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Taylor, Tharinger, Valdez, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mr. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Rodne.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2892, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 2, 2018

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2382 with the following amendment:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

#### "PART 1 - INVENTORY OF STATE PROPERTY

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 43.63A.510 and 1993 c 461 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department (( $\frac{1}{3}$ )  $\frac{1}{3}$  work with the (( $\frac{1}{3}$ )  $\frac{1}{3}$ ) work resources, transportation, social and health services, corrections, and  $\frac{1}{3}$ 0 designated  $\frac{1}{3}$ 0 agencies to identify (( $\frac{1}{3}$ ), catalog,

- and recommend best use of under-utilized, state-owned land and property suitable for the development of affordable housing for very low-income, low-income moderate-income households. ((<del>departments of natural</del> transportation, social and health services, corrections, general administration shall)) designated agencies must provide an inventory of property that is owned administered by each agency and is vacant or available for lease or sale. The department must work with the designated agencies to include in the inventories a consolidated list of any property transactions executed by the agencies under the authority of section 3 of this act, including the property appraisal, the terms and conditions of sale, lease, or transfer, the value of the public benefit, and the impact of transaction to the agency. The inventories ((shall)) with revisions must be provided to the department by November 1((<del>, 1993, with inventory revisions provided each</del> November 1 thereafter))st of each year.
- The department must consolidate inventories into two groups: Properties suitable for consideration in affordable housing development; and properties not suitable for consideration in affordable housing development. In making this determination, the department must use industry accepted standards such as: Location, approximate lot size, current land use designation, and current zoning classification of the property. The provide shall department recommendation, based on this grouping, to the office of financial management and appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the legislature by December 1st of each year.
- (3) Upon written request, the department shall provide a copy of the inventory of state-owned and publicly owned lands and buildings to parties interested in developing the sites for affordable housing.
  - $((\frac{3}{3}))$  (4) As used in this section:
- (a) "Affordable housing" means residential housing that is rented or owned by a person who qualifies as a very low-income, low-income, or moderate-income household or who is from a special needs population, and whose monthly housing costs, including utilities other than telephone, do not exceed thirty percent of the household's monthly income.

- (b) "Very low-income household" means a single person, family, or unrelated persons living together whose income is at or below fifty percent of the median income, adjusted for household size, for the county where the affordable housing is located.
- (c) "Low-income household" means a single person, family, or unrelated persons living together whose income is more than fifty percent but is at or below eighty percent of the median income where the affordable housing is located.
- (d) "Moderate-income household" means a single person, family, or unrelated persons living together whose income is more than eighty percent but is at or below one hundred fifteen percent of the median income where the affordable housing is located.
- (e) "Affordable housing development"
  means state-owned real property
  appropriate for sale, transfer, or lease
  to an affordable housing developer
  capable of:
- (i) Receiving the property within one hundred eighty days; and
- (ii) Creating affordable housing units for occupancy within thirty-six months from the time of transfer.
- (f) "Designated agencies" means the Washington state patrol, the state parks and recreation commission, and the departments of natural resources, social and health services, corrections, and enterprise services.

# PART 2 - RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL FOR GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 43.17.400 and 2015 c 225 s 64 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Disposition" means sales, exchanges, or other actions resulting in a transfer of land ownership.
  - (b) "State agencies" includes:
- (i) The department of natural resources established in chapter 43.30 RCW:

- (ii) The department of fish and wildlife established in chapter 43.300
- (iii) The department of transportation established in chapter 47.01 RCW;
- (iv) The parks and recreation commission established in chapter 79A.05 RCW; and
- (v) The department of enterprise services established in this chapter.
- agencies proposing disposition of state owned land must provide written notice of the proposed to the legislative disposition authorities of the counties, cities, and towns in which the land is located at least sixty days before entering into the disposition agreement.)) Before any state agency may dispose of surplus state-owned real property to a private or any nongovernmental party, the agency must provide written notice to the following governmental entities at least sixty days before entering into any proposed disposition agreement:
  - (a) All other state agencies;
- (b) Each federal agency operating within the state; and
- (c) The governing authority of each county, city, town, special purpose district, and federally recognized Indian tribe in which the land is located.
- (2) The state agency must dispose of the property, for continued public benefit as defined in section 3 of this act, to any governmental entity responding within the notification period, upon mutual agreement reached within a reasonable time period after the response is received. Priority must be given to state agencies. The disposition may be for any terms and conditions agreed upon by the proper authorities of each party, in accordance with RCW 39.33.010, except where the disposition at fair market value is required by law.
- (3) The requirements of this section are in addition and supplemental to other requirements of the laws of this state.
- (4) For purposes of this section, "disposition" means the sale, exchange, or other action resulting in a transfer of ownership.

# PART 3 - DISPOSAL OF PUBLIC PROPERTY FOR PUBLIC BENEFIT

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$  SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 39.33 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Any state agency, municipality, or political subdivision, with authority to dispose of surplus public property, may transfer, lease, or other disposal of such property for a public benefit purpose, consistent with and subject to this section. Any such transfer, lease, or other disposal may be made to a public, private, or nongovernmental body on any mutually agreeable terms and conditions, including a no cost transfer, subject to and consistent with this section. Consideration must include appraisal costs, debt service, all closing costs, and any other liabilities to the agency, municipality, or political subdivision. However, the property may not be so transferred, leased, or disposed of if such transfer, lease, or disposal would violate any bond covenant or encumber or impair any contract.
- (2) A deed, lease, or other instrument transferring or conveying property pursuant to subsection (1) of this section must include:
- (a) A covenant or other requirement that the property shall be used for the designated public benefit purpose; and
- (b) Remedies that apply if the recipient of the property fails to use it for the designated public purpose or ceases to use it for such purpose.
- (3) To implement the authority granted by this section, the governing body or legislative authority of a municipality or political subdivision must enact rules to regulate the disposition of property for public benefit purposes. Any transfer, lease, or other disposition of property authorized under this section must be consistent with existing locally adopted comprehensive plans as described in RCW 36.70A.070.
- (4) This section is deemed to provide a discretionary alternative method for the doing of the things authorized herein, and shall not be construed as imposing any additional condition upon the exercise of any other powers vested in any state agency, municipality, or political subdivision.

- (5) No transfer, lease, or other disposition of property for public benefit purposes made pursuant to any other provision of law prior to the effective date of this section may be construed to be invalid solely because the parties thereto did not comply with the procedures of this section.
- (6) The transfer at no cost, lease, or other disposal of surplus real property for public benefit purposes is deemed a lawful purpose of any state agency, municipality, or political subdivision, for which accounts are kept on an enterprise fund or equivalent basis, regardless of the primary purpose or function of such agency.
- (7) This section does not apply to the sale or transfer of any state forestlands, any state lands or property granted to the state by the federal government for the purposes of common schools or education, or subject to a legal restriction that would be violated by compliance with this section.
  - (8) For purposes of this section:
- (a) "Public benefit" means affordable housing for low-income and very low-income households as defined in RCW 43.63A.510, and related facilities that support the goals of affordable housing development in providing economic and social stability for low-income persons; and
- (b) "Surplus public property" means excess real property that is not required for the needs of or the discharge of the responsibilities of the state agency, municipality, or political subdivision.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 35.94.040 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 95 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Whenever a city shall determine, by resolution of its legislative authority, that any lands, property, or equipment originally acquired for public utility purposes is surplus to the city's needs and is not required for providing continued public utility service, then such legislative authority by resolution and after a public hearing may cause such lands, property, or equipment to be leased, sold, or conveyed. Such resolution shall state the fair market value or the rent or consideration to be paid and such other terms and conditions for such disposition as the legislative

authority deems to be in the best public interest.

- $\frac{(2)}{2}$  The provisions of RCW 35.94.020 and 35.94.030 shall not apply to dispositions authorized by this section.
- (3) This section does not apply to property transferred, leased, or otherwise disposed in accordance with section 3 of this act.
- Sec. 5. RCW 43.09.210 and 2000 c 183 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Separate accounts shall be kept for every appropriation or fund of a taxing or legislative body showing date and manner of each payment made therefrom, the name, address, and vocation of each person, organization, corporation, or association to whom paid, and for what purpose paid.
- (2) Separate accounts shall be kept for each department, public improvement, undertaking, institution, and public service industry under the jurisdiction of every taxing body.
- (3) All service rendered by, or property transferred from, one department, public improvement, undertaking, institution, or public service industry to another, shall be paid for at its true and full value by the department, public improvement, undertaking, institution, or public service industry receiving the same, and no department, public improvement, undertaking, institution, or public service industry reliation, or public service industry shall benefit in any financial manner whatever by an appropriation or fund made for the support of another.
- (4) All unexpended balances of appropriations shall be transferred to the fund from which appropriated, whenever the account with an appropriation is closed.
  - (5) This section does not apply to:
- <u>(a)</u> Agency surplus personal property handled under RCW  $43.19.1919((\frac{(5)}{(5)}))$  (1) (e); or
- (b) The transfer, lease, or other disposal of surplus property for public benefit purposes, as provided under section 3 of this act.
- Sec. 6. RCW 43.43.115 and 1993 c 438 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever real property owned by the state of Washington and under the jurisdiction of the Washington state patrol is no longer required, it may be sold at fair market value, or otherwise disposed as permitted under section 3 of this act. Any such sale or disposal must be in accordance with RCW 43.17.400. All proceeds received from the sale of real property, less any real estate broker commissions up to four percent of the sale price, shall be deposited into the state patrol highway account: PROVIDED, That if accounts or funds other than the state patrol highway account have contributed to the purchase or improvement of the real property, the office of financial management shall determine the proportional equity of each account or fund in the property and improvements, and shall direct the proceeds to be deposited proportionally therein.

# Sec. 7. RCW 43.82.010 and 2015 c 99 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

- The director of enterprise services, on behalf of the agency involved and after consultation with the office of financial management, shall purchase, lease, lease purchase, rent, or otherwise acquire all real estate, improved or unimproved, as may be required by elected state officials, institutions, departments, commissions, boards, and other state agencies, or federal agencies where joint state and federal activities are undertaken and may grant easements and transfer, exchange, sell, lease, or sublease all or part of any surplus real estate for those state agencies which do not otherwise have the specific authority to dispose of real estate. Any such transfer, exchange, or sale must comply with RCW 43.17.400, and may be made in accordance with section 3 of this act. This section does not transfer financial liability for the acquired property to the department of enterprise services.
- (2) Except for real estate occupied by federal agencies, the director shall determine the location, size, and design of any real estate or improvements thereon acquired or held pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. Facilities acquired or held pursuant to this chapter, and any improvements thereon, shall conform to standards adopted by the director and approved by the office of financial management

governing facility efficiency unless a specific exemption from such standards is provided by the director of enterprise services. The director of enterprise services shall report to the office of financial management and the appropriate committees of the legislature annually on any exemptions granted pursuant to this subsection.

- (3) Except for leases permitted under subsection (4) of this section, the director of enterprise services may fix the terms and conditions of each lease entered into under this chapter, except that no lease shall extend greater than twenty years in duration. The director of enterprise services may enter into a long-term lease greater than ten years in duration upon a determination by the director of the office of financial management that the long-term lease provides a more favorable rate than would otherwise be available, it appears to a substantial certainty that the facility is necessary for use by the state for the full length of the lease term, and the facility meets the standards adopted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. The director of enterprise services may enter into a long-term lease greater than ten years in duration if an analysis shows that the life-cycle cost of leasing the facility is less than the life-cycle cost of purchasing or constructing a facility in lieu of leasing the facility.
- (4) The director of enterprise services may fix the terms of leases for property under the department of enterprise services' control at the former Northern State Hospital site for up to sixty years.
- (5) Except as permitted under chapter 39.94 RCW, no lease for or on behalf of any state agency may be used or referred to as collateral or security for the payment of securities offered for sale through a public offering. Except as permitted under chapter 39.94 RCW, no lease for or on behalf of any state agency may be used or referred to as collateral or security for the payment of securities offered for sale through a private placement without the prior written approval of the state treasurer. However, this limitation shall not prevent a lessor from assigning or encumbering its interest in a lease as security for the repayment of a promissory note provided that the transaction would otherwise be an exempt

- transaction under RCW 21.20.320. The state treasurer shall adopt rules that establish the criteria under which any such approval may be granted. establishing such criteria the state treasurer shall give primary consideration to the protection of the state's credit rating and the integrity of the state's debt management program. If it appears to the state treasurer that any lease has been used or referred to in violation of this subsection or rules adopted under this subsection, then he or she may recommend that the governor cause such lease to be terminated. department of enterprise services shall promptly notify the state treasurer whenever it may appear to the department that any lease has been used or referred to in violation of this subsection or rules adopted under this subsection.
- (6) It is the policy of the state to encourage the colocation and consolidation of state services into single or adjacent facilities, whenever appropriate, to improve public service delivery, minimize duplication of facilities, increase efficiency of operations, and promote sound growth management planning.
- (7) The director of enterprise services shall provide coordinated longrange planning services to identify and evaluate opportunities for colocating and consolidating state facilities. Upon the renewal of any lease, the inception of a new lease, or the purchase of a facility, the director of enterprise services shall determine whether an opportunity exists for colocating the agency or agencies in a single facility with other agencies located in the same geographic area. If a colocation opportunity exists, the director of enterprise services shall consult with the affected state agencies and the office of financial management evaluate the impact colocation would have on the cost and delivery of agency programs, including whether program delivery would be enhanced due to the centralization of services. The director of enterprise services, in consultation with the office of financial management, procedures shall develop for colocation implementing consolidation of state facilities.
- (8) The director of enterprise services is authorized to purchase, lease, rent, or otherwise acquire improved or unimproved real estate as

- owner or lessee and to lease or sublet all or a part of such real estate to state or federal agencies. The director of enterprise services shall charge each using agency its proportionate rental which shall include an amount sufficient to pay all costs, including, but not limited to, those for utilities, janitorial and accounting services, and sufficient to provide for contingencies; which shall not exceed five percent of the average annual rental, to meet unforeseen expenses incident to management of the real estate.
- (9) If the director of enterprise services determines that it is necessary or advisable to undertake any work, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement on any real estate acquired pursuant to subsection (1) or (8) of this section, the director shall cause plans and specifications thereof and an estimate of the cost of such work to be made and filed in his or her office and the state agency benefiting thereby is hereby authorized to pay for such work out of any available funds: PROVIDED, That the cost of executing such work shall not exceed the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars. Work, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars, other than that done by the owner of the property if other than the state, shall be performed in accordance with the public works law of this state.
- (10) In order to obtain maximum utilization of space, the director of enterprise services shall make space utilization studies, and shall establish standards for use of space by state agencies. Such studies shall include the identification of opportunities for colocation and consolidation of state agency office and support facilities.
- (11) The director of enterprise services may construct new buildings on, or improve existing facilities, and furnish and equip, all real estate under his or her management. Prior to the construction of new buildings or major improvements to existing facilities or acquisition of facilities using a lease purchase contract, the director of enterprise services shall conduct an evaluation of the facility design and budget using life-cycle cost analysis, value-engineering, and other techniques to maximize the long-term effectiveness and efficiency of the facility or improvement.

- (12) All conveyances and contracts to purchase, lease, rent, transfer, exchange, or sell real estate and to grant and accept easements shall be approved as to form by the attorney general, signed by the director of enterprise services or the director's designee, and recorded with the county auditor of the county in which the property is located.
- (13) The director of enterprise services may delegate any or all of the functions specified in this section to any agency upon such terms and conditions as the director deems advisable. By January 1st of each year, beginning January 1, 2008, the department shall submit an annual report to the office of financial management and the appropriate committees of the legislature on all delegated leases.
- (14) This section does not apply to the acquisition of real estate by:
- (a) The state college and universities for research or experimental purposes;
- (b) The state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board for liquor stores and warehouses;
- (c) The department of natural resources, the department of fish and wildlife, the department of transportation, and the state parks and recreation commission for purposes other than the leasing of offices, warehouses, and real estate for similar purposes; and
- (d) The department of commerce for community college health career training programs, offices for the department of commerce or other appropriate state agencies, and other nonprofit community uses, including community meeting and training facilities, where the real estate is acquired during the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium.
- (15) Notwithstanding any provision in this chapter to the contrary, the department of enterprise services may negotiate ground leases for public lands on which property is to be acquired under a financing contract pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW under terms approved by the state finance committee.
- (16) The department of enterprise services shall report annually to the office of financial management and the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature on facility leases executed for all state agencies for the preceding

year, lease terms, and annual lease costs. The report must include leases executed under RCW 43.82.045 and subsection (13) of this section."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "benefit;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 43.63A.510, 43.17.400, 35.94.040, 43.09.210, 43.43.115, and 43.82.010; and adding a new section to chapter 39.33 RCW "

and the same is herewith transmitted,

Brad Hendrickson, Secretary

#### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL

Representative Ryu moved that the House concur in the Senate amendment to THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2382.

Representative DeBolt spoke against the motion to concur in the Senate amendment.

Representative Ryu spoke in favor of the motion to concur in the Senate amendent.

The motion to concur in the Senate amendment to THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2382 was adopted by the following vote: Yeas, 51; Nays, 46.

The bill, as amended by the Senate, was advanced to final passage.

# FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

Representatives Ryu and Barkis spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Third Substitute House Bill No. 2382, as amended by the Senate.

# ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Third Substitute House Bill No. 2382, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 53; Nays, 44; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Barkis, Bergquist, Blake, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Doglio, Dolan, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Hansen, Hudgins, Jinkins, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Kloba, Lovick, Lytton, Macri, Manweller, McBride, Morris, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Springer, Stambaugh, Stanford, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Wylie and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Dye, Eslick, Graves, Griffey, Haler, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Irwin, Jenkin, Johnson, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, McDonald, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Pike, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Steele, Stokesbary, Taylor, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox and Young.

Excused: Representative Rodne.

THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2382, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

# THIRD READING

The House resumed consideration of. ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2759 on third reading.

Representative Caldier spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2759, as amended by the Senate.

#### **ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2759, as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 50; Nays, 47; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Appleton, Bergquist, Blake, Chapman, Clibborn, Cody, Doglio, Dolan, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Hansen, Hudgins, Jinkins, Kagi, Kilduff, Kirby, Kloba, Lovick, Lytton, Macri, McBride, Morris, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Pellicciotti, Peterson, Pettigrew, Pollet, Reeves, Riccelli, Robinson, Ryu, Santos, Sawyer, Sells, Senn, Slatter, Springer, Stanford, Stonier, Sullivan, Tarleton, Tharinger, Valdez, Wylie and Mr. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Barkis, Buys, Caldier, Chandler, Condotta, DeBolt, Dent, Dye, Eslick, Graves, Griffey, Haler, Hargrove, Harmsworth, Harris, Hayes, Holy, Irwin, Jenkin, Johnson, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Kristiansen, MacEwen, Manweller, Maycumber, McCaslin, McDonald, McCabe, Muri, Nealey, Orcutt, Pike, Schmick, Shea, Smith, Stambaugh, Steele, Stokesbary, Taylor, Van Werven, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox and Young.

Excused: Representative Rodne.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2759, as amended by the Senate, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., March 6, 2018, the 58th Day of the Regular Session.

FRANK CHOPP, Speaker

BERNARD DEAN, Chief Clerk

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