SIXTY SEVENTH LEGISLATURE - REGULAR SESSION

NINETIETH DAY

House Chamber, Olympia, Saturday, April 10, 2021

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) led the Chamber in the Pledge of Allegiance. The prayer was offered by Representative Kelly Chambers, 25th Legislative District.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION

There being no objection, the Committee on Rules was relieved of ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5226 and the bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTION & FIRST READING

HB 1573 by Representatives Graham, Eslick, Caldier,
 Volz, Mosbrucker, Jacobsen, Dent, Walsh,
 Klicker, Goehner, Sutherland, Abbarno, Schmick,
 Orwall, Goodman, Simmons, Dolan and
 Robertson

AN ACT Relating to the appointment of counsel for crime victims; and adding a new section to chapter 7.69 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Public Safety.

There being no objection, HOUSE BILL NO. 1573 was read the first time, and referred to the committee on Civil Rights & Judiciary.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5000, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Hawkins, Lovelett, Billig, Braun, Carlyle, Conway, Das, Ericksen, Fortunato, Gildon, Hasegawa, Holy, Hunt, King, Kuderer, Mullet, Muzzall, Nguyen, Padden, Pedersen, Rivers, Robinson, Salomon, Sheldon,

Van De Wege, Wagoner, Warnick, Wellman, C. Wilson and J. Wilson)

Creating a hydrogen fuel cell electric vehicle pilot sales and use tax exemption program. Revised for 2nd Substitute: Concerning hydrogen fuel cell electric vehicles.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Orcutt, Berg, Barkis, Fey, Ybarra and Sutherland spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Griffey, Representative Corry was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5000.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5000, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 93; Nays, 4; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Leavitt, McCaslin, Stokesbary and Walen.

Excused: Representative Corry.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5000, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5080, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Carlyle, Frockt, Hunt, Saldaña, Wellman and C. Wilson)

Providing flexibility in the distribution and use of local funds dedicated to facilities used for youth educational programming.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Frame and Rule spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5080.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5080, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 2; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Chase and Orcutt. Excused: Representative Corry.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5080, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5287, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Das, Kuderer, Conway, Keiser, Liias, Nguyen, Nobles, Pedersen, Randall, Salomon and C. Wilson)

Concerning affordable housing incentives.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Finance was before the

House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 82, April 2, 2021).

Representative Orcutt moved the adoption of amendment (684) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 7, line 16, after "period," insert "including any extension,"

On page 7, line 17, after "shall))" insert "current"

On page 7, beginning on line 20, after "RCW" strike all material through "chapter" on line 21

On page 15, line 10, after "period, the" insert "current"

On page 15, beginning on line 13, after "RCW" strike all material through "chapter" on line 14

On page 19, after line 37, insert the following:

"Sec. 11. RCW 84.14.070 and 2012 c 194 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The governing authority or an administrative official or commission authorized by the governing authority must approve or deny an application filed under this chapter within ninety days after receipt of the application.
- (2) If the application is approved, the city or county must ((issue)):
- (a) Issue the owner of the property a conditional certificate of acceptance of tax exemption. The certificate must contain a statement by a duly authorized administrative official of the governing authority that the property has complied with the required findings indicated in RCW 84.14.060; and
- (b) Notify the county assessor within 10 days, or by July 31st of the year the application is approved, whichever comes first.
- (3) (a) A property for which a conditional certificate of tax exemption is issued will be exempt from ad valorem property taxation for the duration of the construction or rehabilitation period beginning January 1st of the year immediately following the issuance of the conditional certificate.
- Except as provided under (c) of subsection, this the value of construction, conversion, or rehabilitation improvements not considered as new construction for

- purposes of chapter 84.55 RCW until after the exemption provided under RCW 84.14.020, including any extension, or under section 7 of this act, expires.
- (c) The exemption must cease and the county treasurer must collect all taxes which would have been paid had the property not been exempt under (a) of this subsection if:
- (i) A property becomes ineligible during its construction or rehabilitation period;
- (ii) Construction on a property is not completed by the deadline provided in RCW 84.14.090, including any extension as provided in RCW 84.14.090(5);
- (iii) The applicant voluntarily withdraws the application; or
- (iv) The application is denied for $\underline{\text{any}}$ reason.
- (4) If the application is denied by the authorized administrative official or commission authorized by the governing authority, the deciding administrative official or commission must state in writing the reasons for denial and send the notice to the applicant at the applicant's last known address within ten days of the denial.
- ((\(\frac{(+4)}{4}\))) (5) Upon denial by a duly authorized administrative official or commission, an applicant may appeal the denial to the governing authority within thirty days after receipt of the denial. The appeal before the governing authority must be based upon the record made before the administrative official with the burden of proof on the applicant to show that there was no substantial evidence to support the administrative official's decision. The decision of the governing body in denying or approving the application is final."

Representative Orcutt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Representative Frame spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (684) to the committee striking amendment was not adopted.

Representative Pollet moved the adoption of amendment (695) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 12, line 24 of the striking amendment, after "(3)" insert "(a) The department of commerce must adopt and implement a program to effectively audit or review that the owner or operator of each property for which a certificate of tax exemption has been issued, except for those properties receiving an exemption that are owned or operated by a nonprofit or for those properties receiving an exemption from a city or county that operates an independent audit or review program, is offering the number of units at rents as committed to in the approved application for an exemption and that the tenants are being properly screened to be qualified for an income-restricted unit. The audit or review program must be adopted in consultation with local governments and other stakeholders and may be based on auditing a percentage of income-restricted units or properties annually. A private owner or operator of a property for which a certificate of tax exemption has been issued under this chapter, must be audited at least once every 5 years.

- (b) If the review or audit required under (a) of this subsection for a given property finds that the owner or operator is not offering the number of units at rents as committed to in the approved application or is not properly screening tenants for income-restricted units, the department of commerce must notify the city or county and the city or county must impose and collect a sliding scale penalty not to exceed an amount calculated by subtracting the amount of rents that would have been collected had the owner or operator complied with their commitment from the amount of rents collected by the owner or operator for income-restricted units, consideration of the severity of the noncompliance. If a subsequent review or audit required under (a) of this subsection for a given property finds continued substantial noncompliance with the program requirements, the exemption certificate must be canceled pursuant to RCW 84.14.110.
- (c) The department of commerce may impose and collect a fee, not to exceed the costs of the audit or review, from the owner or operator of any property subject to an audit or review required under (a) of this subsection.

(4)"

Renumber the remaining subsection consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representatives Pollet and Orcutt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (695) to the committee striking amendment was adopted.

The committee striking amendment, as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ramel, Barkis and Walen spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Orcutt and Sutherland spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5287, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5287, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 81; Nays, 16; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chapman, Cody, Davis, Dolan, Duerr, Dye, Entenman, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Chandler, Chase, Chopp, Dent, Dufault, Eslick, Graham, Kraft, Kretz, McCaslin, McEntire, Orcutt, Ormsby, Springer, Sutherland and Walsh. Excused: Representative Corry.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5287, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5378, by Senate Committee on Business, Financial Services & Trade

(originally sponsored by Das, Nobles, Hasegawa, Lovelett, Randall, Saldaña and C. Wilson)

Concerning real estate brokers and managing brokers license renewal requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Kirby moved the adoption of amendment (693):

On page 1, line 19, after "renewals," strike "six" and insert "three"

On page 2, line 2, after "49.60.222." strike "For every subsequent renewal, three" and insert "However, active license renewal applicants who did not complete fair housing and consumer training protection as part of the 18.85.101 instruction required by RCW must complete six"

On page 2, line 4, after "<a href="section" strike "must be"

On page 2, line 6, after "49.60.222" insert "only for the renewal cycle immediately following June 1, 2022"

Representatives Kirby and Vick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Amendment (693) was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Entenman and Vick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5378, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5378, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 85; Nays, 12; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dolan, Duerr, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Kloba, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary,

Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Chandler, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Hoff, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, Maycumber, McCaslin, Schmick and Sutherland.

Excused: Representative Corry.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5378, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5063, by Senators Honeyford, Salomon, Van De Wege and Warnick

Concerning the expiration date of the invasive species council.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Shewmake, Dent and Riccelli spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5063.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5063, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Corry.

SENATE BILL NO. 5063, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5367, by Senator Conway

Directing the department of retirement systems to create rules regarding automatic refunds of retirement contributions in the retirement systems listed in RCW 41.50.030.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Fitzgibbon spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5367.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5367, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Corry.

SENATE BILL NO. 5367, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker (Representative Orwall presiding) called upon Representative Lovick to preside.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5191, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Darneille, King, Billig, Carlyle, Conway, Das, Hasegawa, Hunt, Kuderer, Liias, Lovelett, Nguyen, Nobles, Randall, Salomon, Stanford and C. Wilson)

Regulating unfair business practices and prohibiting predatory price increases during states of emergency.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment (672) was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Consumer Protection & Business was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 75, March 26, 2021).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representative Kirby spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Vick and Walsh spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5191, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5191, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 52; Nays, 45; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Bronoske, Callan, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dolan, Duerr, Entenman, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Hackney, Hansen, Harris-Talley, J. Johnson, Kirby, Kloba, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, Macri, Morgan, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Ryu, Santos, Sells, Senn, Simmons, Slatter, Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Wicks, Wylie and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gilday, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Jacobsen, Klicker, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Schmick, Shewmake, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representative Corry.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5191, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5226, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Salomon, Saldaña, Das, Frockt, Hasegawa, Kuderer, Liias, Lovelett, Muzzall, Nguyen, Nobles, Pedersen, Randall and C. Wilson)

Concerning the suspension of licenses for traffic infractions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Transportation was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 82, April 2, 2021). There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hackney, Barkis, Fey and Robertson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Klippert spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5226, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5226, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 80; Nays, 17; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dolan, Duerr, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Kloba, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, McEntire, Morgan, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Boehnke, Chandler, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Hoff, Klicker, Klippert, Kraft, Maycumber, McCaslin, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Schmick, Sutherland, Vick and Ybarra.

Excused: Representative Corry.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5226, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5226.

Representative Maycumber, 7th District

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5003, by Senate Committee on Health & Long Term Care (originally sponsored by Keiser, Conway, Kuderer, Randall, Saldaña, Stanford and C. Wilson)

Enacting the living donor act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee striking amendment by the Committee on Health Care & Wellness was before the House for purpose of amendment. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 75, March 26, 2021).

Representative Cody moved the adoption of amendment (698) to the committee striking amendment:

On page 1, line 6 of the striking amendment, after "disability" insert "insurers"

On page 1, line 8 of the striking amendment, after "limited" strike "licensed carriers" and insert "health care service contractors"

Representatives Cody and Schmick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee striking amendment.

Amendment (698) to the committee striking amendment was adopted.

The committee striking amendment, as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Bateman and Schmick spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5003, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5003, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Duerr, Dufault, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier,

Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Corry.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5003, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5345, by Senators Brown, Rolfes, Das, Hasegawa, Lovelett, Mullet, Nguyen, Randall and Rivers

Establishing a statewide industrial waste coordination program.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Environment & Energy was adopted. (For Committee amendment, see Journal, Day 82, April 2, 2021).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dye and Duerr spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5345, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5345, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 95; Nays, 2; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dent, Dolan, Duerr, Dye, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Dufault and McCaslin. Excused: Representative Corry.

SENATE BILL NO. 5345, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5159, by Senators Warnick, Van De Wege and Short $\,$

Concerning payments in lieu of real property taxes by the department of the fish and wildlife.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Shewmake and Dent spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5159.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5159, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Boehnke, Bronoske, Caldier, Callan, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dent. Dolan, Duerr, Dufault, Dve, Entenman, Eslick, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Gilday, Goehner, Goodman, Graham, Gregerson, Griffey, Hackney, Hansen, Harris, Harris-Talley, Hoff, Jacobsen, J. Johnson, Kirby, Klicker, Klippert, Kloba, Kraft, Kretz, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, MacEwen, Macri, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Morgan, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Robertson, Rude, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Schmick, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Steele, Stokesbary, Stonier, Sullivan, Sutherland, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Vick, Volz, Walen, Walsh, Wicks, Wilcox, Wylie, Ybarra, Young and Mme. Speaker.

Excused: Representative Corry.

SENATE BILL NO. 5159, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5141, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Saldaña, Lovelett, Carlyle, Das, Frockt, Hasegawa, Hunt, Keiser, Kuderer, Liias, Nobles, Pedersen, Rolfes, Stanford and C. Wilson)

Implementing the recommendations of the environmental justice task force. Revised for 2nd Substitute: Reducing environmental and health disparities and improving the health of all Washington state residents by implementing the recommendations of the environmental justice task force.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendments by the Committees on Appropriations and Environment & Energy were not adopted.

Representative Fitzgibbon moved the adoption of striking amendment (683):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. FINDINGS AND INTENT. (1) The purpose of this chapter is to reduce environmental and health disparities in Washington state and improve the health of all Washington state residents. This chapter implements the recommendations of the environmental justice task force established in section 221(48), chapter 415, Laws of 2019 entitled "Report to the Washington state governor and legislature, Environmental Justice Task Force: Recommendations for Prioritizing EJ in Washington State Government (October 2020)."

(2) As conveyed in the task force report, Washington state studies and national studies found that people of color and low-income people continue to disproportionately be exposed t.o environmental harms in communities. As a result, there is a higher risk of adverse health outcomes for those communities. This risk is amplified when overlaid on communities with preexisting social and economic barriers and environmental risks, and creates cumulative environmental health impacts, which this act seeks to prevent and mitigate.

This chapter also seeks to reduce exposure to environmental hazards within Indian country, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151, to off-reservation due activities within the state, and to state practices improve †o reduce contamination of traditional wherever they occur. Exposure to such hazards can result in generational health and ecological problems, particularly on small reservations where it is impossible to move away from a hazard.

(3) Accordingly, the state has a compelling interest in preventing and addressing such environmental health disparities in the administration of ongoing and new environmental programs, including allocation of funds, and in administering these programs so as to remedy the effects of past disparate treatment of overburdened communities and vulnerable populations.

- task force provided The recommendations to state agencies for measurable goals and model policies to reduce environmental health inequities in Washington, equitable practices for meaningful community involvement, and how to use the environmental health disparities map to identify and promote equitable distribution environmental benefits to overburdened communities. In order for all communities in Washington state to be healthy and thriving, state government should aim to concentrate government actions to benefit communities that currently have the greatest environmental and health burdens.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (1) "Council" means the environmental justice council established in section 20 of this act.
- (2) "Covered agency" means the departments of ecology, health, natural resources, commerce, agriculture, and transportation, the Puget Sound partnership, and any agency that opts to assume all of the obligations of this act pursuant to section 11 of this act.
- (3) "Cumulative environmental health impact" means the combined, multiple environmental impacts and health impacts on a vulnerable population or overburdened community.
- (4) "Environmental benefits" means activities that:
- (a) Prevent or reduce existing environmental harms or associated risks that contribute significantly to cumulative environmental health impacts;
- (b) Prevent or mitigate impacts to overburdened communities or vulnerable populations from, or support community response to, the impacts of environmental harm; or
- (c) Meet a community need formally identified to a covered agency by an overburdened community or vulnerable population that is consistent with the intent of this chapter.
- (5) "Environmental harm" means the individual or cumulative environmental health impacts and risks to communities caused by historic, current, or projected:

- (a) Exposure to pollution, conventional or toxic pollutants, environmental hazards, or other contamination in the air, water, and land:
- (b) Adverse environmental effects, including exposure to contamination, hazardous substances, or pollution that increase the risk of adverse environmental health outcomes or create vulnerabilities to the impacts of climate change;
- (c) Loss or impairment of ecosystem functions or traditional food resources or loss of access to gather cultural resources or harvest traditional foods; or
- (d) Health and economic impacts from climate change.
- (6) "Environmental health disparities map" means the data and information developed pursuant to section 19 of this act.
- (7) "Environmental impacts" means environmental benefits or environmental harms, or the combination of environmental benefits and harms, resulting or expected to result from a proposed action.
- (8) "Environmental justice" means the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people regardless of race, color, national origin, or income with respect to the development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, rules, and policies. Environmental justice includes addressing disproportionate environmental and health impacts in all laws, rules, and policies with environmental impacts by prioritizing vulnerable populations and overburdened communities, the equitable distribution of resources and benefits, eliminating harm.
- (9) "Equitable distribution" means a fair and just, but not necessarily equal, allocation intended to mitigate disparities in benefits and burdens that are based on current conditions, including existing legacy and cumulative impacts, that are informed by cumulative environmental health impact analysis.
- (10) "Evidence-based" means a process that is conducted by a systematic review of available data based on a well-established and widely used hierarchy of data in current use by other state and

national programs, selected by the departments of ecology and health. The environmental justice council may provide input on the development of the process.

- (11) "Overburdened community" means a geographic area where vulnerable populations face combined, multiple environmental harms and health impacts, and includes, but is not limited to, highly impacted communities as defined in RCW 19.405.020.
- (12) "Significant agency action" means the following actions as identified at the beginning of a covered agency's consideration of the significant agency action or at the time when an environmental justice assessment would normally be initiated in conjunction with an agency action:
- (a) The development and adoption of significant legislative rules as defined in RCW 34.05.328;
- (b) The development and adoption of any new grant or loan program that a covered agency is explicitly authorized or required by statute to carry out;
- (c) A capital project, grant, or loan award by a covered agency of at least \$12,000,000 or a transportation project, grant, or loan by a covered agency of at least \$15,000,000;
- (d) The submission of agency request legislation to the office of the governor or the office of financial management for approval; and
- (e) Any other agency actions deemed significant by a covered agency consistent with section 14 of this act.
- (13) "Tribal lands" has the same meaning as "Indian country" as provided in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151, and also includes sacred sites, traditional cultural properties, burial grounds, and other tribal sites protected by federal or state law.
- (14) (a) "Vulnerable populations" means population groups that are more likely to be at higher risk for poor health outcomes in response to environmental harms, due to: (i) Adverse socioeconomic factors, such as unemployment, high housing and transportation costs relative to income, limited access to nutritious food and adequate health care, linguistic isolation, and other factors that negatively affect health outcomes and increase vulnerability to the effects

- of environmental harms; and (ii) sensitivity factors, such as low birth weight and higher rates of hospitalization.
- (b) "Vulnerable populations" includes, but is not limited to:
 - (i) Racial or ethnic minorities;
 - (ii) Low-income populations;
- (iii) Populations disproportionately impacted by environmental harms; and
- (iv) Populations of workers experiencing environmental harms.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS FOR ALL AGENCIES. Covered agencies are required to comply with all provisions of this chapter. All other state agencies should strive to apply the laws of the state of Washington, and the rules and policies of the agency, in accordance with the policies of this chapter including, to the extent feasible, incorporating the principles of environmental justice assessment processes set forth in section 14 of this act into agency decisions.

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

The department must apply and comply with the substantive and procedural requirements of chapter 70A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act)

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 43.21A RCW to read as follows:

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY.

The department must apply and comply with the substantive and procedural requirements of chapter 70A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act).

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 43.23 RCW to read as follows:

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

The department must apply and comply with the substantive and procedural requirements of chapter 70A.--- RCW (the

new chapter created in section 25 of this act).

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 43.30 RCW to read as follows:

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES.

The department must apply and comply with the substantive and procedural requirements of chapter 70A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act).

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 43.330 RCW to read as follows:

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

The department must apply and comply with the substantive and procedural requirements of chapter 70A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act).

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 47.01 RCW to read as follows:

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

The department must apply and comply with the substantive and procedural requirements of chapter 70A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act).

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 90.71 RCW to read as follows:

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PUGET SOUND PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership must apply and comply with the substantive and procedural requirements of chapter 70A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. AUTHORITY OF OTHER AGENCIES TO OPT IN TO ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS. (1) Any state agency, as the term "agency" is defined in RCW 34.05.010, including the governor's office and the office of the attorney general but excluding local governmental entities, may opt in to assume all of the substantive and procedural requirements of covered agencies under chapter 70A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this

- act) at any time by notifying the council established in section 20 of this act.
- (2) An agency that opts in to assume all of the substantive and procedural requirements of chapter 70A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act) is not subject to the deadlines or timelines established in sections 12, 13, 14, 16, and 20 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** INCORPORATING JUSTICE INTO AGENCY ENVIRONMENTAL STRATEGIC PLANS. (1) By January 1, 2023, each covered agency shall include an environmental justice implementation plan within its strategic plan. A covered agency may additionally incorporate an environmental justice implementation plan into other significant agency planning documents. The plan must describe how the covered agency plans to apply the principles of environmental justice to the agency's activities and must guide the agency in implementation of its obligations under this chapter.

- (2) In its environmental justice implementation plan, each covered agency must include:
- (a) Agency-specific goals and actions to reduce environmental and health disparities and for otherwise achieving environmental justice in the agency's programs;
- (b) Metrics to track and measure accomplishments of the agency goals and actions;
- (c) Methods to embed equitable community engagement with, and equitable participation from, members of the public, into agency practices for soliciting and receiving public comment;
- (d) Strategies to ensure compliance with existing federal and state laws and policies relating to environmental justice, including Title VI of the civil rights act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d-2000d-4, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681-1683, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 794, and the age discrimination act of 1975, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6101-6107;
- (e) The plan for community engagement required under section 13 of this act; and
- (f) Specific plans and timelines for incorporating environmental justice

considerations into agency activities as required under this chapter.

- (3) In developing and updating its plan, each covered agency must consider any guidance developed by the council pursuant to section 20 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. EQUITABLE ENGAGEMENT AND COMMUNITY PUBLIC PARTICIPATION. (1) By July 1, 2022, each covered agency must create and adopt a community engagement plan that describes how it will engage with overburdened communities and vulnerable populations as it evaluates new and existing activities and programs. This plan must describe how the agency plans to facilitate equitable participation and support meaningful and direct involvement of vulnerable populations and overburdened communities. The plan must include:
- (a) How the covered agency will identify and prioritize overburdened communities for purposes of this chapter;
- (b) Best practices for outreach and communication to overcome barriers to engagement with overburdened communities and vulnerable populations;
- (c) Use of special screening tools that integrate environmental, demographic, and health disparities data, such as the environmental health disparities map, to evaluate and understand the nature and needs of the people who the agency expects to be impacted by significant agency actions under section 14 of this act and processes under section 16 of this act to overcome barriers to participation;
- (d) Processes that facilitate and support the inclusion of members of communities affected by agency decision making including, to the extent legal and practicable, but not limited to, child care and reimbursement for travel and other expenses; and
- (e) Methods for outreach and communication with those who face barriers, language or otherwise, to participation.
- (2) Covered agencies must regularly review their compliance with existing laws and policies that guide community engagement and must comply with the following:
- (a) Title VI of the civil rights act, prohibiting discrimination based on race, color, or national origin and

- requiring meaningful access to people with limited English proficiency, and disability;
- (b) Executive Order 05-03, requiring plain talk when communicating with the public; and
- (c) Guidance related to Executive Order 13166, requiring meaningful access to agency programs and services for people with limited English proficiency.
- (3) In developing and updating its plan, each covered agency must consider any guidance developed by the council pursuant to section 20 of this act.
- (4) A covered agency may coordinate with the office of equity to identify policy and system barriers to meaningful engagement with communities as conducted by the office under RCW 43.06D.040(1)(b).
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ASSESSMENT. (1)(a) When considering a significant agency action initiated after July 1, 2023, a covered agency must conduct an environmental justice assessment in accordance with this section to inform and support the agency's consideration of overburdened communities and vulnerable populations when making decisions and to assist the agency with the equitable distribution of environmental benefits, the reduction of environmental harms, and the identification and reduction environmental and health disparities.
- (b) A covered agency must aspire to complete the environmental justice assessment for a significant agency action without delaying the completion of the underlying agency action.
- Consistent (2)(a) with section 2(12)(e) of this act, for the purpose of preparing environmental justice assessments, a covered agency may deem actions significant that are additional the significant agency actions identified in section 2(12) (a) through of this act, in iterative consultation with the council and interagency work group established under section 20 of this act. By July 1, 2025, each covered agency must consider their agency's activities and identify and begin applying environmental justice assessments to any actions that the agency identifies as significant that are in addition to the significant agency actions identified in section 2(12) (a) through (d) of this act. Significant agency actions designated by a covered

agency under this subsection must be actions that may cause environmental harm or may affect the equitable distribution of environmental benefits to an overburdened community or a vulnerable population.

- the identification Ιn (b) significant agency actions, covered agencies shall consider guidance issued by the council established in section 20 of this act. Each covered agency must periodically review and update its identified types of significant agency actions for which an environmental justice assessment is required under this section, and the relevant factors to the agency's environmental justice assessments that result from the unique mission, authorities, and priorities of the agency.
- (3) By July 1, 2023, and periodically thereafter, after an opportunity for public comment on its determinations, each covered agency must:
- (a) Publish on its website the types of agency actions that the agency has determined are significant agency actions that require an environmental justice assessment under this section, including any significant agency actions identified under subsection (2)(a) of this section;
- (b) Provide notification of the determination of the types of significant agency actions in the Washington State Register; and
- (c) Prepare an environmental justice assessment when considering a listed action, after publication of the list of any additional significant agency actions identified under (a) of this subsection.
- (4) At a minimum, environmental justice assessments must:
- (a) Consider guidance prepared by the council under section 20 of this act relating to best practices on environmental justice assessments and when and how to use cumulative environmental health impact analysis;
- (b) Use cumulative environmental health impact analysis, such as the environmental health disparities map or other data that considers the effects of a proposed action on overburdened communities and vulnerable populations;
- (c) Identify overburdened communities and vulnerable populations who are

- expected to be affected by the proposed action and the potential environmental and health impacts;
- (d) Identify if the proposed action is expected to have any local or regional impacts to federally reserved tribal rights and resources including, but not limited to, those protected by treaty, executive order, or federal law;
- (e) Summarize community input and describe how the covered agency can further involve overburdened communities, vulnerable populations, affected tribes, and indigenous populations in development of the proposed action; and
- (f) Describe options for the agency to reduce, mitigate, or eliminate identified probable impacts on overburdened communities and vulnerable populations, or provide a justification for not reducing, mitigating, or eliminating identified probable impacts.
- (5) To obtain information for the purposes of assessments, a covered agency must solicit feedback from members of overburdened communities and vulnerable populations to assist in the accurate assessment of the potential impact of the action and in developing the means to reduce or eliminate the impact on overburdened communities and vulnerable populations.
- (6) Based on the environmental justice assessment, each covered agency must seek, to the extent legal and feasible and consistent with the underlying statute being implemented, to reduce or eliminate the environmental harms and maximize the environmental benefits created by the significant agency action overburdened communities vulnerable populations. Consistent with agency authority, mission, and statutory responsibilities, the covered agency must consider each of the following methods for reducing environmental harms or equitably distributing environmental benefits:
- (a) Eliminating the disparate impact of environmental harms on overburdened communities and vulnerable populations;
- (b) Reducing cumulative environmental health impacts on overburdened communities or vulnerable populations;
- (c) Preventing the action from adding to the cumulative environmental health

impacts on overburdened communities or vulnerable populations;

- (d) Providing equitable participation and meaningful engagement of vulnerable populations and overburdened communities in the development of the significant agency action;
- (e) Prioritizing equitable
 distribution of resources and benefits to
 overburdened communities;
- (f) Promoting positive workforce and job outcomes for overburdened communities;
- (g) Meeting community needs identified by the affected overburdened community;
- (h) Modifying substantive regulatory or policy requirements; and
- (i) Any other mitigation techniques, including those suggested by the council, the office of equity, or representatives of overburdened communities and vulnerable populations.
- (7) If the covered agency determines it does not have the ability or authority to avoid or reduce any estimated environmental harm of the significant agency action on overburdened communities and vulnerable populations or address the distribution of environmental and health benefits, the agency must provide a clear explanation of why it has made that determination and provide notice of that explanation to members of the public who participated in the process for the significant agency action or the process for the environmental justice assessment and who provided contact information to the agency.
- (8) In developing a process for conducting environmental justice assessments, each covered agency must consider any guidance developed by the council pursuant to section 20 of this act.
- (9) The issuance of forest practices permits under chapter 76.09 RCW or sale of timber from state lands and state forestlands as defined in RCW 79.02.010 do not require an environmental justice assessment under this section.
- ${\rm NEW}$ SECTION. Sec. 15. The obligation of a covered agency to conduct an environmental justice assessment pursuant to section 14 of this act for significant agency actions does not, by

itself, trigger requirements in chapter 43.21C RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OBLIGATIONS OF AGENCIES RELATING TO BUDGETS AND FUNDING. consideration of the quidelines issued by the council in section 20 of this act, and in iterative consultation with the council, each covered agency must incorporate environmental justice principles into its decision processes budget development, making ditures, and granting or expenditures, withholding environmental benefits. Through the incorporation of environmental justice principles into its decision processes, including by conducting environmental assessments where required under section 14 of this act, each covered agency, to the extent allowed by law and consistent with legislative appropriations, must equitably distribute funding expenditures related to programs that address or may cause environmental harms or provide environmental benefits towards overburdened communities and vulnerable populations.

- (2) Beginning on or before July 1, 2023, each covered agency must, where practicable, take the following actions when making expenditure decisions or developing budget requests to the office of financial management and the legislature for programs that address or may cause environmental harms or provide environmental benefits:
- (a) Focus applicable expenditures on creating environmental benefits that are experienced by overburdened communities and vulnerable populations, including reducing or eliminating environmental harms, creating community and population resilience, and improving the quality of life of overburdened communities and vulnerable populations;
- (b) Create opportunities for overburdened communities and vulnerable populations to meaningfully participate in agency expenditure decisions;
- (c) Clearly articulate environmental justice goals and performance metrics to communicate the basis for agency expenditures;
- (d) Consider a broad scope of grants and contracting opportunities that effectuate environmental justice principles, including:

- (i) Community grants to monitor pollution;
- (ii) Grants focused on building capacity and providing training for community scientists and other staff;
- (iii) Making technical assistance available for communities that may be new to receiving agency grant funding; and
- (iv) Education and work readiness youth programs focused on infrastructure or utility-related internships to develop career paths and leadership skills for youth; and
- (e) Establish a goal of directing 40 percent of grants and expenditures that create environmental benefits to vulnerable populations and overburdened communities.
- (3) A covered agency may adopt rules or guidelines for criteria and procedures applicable to incorporating environmental justice principles in expenditure decisions, granting or withholding benefits, and processes for budget development.
- (4) In incorporating environmental justice principles into its decision processes for budget development, making expenditures, and granting or withholding benefits, each covered agency must consider any guidance developed by the council pursuant to section 20 of this act.
- (5) A covered agency may not take actions or make expenditures under this section that are inconsistent with or conflict with other statutes or with conditions or limitations on the agency's appropriations.
- (6) If a covered agency, due to the breadth of its programs and funding opportunities, determines it is not practicable to take the actions listed in subsection (2) of this section for all applicable expenditure decisions and budget requests developed, the covered agency is encouraged to prioritize taking the actions listed in subsection (2) of this section for those budget requests and expenditure decisions that are primarily directed at addressing environmental impacts. By July 1, 2023, each covered agency must publish on its website the types of decision processes for budget development, making expenditures, and granting or withholding environmental benefits for

which the agency will take the actions listed in subsection (2) of this section.

- NEW SECTION. (1) By September 1st of each year, each covered agency must annually update the council on the development and implementation of environmental justice in agency strategic plans pursuant to section 12 of this act, budgeting and funding criteria for making budgeting and funding decisions pursuant to section 16 of this act, and community engagement plans pursuant to section 13 of this act.
- (2) (a) Beginning in 2024, as part of each covered agency's annual update to the council under subsection (1) of this section, each covered agency must include updates on the agency's implementation status with respect to the environmental justice assessments under section 14 of this act.
- (b) By September 1st of each year beginning in 2024, each covered agency must publish or update a dashboard report, in a uniform dashboard format on the office of financial management's website, describing the agency's progress on:
- (i) Incorporating environmental justice in its strategic plan;
- (ii) The obligations of agencies relating to budgets and funding under section 16 of this act; and
- (iii) Its environmental justice assessments of proposed significant agency actions, including logistical metrics related to covered agency completion of environmental justice assessments.
- (3) Each covered agency must file a notice with the office of financial management of significant agency actions for which the agency is initiating an environmental justice assessment under section 14 of this act. The office of financial management must prepare a list of all filings received from covered agencies each week and must post the list on its website and make it available to any interested parties. The list of filings must include a brief description of the significant agency action and the methods for providing public comment for agency consideration as part of the environmental justice assessment.
- NEW SECTION. (1) Sec. 18. TRIBAL CONSULTATION. (1) Covered agencies shall

develop a consultation framework in coordination with tribal governments that includes best practices, protocols for communication, and collaboration with federally recognized tribes. Consistent with this framework, covered agencies must offer consultation with federally recognized Indian tribes on:

- (a) The inclusion or updating of an environmental justice implementation plan within the covered agency's strategic plan required under section 12 of this act;
- (b) The creation and adoption or updating of a community engagement plan required under section 13 of this act; and
- (c) Significant agency actions under section 14 of this act that affect federally recognized Indian tribes' rights and interests in their tribal lands
- (2) The department of health must offer consultation with federally recognized Indian tribes on the development of the environmental health disparities map under section 19 of this act.
- (3) The consultation under subsections (1) and (2) of this section must occur in accordance with chapter 43.376 RCW and must be independent of any public participation process required by state law, or by a state agency, and regardless of whether the agency receives a request for consultation from an Indian tribe.
- (4) Nothing in this chapter is intended to direct, authorize, or encourage covered agencies to collect, maintain, or provide data related to sacred sites, traditional cultural properties, burial grounds, and other tribal sites protected by federal or state law.

 $\underline{\text{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DISPARITIES MAP.

(1) In consultation with the environmental justice council established in section 20 of this act, the department must continue to develop and maintain an environmental health disparities map with the most current available information necessary to identify cumulative environmental health impacts and overburdened communities. The department may also consult with

- other interested partners, such as the University of Washington department of environmental and occupational health sciences, other academic partners, members of overburdened communities and vulnerable populations, and other agencies. The environmental health disparities map must include tools to:
- (a) Track changes in environmental health disparities over time in an interactive, regularly updated display; and
- (b) Measure the link between overall environmental health disparity map ranks, environmental data, vulnerable populations characteristics, such as race and income, and human health data.
- (2) In further developing and maintaining the environmental health disparities map, the department must:
- (a) Solicit feedback from representatives from overburdened communities and vulnerable populations through community engagement and listening sessions in all regions of the state and provide opportunities for public comment; and
 - (b) Request assistance from:
 - (i) State universities;
- (ii) Other academic researchers, such as the Washington state institute for public policy, to perform modeling and create evidence-based indicators and to conduct sensitivity analyses to assess the impact of new indicators on communities and determinations of overburdened communities; and
- (iii) Other state agencies to provide applicable statewide environmental and sampling data for air, water, soil, polluted sites, toxic waste, pesticides, toxic chemicals, and other applicable media.
 - (3) The department must:
- (a) Document and publish a summary of the regular updates and revisions to the environmental health disparities map that happen over time as the new data becomes available, in order to help the public understand different versions of the map as they are published;
- (b) At least every three years, perform a comprehensive evaluation of the map to ensure that the most current modeling and methods available to evaluate cumulative environmental health impacts are being used to develop and

update the environmental health
disparities map's indicators;

- (c) Develop technical guidance for agencies that includes an online training video detailing a description of how to use the environmental health disparities map's features, access source data, and explanation of map and indicator limitations; and
- (d) Provide support and consultation to agencies on the use of the environmental health disparities map by Washington tracking network staff.
- (4)(a) By November 1, 2022, the Washington state institute for public policy must conduct a technical review of the measures and methods used in the environmental health disparities map. The review must, to the extent possible, address the following:
- (i) Identify how the measures used in the map compare to measures used in other similar tools that aim to identify communities that are disproportionately impacted as a result of environmental justice issues;
- (ii) Compare characteristics such as the reliability, validity, and clinical importance of individual and composite measures included in the map and other similar tools; and
- (iii) Compare methodologies used in the map to statistical methodologies used in other similar tools.
- (b) The department of health and the University of Washington must provide technical documentation regarding current methods to the Washington state institute for public policy and must consult with the institute as needed to ensure that the institute has adequate information to complete the technical review.
- (c) By November 1, 2022, the Washington state institute for public policy must submit a report on their findings to the office of the governor, the appropriate committees of the legislature, and the environmental justice council.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COUNCIL. (1) The environmental justice council is established to advise covered agencies on incorporating environmental justice into agency activities.

- (2) The council consists of 14 members appointed by the governor. The councilmembers must be persons who are well-informed regarding and committed to the principles of environmental justice and who, to the greatest extent practicable, represent diversity in race, ethnicity, age, and gender, urban and rural areas, and different regions of the state. The members of the council shall elect two members to serve as cochairs for two-year terms. The council must include:
- (a) Seven community representatives, including one youth representative, the nominations of which are based upon applied and demonstrated work and focus on environmental justice or a related field, such as racial or economic justice, and accountability to vulnerable populations and overburdened communities;
- (i) The youth representative must be between the ages of 18 and 25 at the time of appointment;
- (ii) The youth representative serves a two-year term. All other community representatives serve four-year terms, with six representatives initially being appointed to four-year terms and five being initially appointed to two-year terms, after which they will be appointed to four-year terms;
- (b) Two members representing tribal communities, one from eastern Washington and one from western Washington, appointed by the governor. The governor shall solicit and consider nominees from each of the federally recognized tribes in Washington state. The governor shall collaborate with federally recognized tribes on the selection of tribal representatives. The tribal representatives serve four-year terms. One representative must be initially appointed for a four-year term. The other representative must be initially appointed for a two-year term, after which, that representative must be appointed for a four-year term;
- (c) Two representatives who are environmental justice practitioners or academics to serve as environmental justice experts, the nominations of which are based upon applied and demonstrated work and focus on environmental justice;
- (d)(i) One representative of a business that is regulated by a covered agency and whose ordinary business conditions are significantly affected by

the actions of at least one other covered agency; and

- (ii) One representative who is a member or officer of a union representing workers in the building and construction trades; and
- (e) One representative at large, the nomination of which is based upon applied and demonstrated work and focus on environmental justice.
- (3) Covered agencies shall serve as nonvoting, ex officio liaisons to the council. Each covered agency must identify an executive team level staff person to participate on behalf of the agency.
- (4) Nongovernmental members of the council must be compensated and reimbursed in accordance with RCW 43.03.050, 43.03.060, and 43.03.220.
 - (5) The department of health must:
- (a) Hire a manager who is responsible for overseeing all staffing and administrative duties in support of the council; and
- (b) Provide all administrative and staff support for the council.
- (6) In collaboration with the office of equity, the office of financial management, the council, and covered agencies, the department of health must:
- (a) Establish standards for the collection, analysis, and reporting of disaggregated data as it pertains to tracking population level outcomes of communities;
- (b) Create statewide and agencyspecific process and outcome measures to show performance:
- (i) Using outcome-based methodology to determine the effectiveness of agency programs and services on reducing environmental disparities; and
- (ii) Taking into consideration community feedback from the council on whether the performance measures established accurately measure the effectiveness of covered agency programs and services in the communities served; and
- (c) Create an online performance dashboard to publish performance measures and outcomes as referenced in section 17 of this act for the state and each covered agency.

- (7) The department of health must coordinate with the consolidated technology services agency to address cybersecurity and data protection for all data collected by the department.
- (8) (a) With input and assistance from the council, the department of health must establish an interagency work group to assist covered agencies in incorporating environmental justice into agency decision making. The work group must include staff from each covered agency directed to implement environmental justice provisions under this chapter and may include members from the council. The department of health shall provide assistance to the interagency work group by:
- (i) Facilitating information sharing among covered agencies on environmental justice issues and between agencies and the council;
- (ii) Developing and providing assessment tools for covered agencies to use in the development and evaluation of agency programs, services, policies, and budgets;
- (iii) Providing technical assistance and compiling and creating resources for covered agencies to use; and
- (iv) Training covered agency staff on effectively using data and tools for environmental justice assessments.
- (b) The duties of the interagency work group include:
- (i) Providing technical assistance to support agency compliance with the implementation of environmental justice into their strategic plans, environmental justice obligations for budgeting and funding criteria and decisions, environmental justice assessments, and community engagement plans;
- (ii) Assisting the council in developing a suggested schedule and timeline for sequencing the types of: (A) Funding and expenditure decisions subject to rules; and (B) criteria incorporating environmental justice principles;
- (iii) Identifying other policies, priorities, and projects for the council's review and guidance development;
- (iv) Identifying goals and metrics that the council may use to assess agency

performance in meeting the requirements of this act for purposes of communicating progress to the public, the governor, and the legislature; and

- (v) Developing the guidance under subsection (9)(c) of this section in coordination with the council.
- (9) The council has the following powers and duties:
- (a) To provide a forum for the public to:
- (i) Provide written or oral testimony on their environmental justice concerns;
- (ii) Assist the council in understanding environmental justice priorities across the state in order to develop council recommendations to agencies for issues to prioritize; and
- (iii) Identify which agencies to contact with their specific environmental justice concerns and questions;
- (b) (i) The council shall work in an iterative fashion with the interagency work group to develop guidance for environmental justice implementation into covered agency strategic plans pursuant to section 12 of this act, environmental justice assessments pursuant to section 14 of this act, budgeting and funding criteria for making budgeting and funding decisions pursuant to section 16 of this act, and community engagement plans pursuant to section 13 of this act;
- (ii) The council and interagency work
 group shall regularly update its
 quidance;
- (c) In consultation with the interagency work group, the council:
- (i) Shall provide guidance to covered agencies on developing environmental justice assessments pursuant to section 14 of this act for significant agency actions;
- (ii) Shall make recommendations to covered agencies on which agency actions may cause environmental harm or may affect the equitable distribution of environmental benefits to an overburdened community or a vulnerable population and therefore should be considered significant agency actions that require an environmental justice assessment under section 14 of this act;

- (iii) Shall make recommendations to covered agencies:
- (A) On the identification and prioritization of overburdened communities under this chapter; and
- (B) Related to the use by covered agencies of the environmental and health disparities map in agency efforts to identify and prioritize overburdened communities;
- (iv) May make recommendations to a covered agency on the timing and sequencing of a covered agencies' efforts to implement sections 12 through 16 of this act; and
- (v) May make recommendations to the governor and the legislature regarding ways to improve agency compliance with the requirements of this chapter;
- (d) By December 1, 2023, and biennially thereafter, and with consideration of the information shared on September 1st each year in covered agencies' annual updates to the council required under section 17 of this act, the council must:
- (i) Evaluate the progress of each agency in applying council guidance, and update guidance as needed; and
- (ii) Communicate each covered agency's progress to the public, the governor, and the legislature. This communication is not required to be a report and may take the form of a presentation or other format that communicates the progress of the state and its agencies in meeting the state's environmental justice goals in compliance with this act, and summarizing the work of the council pursuant to (a) through (d) of this subsection, and subsection (11) of this section.
- (10) By November 30, 2023, and in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, the council must submit a report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the house of representatives and the senate on:
- (a) The council's recommendations to covered agencies on the identification of significant agency actions requiring an environmental justice assessment under subsection (9)(c)(ii) of this section;
- (b) The summary of covered agency progress reports provided to the council under section 17(1) of this act, including the status of agency plans for performing environmental justice

assessments required by section 14 of this act; and

- (c) Guidance for environmental justice implementation into covered agency strategic plans, environmental justice assessments, budgeting and funding criteria, and community engagement plans under subsection (9)(c)(i) of this section.
 - (11) The council may:
- (a) Review incorporation of environmental justice implementation plans into covered agency strategic plans pursuant to section 12 of this act, environmental justice assessments pursuant to section 14 of this act, budgeting and funding criteria for making budgeting and funding decisions pursuant to section 16 of this act, and community engagement plans pursuant to section 13 of this act;
- (b) Make recommendations for amendments to this chapter or other legislation to promote and achieve the environmental justice goals of the state;
- (c) Review existing laws and make recommendations for amendments that will further environmental justice;
- (d) Recommend to specific agencies that they create environmental justicefocused, agency-requested legislation;
- (e) Provide requested assistance to state agencies other than covered agencies that wish to incorporate environmental justice principles into agency activities; and
- (f) Recommend funding strategies and allocations to build capacity in vulnerable populations and overburdened communities to address environmental justice.
- (12) The role of the council is purely advisory and council decisions are not binding on an agency, individual, or organization.
- (13) The department of health must convene the first meeting of the council by January 1, 2022.
- (14) All council meetings are subject to the open public meetings requirements of chapter 42.30 RCW and a public comment period must be provided at every meeting of the council.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. LEGAL OBLIGATIONS. (1) Nothing in this act prevents state agencies that are not

- covered agencies from adopting environmental justice policies and processes consistent with this act.
- (2) The head of a covered agency may, on a case-by-case basis, exempt a significant agency action or decision process from the requirements of sections 14 and 16 of this act upon determining that:
- (a) Any delay in the significant agency action poses a potentially significant threat to human health or the environment, or is likely to cause serious harm to the public interest;
- (b) An assessment would delay a significant agency decision concerning the assessment, collection, or administration of any tax, tax program, debt, revenue, receipt, a regulated entity's financial filings, or insurance rate or form filing;
- (c) The requirements of sections 14 and 16 of this act are in conflict with:
- (i) Federal law or federal program
 requirements;
- (ii) The requirements for eligibility of employers in this state for federal unemployment tax credits; or
- (iii) Constitutional limitations or fiduciary obligations, including those applicable to the management of state lands and state forestlands as defined in RCW 79.02.010.
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 m NEW}$ SECTION. Sec. 22. APPEALS. (1) Except as specified in subsection (2) of this section, the actions and duties set forth in this act are not subject to appeal.
- (2)(a) Only the following agency actions undertaken pursuant to this act are subject to appeal:
- (i) Decisions related to the designation of significant agency actions pursuant to section 14(3)(a) of this act; and
- (ii) Environmental justice assessments prepared pursuant to section 14 of this act, only for environmental justice assessments for which there is an associated agency action that is appealable.
- (b) Appeals of environmental justice assessments allowed under (a)(ii) of this subsection must be of the environmental justice assessment together with the

accompanying agency action, as defined in RCW 34.05.010.

- (3) Nothing in this act may be construed to create a new private right of action, other than as described in this section, on the part of any individual, entity, or agency against any state agency.
- (4) Nothing in this act may be construed to expand, contract, or otherwise modify any rights of appeal, or procedures for appeal, under other laws other than the availability of the appeal process described in this section.
- **Sec. 23.** RCW 43.376.020 and 2012 c 122 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- In establishing a government-togovernment relationship with Indian tribes, state agencies must:
- (1) Make reasonable efforts to collaborate with Indian tribes in the development of policies, agreements, and program implementation that directly affect Indian tribes and develop a consultation process that is used by the agency for issues involving specific Indian tribes. Covered agencies, as defined in section 2 of this act, subject to the requirements of chapter 70A.--RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act), must offer consultation with Indian tribes on the actions specified in section 18 of this act;
- (2) Designate a tribal liaison who reports directly to the head of the state agency;
- (3) Ensure that tribal liaisons who interact with Indian tribes and the executive directors of state agencies receive training as described in RCW 43.376.040; and
- (4) Submit an annual report to the governor on activities of the state agency involving Indian tribes and on implementation of this chapter.
- **Sec. 24.** RCW 34.05.030 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 309 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) This chapter shall not apply to:
 - (a) The state militia, or
- (b) The board of clemency and pardons, or $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,2,\ldots \right\}$
- (c) The department of corrections or the indeterminate sentencing review

- board with respect to persons who are in their custody or are subject to the jurisdiction of those agencies.
- (2) The provisions of RCW 34.05.410 through 34.05.598 shall not apply:
- (a) To adjudicative proceedings of the board of industrial insurance appeals except as provided in RCW 7.68.110 and 51.48.131;
- (b) Except for actions pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, to the denial, suspension, or revocation of a driver's license by the department of licensing;
- (c) To the department of labor and industries where another statute expressly provides for review of adjudicative proceedings of a department action, order, decision, or award before the board of industrial insurance appeals;
- (d) To actions of the Washington personnel resources board, the director of financial management, and the department of enterprise services when carrying out their duties under chapter 41.06 RCW;
- (e) To adjustments by the department of revenue of the amount of the surcharge imposed under RCW 82.04.261; ($(\frac{ex}{2})$)
- (f) To actions to implement the provisions of chapter 70A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act), except as specified in section 22 of this act; or
- $\underline{\mbox{(g)}}$ To the extent they are inconsistent with any provisions of chapter 43.43 RCW.
- (3) Unless a party makes an election for a formal hearing pursuant to RCW 82.03.140 or 82.03.190, RCW 34.05.410 through 34.05.598 do not apply to a review hearing conducted by the board of tax appeals.
- (4) The rule-making provisions of this chapter do not apply to:
- (a) Reimbursement unit values, fee schedules, arithmetic conversion factors, and similar arithmetic factors used to determine payment rates that apply to goods and services purchased under contract for clients eligible under chapter 74.09 RCW; and
- (b) Adjustments by the department of revenue of the amount of the surcharge imposed under RCW 82.04.261.

(5) All other agencies, whether or not formerly specifically excluded from the provisions of all or any part of the administrative procedure act, shall be subject to the entire act.

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m NEW}$ SECTION. Sec. 25. Sections 1 through 3, 11 through 18, and 20 through 22 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 70A RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with that are a federal requirements prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state, conflicting part of this act inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and with respect to the agencies directly affected, and this finding does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act in its application to the agencies concerned. Rules adopted under this act must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state."

Correct the title.

Representative Barkis moved the adoption of amendment (694) to the striking amendment (683):

On page 6, line 2, after "TRANSPORTATION." strike "The" and insert "Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the"

Representative Barkis spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Duerr spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (694) to the striking amendment (683) was not adopted.

Representative Goehner moved the adoption of amendment (689) to the striking amendment (683):

On page 9, line 33, after "(4)" strike all material through "must" and insert "The environmental justice assessment obligation of a covered agency for a significant agency action under this section is satisfied by the completion by

the covered agency of a checklist developed by the covered agency that functions akin to the environmental checklist developed by the department of ecology pursuant to chapter 43.21C RCW, and that directs the covered agency to at a minimum"

On page 9, line 38, after "(b)" strike "Use" and insert "Where applicable, use" $\,$

On page 10, line 18, after "(5)" insert "(a)"

On page 10, after line 23, insert the following:

- "(b) A covered agency may include items in the checklist required under subsection (4) of this section that are not specified in subsection (4) of this section.
- (c) The completion of an environmental justice checklist under subsection (4) of this section is not required to be a comprehensive or an exhaustive examination of all potential impacts of a significant agency action and does not require a covered agency to conduct novel quantitative or economic analysis of the proposed significant agency action."

Representatives Goehner and Fitzgibbon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (689) to the striking amendment (683) was adopted.

Representative Fitzgibbon moved the adoption of amendment (686) to the striking amendment (683):

On page 10, line 6, after "(d)" strike "Identify" and insert "Pursuant to the consultation process in section 18 of this act, identify"

On page 15, line 2, after "section must" strike all material through "and must" $\,$

Representatives Fitzgibbon and Dye spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (686) to the striking amendment (683) was adopted.

Representative Dye moved the adoption of amendment (692) to the striking amendment (683):

On page 14, after line 22, insert the following:

"(4) For purposes of informing the legislature so that it may exercise responsible oversight of agency performance with taxpayer funds and to better estimate the funds required to do outreach appropriate to overburdened communities, each covered agency shall report by July 1, 2022, to the office of financial management on the geographical extent of overburdened communities, and the acreage and population within those boundaries, including vulnerable populations. The legislature intends for each covered agency to provide such information to the office of financial management under this section and to the environmental policy committees of the legislature that will allow the public to evaluate whether there has been a reduction in the amount of physical space in Washington that poses heightened risks of environmental harm or the amount of population, populations, including vulnerable residing in areas that experience heightened risk of environmental harm subsequent to the implementation of this chapter."

Representatives Dye and Boehnke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Duerr spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (692) to the striking amendment (683) was not adopted.

Representative Dye moved the adoption of amendment (696) to the striking amendment (683):

On page 14, after line 22, insert the following:

"(4) Each covered agency must identify overburdened communities, as required by section 13 of this act, in such a way that the performance effectiveness of the duties created by this chapter can be measured, including the effectiveness of justice environmental assessments required by section 14 of this act. Each agency covered may identify prioritize overburdened communities as needed to accomplish the purposes of this chapter."

Representatives Dye and Harris-Talley spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (696) to the striking amendment (683) was adopted.

Representative Dye moved the adoption of amendment (688) to the striking amendment (683):

On page 23, after line 3, insert the following:

"(3) A covered agency may not, for the purposes of implementing any of its responsibilities under this chapter, contract with an entity that employs a lobbyist registered under RCW 42.17A.600 that is lobbying on behalf of that entity."

Representatives Dye and Fitzgibbon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Amendment (688) to the striking amendment (683) was adopted.

Striking amendment (683), as amended, was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill, as amended by the House, was placed on final passage.

Representatives Duerr, Lekanoff, Harris-Talley and Shewmake spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Dye, Abbarno, Walsh, Sutherland, Eslick and Klicker spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Lovick presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5141, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5141, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas, 56; Nays, 41; Absent, 0; Excused, 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Bateman, Berg, Bergquist, Berry, Bronoske, Callan, Chopp, Cody, Davis, Dolan, Duerr, Entenman, Fey, Fitzgibbon, Frame, Goodman, Gregerson, Hackney, Hansen, Harris-Talley, J. Johnson, Kirby, Kloba, Leavitt, Lekanoff, Lovick, Macri, Morgan, Ormsby, Ortiz-Self, Orwall, Paul, Peterson, Pollet, Ramel, Ramos, Riccelli, Rule, Ryu, Santos, Sells, Senn, Shewmake, Simmons, Slatter, Springer, Stonier, Sullivan, Taylor, Thai, Tharinger, Valdez, Walen, Wicks, Wylie and Mme. Speaker.

Voting nay: Representatives Abbarno, Barkis, Boehnke, Caldier, Chambers, Chandler, Chapman, Chase, Dent, Dufault, Dye, Eslick, Gilday, Goehner, Graham, Griffey, Harris, Hoff, Jacobsen, Klicker, Klippert, Kraft, Kretz, MacEwen, Maycumber, McCaslin, McEntire, Mosbrucker, Orcutt, Robertson, Rude, Schmick, Steele, Stokesbary, Sutherland, Vick, Volz, Walsh, Wilcox, Ybarra and Young.

Excused: Representative Corry.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5141, as amended by the House, having received the necessary constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION

There being no objection, the Committee on Rules was relieved of the following bills and the bills were placed on the second reading calendar:

SENATE BILL NO. 5225 ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5454 SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5460

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 12:00 p.m., April 11, 2021, the 91st Legislative Day of the Regular Session.

LAURIE JINKINS, Speaker

BERNARD DEAN, Chief Clerk

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